Four Corners

Jack C. Richards · David Bohlke



Workbook



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Jack C. Richards · David Bohlke with Kathryn O'Dell



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Credits

Illustration credits

Kveta Jelinek: 5, 6, 29, 44, 52, 58, 69, 84; Andrew Joyner: 27, 36, 62, 70, 76; Greg Paprocki: 12, 28, 42, 79, 92; Garry Parsons: 21, 30, 45, 59, 67, 83; Rob Schuster: 8, 17, 68; Richard Williams: 9, 25, 39, 51, 63, 73, 91

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Stories in the news

- Match the news sections to the headlines.

 - 2. Singer Wins Music Award
 - 3. Big Storm Coming to New York
 - 4. Food Can Make You Sick
 - 5. Big Company Closes ____
 - 6. Soccer Player Makes Six Goals __
 - 7. Cheap Vacations in Australia
- Circle TWO stories that would be in each news section.
 - 1. Lifestyle
 - (a) a story about a new restaurant that people are going to
 - b. a story about a new cell phone and how it works
 - c. a story about what people like to do on weekends
 - 2. Local
 - a. a story about a school and its students
 - b. a story about problems in a small town
 - c. a story about a singer's tour around the world
 - 3. World
 - a. a story about a storm in seven countries
 - b. a story about companies around the world
 - c. a weather report for San Diego, California

- a. Travel
- b. Entertainment
- c. Sports
- d. Technology / Science
- e. Health
- f. Weather
- g. Business

Look at the chart. Then write sentences about the people. Use the past continuous and the present continuous.

Name	When the storm started	Right now
Melvin	work on his computer	watch the storm
Tim	read a good book	finish the book
Susana	drive to Austin	visit her friends there
Emma	shop	take the bus home
Mr. and Mrs. Lee	walk to the park	sit at home
Shelly and Frank	ride their bikes	eat at a restaurant

1.	When the storm started, Melvin was working	on his computer . Now he is watching the storm	Į .
2.	Tim	Now	
3.	Susana	Now	
4.	Emma	Now	
5.	Mr. and Mrs. Lee	Now	
6.	Shelly and Frank	. Now	

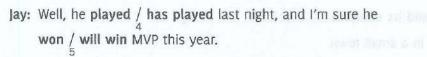
Circle the correct verb forms to complete the conversation.

Jay: Did you hear about what happened last night? Jorge Morena makes /(made)six goals in the game!

Becky: Wow! Did you see it on TV?

Jay: No, but I read / 'm reading about it in the paper today.

Becky: But wait. Morena hasn't played / didn't play since he hurt his leg last year.



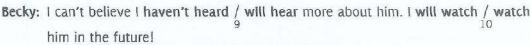
Becky: MVP? What's that?

Jay: It means / is meaning Most Valuable Player. It's the award for the best player on the team.

Becky: Hmm . . . MVP after only one good game?

Jay: No, he is / was a great player before he hurt his leg. He has had / had a great career for more than ten years, and he's still great!

him in the future!



KSmart: Personal Tech Review

by Justin Wilson

The new cell phone, KSmart by SMT,	is (be) in
stores today. I	(think) it's a pretty good
phone for the money. The KSmart	(have) a
lot of great features, like its very small ca	
the phone, the JSmart,	(not have) a
camera. The KSmart	(come) with many
great applications, and the company	
classes in the future on how to use all of	
SMT (give) me	a phone to test last week
SMT (give) me	(be) a few problems. For example, the
Internet (not w	work) in all areas. The company has said they
9 (fix) the proble	vork) in all areas. The company has said they
10	
Even with a few problems, I think the KS	mart (be) SMT's
most popular phone this year. The JSmar	t (not be) a great
phone, but the KSmart	(be) fantastic!
10	
	constitutive of the second of objects 1 - of grows
Answer the questions with your own informat	tion. Use complete sentences.
Example: My favorite restaurant is Taco	
	ET has a sweet with the of value made site dailer is stoned to
	1000
	rve? <u>de anna allegada near allegada e el</u> en escabalación de c
	P. J. State Programs 2
When was the last time you went? What of	did you eat?

7. What other foods have you eaten there?

8. Will you eat there again soon?

I totally agree.

I couldn'	t agree with you more.	I'm not sure about that.	
1. Diana:	Hey, Joe. Did you hear abo	out the water problem in Clinton?	
Joe:	I read about it yesterday.	don't think it's a big problem.	
Diana:	COMMENTAL SOCIAL VENDO SE PROPERTO DE COMPANO.		
	It seems pretty awful to n	ne.	
I'm not s	sure that's really true.	I totally agree.	
2. Yawen:	This radio program is gre	at. I think the radio is the best w	vay to get news
Vicky			7
200	Really?		

Henry: Look at this, Laura. Josh Grobin will be at the Music Center on Friday.

Laura: Let's go hear him! He's a great singer.

Vicky: I think getting news on the Internet is better. You can listen to it or read it.

I feel exactly the same way.

Henry: _______ , I love his music.

Complete the conversations with your own ideas. Use some of the expressions from the boxes in Exercise 1.

Example: I couldn't agree with you more.

I don't know about that.

Friend: I think pollution is the biggest problem in our city.

2. Friend: I think the best way to get the news is on TV.

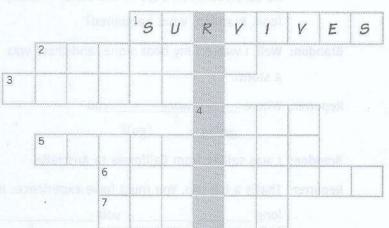
3. Friend: Let's go to a Lady Gaga concert. She's the best singer!

You:



Survival stories

- Complete the puzzle with the correct verbs that complete the headlines. What's the mystery word?
 - 1. Man _____ Three Days in Ocean
 - 2. Plane ___ into Zoo No Animals Hurt
 - 3. Mountain Lion Hiker Hiker Survives
 - 4. Dog _____ Boy Up Tree
 - 5. Car _____ No One Hurt
 - 6. Storm Coming ____ Local Beach
 - 7. Lightning Hits House But _____ New Library



Write the correct headline from Exercise 1 under each picture.



1. Storm Coming - Threatens Local Beach 2.





3.



	st, the past continuous, the present perfect, or the	
Reporter:	Today, I'm speaking with Brandon Nelson.	
	He survived three days in the ocean without	
	food. Brandon, what happened?	
Brandon:	Well, I was on my boat alone, and there was a storm.	
Reporter:	Where were you going (go)?	
Brandon:	I was sailing from California to Australia.	
Reporter:	That's a big trip. You must have experience. How long you	
	I've sailed since I was a child.	
Reporter:	What you	(do) when the storm hit?
	I was preparing the boat for the storm, but it was wave overturned the boat. The boat broke into p	s too late. Suddenly a big
	How you 4 At first, I didn't think I would survive. But I found ocean, and I held onto it.	(survive)?
Reporter:	: What you	(eat)?
	5 5 1 didn't eat! I found some bottles of water in the boat in the storm.	
Reporter:	: Wow! You drank only water for three days! So fin	
Brandon:	: Well, of course, I was very, very happy!	
Reporter:	you ever	(go) on a boat again?
	: Oh, yes. I hurt my arm, but as soon as it's bette	
Reporter	: What you	(do) differently?
	: Well, I probably won't go alone again.	
Reporter:	: That's a good idea! Well, Brandon, thank you for	telling us your story.

Ms. Rivera:	So, have you been here before ?	
	(you / be / here before)	
Ms. Hill:	No, I haven't. It's my first time here.	
Ms. Rivera:	Well,? (how / you / hear / about us)	
Ms. Hill:	My friend Sandra Bern told me about you.	
	Wonderful. So,	
Ms. Hill:	I'm feeling sick to my stomach.	
	I'm sorry.	7
	(when / you / get / sick)	
Ms. Hill:	I got sick last week.	
Ms. Rivera:	to receipt the cost from any kind with	_?
	(you / be / to another doctor before today)	
Ms. Hill:	No, I haven't.	
Ms. Rivera:		_ ?
	(you / take / any medication) ⁶	
Ms. Hill:	No, I'm not taking anything.	
Ms. Rivera:	OK, thank you. The doctor will see you soon. Oh,	
	pulse among to di Amerika nasayi sa anti sa 115 kara mata ya ka	_ ?
	(how / you / pay / today)	
Ms. Hill:	I'll pay with a credit card if that's OK.	
Read the si	tuations. Then answer the questions with your own ideas.	
	I close the windows, and I turn on the radio.	
1. There is	a big storm and you are at home. What do you do?	and malf unlings from self-faces . L
2. A bear i	s chasing you. What are you doing?	I was the migrate of west T
	e been lost in the mountains for two days. You have a little you survive?	
	threatened a beach last week. You are at the beach today. C	

Creating news

Read the article. Write what the letters mean.		
4. INDIA	O CMC	

SMS NEWS

JASMINE NEWS (JNW) gives people in Sri Lanka, an island country south of India, a new way to get news. It sends news headlines to people in text messages on their cell phones. The text messages are short and give people information about important events. JNW is getting news to people faster than radio, television, and even the Internet.

SMS stands for "Short Message Service," and it's the system used for text messages. JNW started in 2006, and then in 2007, JNW started working with a phone company to send SMS news. It was the first company in Sri Lanka, and one of the first companies in Asia, to use SMS news. JNW is using new technology and working with phone services so that people can get the news with any type of phone. Although SMS news is shorter than other types of news stories, JNW has high standards. They want all of their headlines to be correct and neutral. They check all information with at least three sources, like different people and newspapers. If they make a mistake, they quickly send a text with the correct information.



JNW feels the most important part of their service is sharing the news, opinions, and experiences of Sri Lanka's citizens. They report news about what citizens want and need. They have journalists who report the news in three languages – Sinhala and Tamil, two of the languages spoken in Sri Lanka, and English. JNW also uses citizen journalists and gets some news from everyday citizens.

It does cost money to get SMS news, but JNW thinks it's important that anyone who wants it can get it. They have a pay-what-you-can program for people who can't afford the regular price.

100000								
1	Read	the	text	again.	Then	answer	the	questions.

- 1. How do people get news from JNW?
- 2. When did JNW start sending SMS news?
- 3. What does JNW do to make sure headlines are correct?
- 4. What does JNW do if they make a mistake?
- 5. In what languages does JNW report the news?

on their cell p	hones / in text messages
	a best and a section of
A STATE OF THE STA	The state of the s
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Communicating

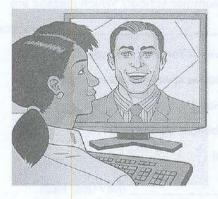


Language learning

- Put the letters in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1. hatwc/ioneln/devio/pclsi/.
 - 2. lkta/ot/ersyluof/uot/dlou/.
 - 3. peek/a/arvcaloyub/nbekooot/.
 - 4. hwtac/smveoi/tiwh/tssliutbe/.
 - 5. Ikta/twhi/eavtni/apsersek/.
 - 6. emka/hlsfa/dscar/.

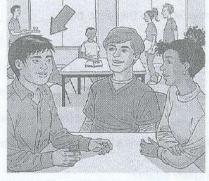
Watch	online vide	eo clips.	20 39	

- Look at the pictures. Write sentences with language-learning tips.



1. She watches online video

clips.



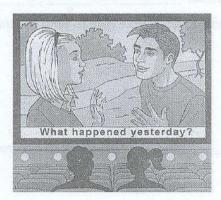
2. _____



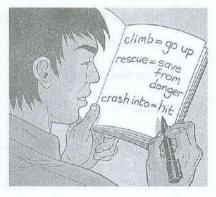
3. _____

P'M LEARNING ENGLISH.

4. ____



5. _____



6. _____

3	Check (✓) the correct sentences. Then change the sentences that are NOT correct to the present perfect.						
	1. I've been knowing Tom for ten years. <u>I've known Tom for ten years.</u>						
	2. 🗹 Jill has been keeping a vocabulary notebook recently.						
	3. We've been driving this car for about two years.						
	4. Lola has been owning her bicycle for a long time.						
	5. Su Ho hasn't been belonging to our club very long.						
	6. 🗌 I've been watching online video clips all day						
	7. They have never been believing my story.						
	8. How long have you been waiting here?						
4	Complete the email with the present perfect continuous. Use the words in parentheses.						
	Hi Rafa, Have you been having you taking? I'm not taking summer classes this year, but						
	P.S (I / take) a lot of pictures. Look at the streetcar!						

S Look at the chart. Then answer the questions.

	Talks with native speakers	Watches online video clips in English	Keeps a vocabulary notebook
Tina	/	V	V
Caroline		V	/
Marcos	V		V
Andrew	/		

- 1. Has Tina been watching online videos in English?

 2. Have Tina and Marcos been keeping vocabulary notebooks?

 3. Has Caroline been talking with native speakers?

 4. Has Marcos been talking with native speakers?

 5. Have Marcos and Andrew been watching online videos in English?

 6. Has Andrew been keeping a vocabulary notebook?
- 6 Look at the answers. Write the questions. Use the underlined words to help you.
 - 1. A: What have you been studying?
 - B: I've been studying English.
 - 2. A: _____
 - B: I've been studying English for five years.
 - 3. A:
 - B: I've been taking classes at Monroe Language School.
 - 4. A:
 - B: I've been practicing English by reading in English.
 - - B: I've been reading magazines lately.
- Answer the questions with your own information. Use complete sentences.

Example: Yes, I have. I've been studying English for three years.

- 1. Have you been studying English for very long? How long?
- 2. Have you been reading in English? What have you been reading recently?
- 3. Has your teacher been giving you homework lately? How much?

One possibility is . . .

1	Rea	d each se	entence. Then write E (expressing interest) or O (offering options).
	1. (One poss	bility is reading a lot of books and magazinesO
	2. 1	How abou	it watching movies with subtitles?
	3. I	'm trying	to find a way to improve my vocabulary
			sted in improving my listening comprehension
			t want to consider a local newspaper or the Internet.
			ng for a conversation group.
			A Has Camiline Deen tailding will native speakers!
2	Con	nplete the	e conversations with the sentences from Exercise 1.
	Α.	Albert:	What are you doing, Julia?
		Julia:	I'm looking for a conversation group
			I thought there might be information in this magazine.
		Albert:	Hmm I don't know if you'll find information
			on a conversation group in a magazine.
		Julia:	I'll try the Internet! Thanks.
	В.	Ji Ah:	Excuse me, Dana. Can you help me?
		Dana:	Sure, Ji Ah. dondez suguenas entrem as sessalo grisis need svir as
		Ji Ah:	I wrote the word very in my paper too many times.
			a 1 w been practicing a residue to the control of the last the las
		Dana:	You can learn
			new words and write them in a notebook.
		Ji Ah:	Hey, that's a great idea.
	c.	Mг. Wei:	So, Atakan, how can I help you today?
			Well, I listen to
			English music, but my listening skills aren't getting better.
		Mr. Wei:	I'm not surprised. Music is difficult to understand.
			? Try to listen
			first, and then read the subtitles if you still don't understand what you heard.
		Atakan:	That's a good idea, Mr. Wei. Thank you.

Have her text me.

Complete the conversations with the phrases from the box.

d	all my on't ch	the phone left her a voice message mother back let the call go to voice mail respond to an email my text	screen my calls turn off my phone update your status online
A.	Kim:	Well, if you think the job interview went well, you .	
	Doug:	Sorry, Kim. My phone is ringing.	ing Republication
	Kim:	Could you please <u>let the call go to voice mail</u>	
		You can call the person back after dinner.	100 II (10 A) A A A A A A A A A
	Doug:	No! I really have to2 It might be about the job.	
В.	Hiro:	Is Wendy coming to the party on Friday?	
	Eric:	I don't know. She	and the year of ment of the state of the sta
		Hmm Well, maybe she would	
			Light of relieu denotes etterni etriew mili see
c.	Jen:	I'll be right back, Mike. I have to	Street A constraint on the Street Street I
			nad en Bergeral, med vag bledd
		£\or\bid\si	
	Mike:	That was fast.	
	len:	She didn't answer the phone, so I	1. varipulary / pain / me / bala / new
D.		I could never work at home. How do you get so mu	2
			, and I only answer calls about work.
	Nyic.	And I	until the end of the day.
	Lilly:	Really? I check mine every five minutes!	A hits and special residence in the A
	Kyle:	Not me. And if I'm really busy, I	

I also don't use the Internet. I mean, I only use it for work!

Lilly: Wow. You're really dedicated. When do you ___

Kyle: I usually update it in the evening.

Answer the questions with your own information. Use complete sentences.

Example: People should turn off their cell phones in restaurants because other people don't want to hear them talking.

- 1. Do you think people should turn off their cell phones in restaurants? Why or why not?
- 2. How often do you check your voice mail?
- 3. What else can you do on your cell phone?
- 4. Do you screen your calls on your cell phone? When?



- 5. Have you answered your phone in class recently? What happened?
- 6. Do you think there is ever a good reason to ignore a text? If yes, when?

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- have / Would / Jenny / call me / tomorrow / you / ?
 Would you have Jenny call me tomorrow?
- 2. them / to the party / ask / you / come / Did / to /?
- 3. vocabulary / learn / me / help / new / you / Will /?
- 4. phone / her / let / use / me / today / Mindy / .
- 5. his / to / soccer game / go / invited us / to / Dan / .
- 6. going / take the bus / Are / make / to / you / them / ?
- 7. be / tell / to / Don't / quiet / me / !
- 8. next week / remind / I'll / to / the information / email / you / .

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in parentheses. Paula, Thanks for staying with Lisa and Mark. Here are a few reminders: Remind Lisa to take out (take out) the garbage. Help Mark (do) his homework every night. You can let Lisa and Mark (have) friends at the house, but only on the weekends. Mark invited his soccer coach (come) for dinner on Friday. You can order Chinese food. Have Lisa or Mark ____ (call) me every night! Make them (go) to bed by 10:00 p.m. If you can't find something, ask Lisa (help) you. Oh, and tell them (clean) the house before I get home. 1 Yasmin Circle the correct word to complete each sentence. 1. Could you(ask)/ have Tom to respond to my email? Larry won't invite / let me help him with his homework. 3. Have they been helping / asking you make flash cards? 4. Mary made / invited me to join her conversation group. 5. Please let / tell Jenna to update her online status. Mr. Kent has been making / telling his students keep vocabulary notebooks. 7. Did the teachers remind / have the students turn off their cell phones? Answer the questions with your own information. Use a verb followed by an object and another base verb or infinitive. Example: Yes, I have. I helped my grandfather respond to an email. 1. Have you ever helped someone with a computer problem? Who? 2. Have you ever let someone help you with a problem? What problem? 3. Have you ever told someone not to call you? Who?

D

Modern communication

Read the article. What is the text capital of the world?

TEXT IT TO ME!

The first text message was sent in 1992, and texting has become extremely popular since that time. There are about 6.7 billion people in the world, and in 2009, about 6.8 billion text messages were sent every day, it's a popular way to communicate around the world.

The United States

Text messaging is getting more popular in the United States. In the past, it was popular with people ages 13 to 22, but today, many older people are sending texts, too. People use it to communicate with friends, and it's being used for business, too. Some airlines are sending text messages to people to remind them to check in for their flights.

Japan, China, and South Korea
Japan was one of the first countries to use
taxt messages as a way to communicate.
People still use it, but now sending email on
phones is more popular. In China, sending
taxt messages is the most popular way to
communicate. It's cheaper than talking on
the phone. There's a problem in China with
"spam" texts. These are unwanted messages
sent to a lot of people at the same time. It
has been a problem with email in many
countries for a long time, but in China, it's

pead the text again. Then write the country.

now a problem with text messages, too.
Many South Koreans use text messaging,
and some of the fastest texters are from
South Korea. In 2010, Yeong-Ho Bae and
Mok-Min Ha won a contest in New York for
the world's fastest texters.

Finland

In Finland, there are text-messaging game shows on TV. People watch TV and get quiz questions. They send the answers to the TV station by text. The person who texts the most correct answers wins!

The Philippines

Some people call the Philippines the text capital of the world. Over 67 million people in the Philippines have cell phones, and texting is very popular because it is cheap and rehable. People even use text messaging for sharing their opinions about politics and the news.

1000	were the same about the same are account.	
	1. Yeong-Ho is one of the fastest texters in the world.	South Korea
	2. Texting is used for quiz shows.	
	3. People text each other about politics.	
	4. You can get a text with flight information.	

This country was one of the first to use text messages
 to communicate.

6. Getting sparn texts is a problem.

Food



Street food

Complete the recipes with the correct verbs for food preparation.

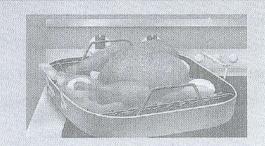
EASY DUMPLINGS



Fill the dough with chicken or beef.

Boil the dumplings for them for about 20 minutes. Serve them right away with a good soup.

Fantastic Chicken



Put chicken, small potatoes, and carrots in a pan. Ba_____ or r____ them for about one hour and 30 minutes. Serve with a green salad.

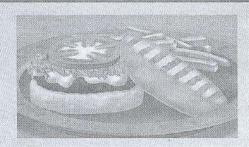
SIMPLE STIR-FRY



Cut up the chicken and put it with vegetables and soy sauce in a hot pan.

F_______ them for 10 to 12 minutes. To enjoy the stir-fry the next day, m______ it for one minute on high.

Super Burgers



	Circle the correct words to complete each sentence.
	1. Hot dogs on the streets in New York City.
	(a) are sold b. are sell c. sells
	2. They by hundreds of people.
	a. are buying b. are bought c. bought
	3. The hot dogs , not fried.
	a. boils b. is boiled c. are boiled
	4. Water by vendors, too.
	a. are sold b. is sold c. is selling
	5. The bottles of water in cold water.
	a. is kept b. are keeping c. are kept
	6. The hot dog carts at the end of each day.
	a. is moved b. are moving c. are moved
E.	Read the sentences. Write A (active) or P (passive).
-	Five different desserts are served at my favorite restaurantP
	2. The vegetables are steamed, but the fish is fried
	3. They make the soup at the restaurant, and they serve it with a salad
	4. The fruit is served cold on ice cream
	5. The chef grills chicken and beef at your table
	6. The hot dogs for the company parties are bought from a vendor
	7. The waiter makes the salad at your table
	8. The cooks fry the empanadas in the morning, and they microwave them before
	serving
	9. He bakes the cake for 40 minutes
4	Change the active sentences in Exercise 3 to the present passive.
-	1The soup is made at the restaurant, and it is served with a salad.
	2. In the second reduce subsection where reduced the second secon
	4.
	5.

MARTY'S FINE FOOD

Come to our new restaurant on Maple Street.

- You'll love our exotic menu! The seafood is local.

 It is brought (bring) to our restaurant three times a week.
- Our bread ______ (bake) fresh every morning.
- Our vegetables ______ (grow)
 on local, organic farms.
- Breakfast ______ (serve) from 8:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.
- Lunch and dinner _____ (serve) all day.
- Prices _____ (list) on our website.

 See www.martysfinefood/cup.com.

Answer the questions with your own ideas. Write complete sentences with the present passive.

Example: Hamburgers and dumplings are often fried.

- 1. What are two foods that are often fried?
- 2. What are three foods that are served at your favorite restaurant?
- 3. What is one food that is often melted on hamburgers?
- 4. What are two foods that are boiled?
- 5. What is one food that is baked?
- 6. What is one food that is steamed?

Sounds good to me.

Write the conversation in the correct order.

Then if I were you, I'd get the lamb chops.

That's a good idea.

I know. What are you going to have?

OK. I think I'll do that. Why don't you get the lamb chops, too?

√This new restaurant is great. There are so many things on the menu.

Why don't you try the cheese ravioli?

1 (1992) - 1 (1992) -	CARTON SERVICES
erything looks good. I have no idea what to get.	
o, I had pasta for lunch.	madell or lac 003
with Re-turing	
Stirllew Top For Gat)	* Provide

Complete the conversation with the phrases from the box and food from the menu.

Sounds good to me. My recommendation would be to . . .

MARTY'S FINE FOOD

Main Dishes

Lamb Chops \$21.00 Cheese Ravioli \$13.00 Baked Fish \$16.00 Grilled Steak \$16.00

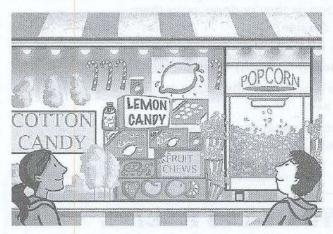
Friend: Everything looks good. I don't know what to get.

You:

Friend:

Mix and bake

Circle the correct words to complete the conversations.

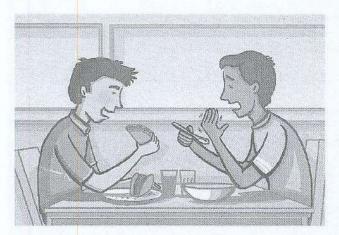


Mei: Do you want a pretzel? They're really chewy / sweet.

Lori: No, thanks. I think they're bland / sticky. They don't have any taste.

Mei: How about a chocolate cookie? They're salty / sweet.

Lori: That sounds great, thanks.



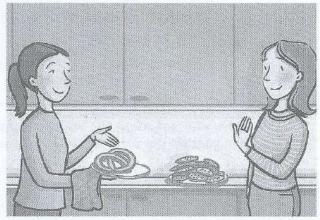
Luz: Let's get popcorn. OK?

Gi Woo: No, it's too (salty) / sour. How about some lemon candy?

Luz: That's too creamy / sour for me! Cotton candy?

Gi Woo: Too crunchy / sticky. How about the

Luz: Great. They're juicy / salty and wonderful!



Ming: Do you like the chili?

Raul: Well, it's really creamy / crunchy, but it's too bland / spicy for me. I mean, it tastes good, but it has too much red pepper in it! How are the tacos?

Ming: They're great. They're chewy / crunchy, and they're not spicy at all.

Write the cooking directions in the correct order on the recipe card. Do the rice first. Then do the beans.

Rice

After it boils, cover the pan and turn down the heat.

Cook it for 15 more minutes or until the water is gone.

✓ Put the water and rice in a pan.
Once it is cooked, put it in a bowl until the beans are finished.

Then cook the rice until it boils.

4

Beans

As soon as they're done, pour them over the rice.

Then turn down the heat, and boil the beans for about 1½ hours.

Once it boils, add the beans and a little salt.

Put some water in a pan, and heat it until it boils.

RUTH'S RICE AND BEANS RECIPE

INGREDIENTS FOR RICE:

350 ml water 225 grams rice

INGREDIENTS FOR BEANS:

1 liter water 500 grams red beans salt

Before you cook, clean the beans and put them in cold water for 8 to 12 hours. Then pour off the water and put the beans in the refrigerator.

To start cooking, make the rice.

1. Put the water and	d rice in a pan.		
2.			
4.	Astronomy and the second		
5.			
While the rice is cookin	g, start the beans.		
6.	alus est e e		
7.			
8.			
9.			
Serve hot.			

Circle the correct words to complete the email.

Subject: Your new restaurant

Hi Elsa,

It's great that you're opening a restaurant. My restaurant has been very successful this year, and I'd be happy to give you advice. Here are a few tips:

- Before / After you make any decisions, see how much money you have for the restaurant.
- Before / After you know how much you'll spend, find the place for your restaurant.
- As soon as / Until you find the place, make the big decisions, like what color to paint the walls.
- You can decide on the smaller things once / before the big decisions are made.
- I'm sure you have an idea about what kind of food you want to serve. Don't make the menus as soon as / until you have tried all of the recipes! I put chicken satay on my menu once / before I made it, and it wasn't very good. I had to change all of my menus!

There is a lot more to tell you. Let's talk on the phone soon, and I can give you more advice.

Marty

Write a simple recipe for a food you know. Use time clauses with some of the words in the box.

after	as soon as	before	once	until	
DISH	1:				
	REDIENTS:		***		
DIRE	ECTIONS:				
F					
-					
				Autor I	use outsides with most record themself of
			Much	Source dick	parts a Assente with the product of the buyes of the
ф					The state of the s

Chocolate!

- Read the article. How long do you have to wait before you can eat the cake?
 - a. 20 minutes
- b. 40 minutes
- c. 60 minutes

www.yourrecines/cup.com

Ch
by Ma

Chocolate Dream Cake

by Mari Park

A delicious cake that's easy to make

225 grams flour 225 grams sugar 75 grams cocoa powder 1 teaspoon baking soda 1 tablespoon butter, melted 80 ml oil 250 ml cold water

Before you add the liquids, mix the dry ingredients together. Once they are mixed, add the butter and oil. Pour the cold water into the mixture and stir. Bake in a round pan for 40 minutes. Let cool for 20 minutes before you serve it.

COMMENTS:

+ Post a comment

DiPeters26 This cake was easy to make, and it was delicious! I added a chocolate sauce over the top of the cake. Delicious!

Marcos I made this cake, and I thought it was too bland. It needs a little salt. And DiPeters26, can you give me your sauce recipe?

DiPeters26 Sure, MarcosG. Mix 225 grams of powdered sugar, 2 teaspoons of butter, 1 teaspoon of vanilla, 200 grams of cocoa, and 125 ml of milk. Boil together until sauce starts to get thick. Then cool and pour over cake.

KloveCook I tried this recipe, but the cake was too dry. Next time, I might add more butter. I think I'll try DiPeters26's chocolate sauce, too.

MTP1987 This cake was great! My only problem was that it was too small. The next time, I doubled the recipe and baked it in two pans. My family loves this cake!

OTHER RECIPES:

Double Chocolate
Cake
Apple Gobbler
Mini Chocolate
Cookies
Chocolate Surprise
Cocoa Cream Puffs
Fasy Frosting

VIDEOS:

How to Make
Healthy Desserts
How to Sift Flour
Where to Buy Good
Chocolate

- 1. For the cake, you add the butter last. __F__
- 2. You boil the water before you add it. _____
- 3. MarcosG doesn't want the chocolate sauce recipe.
- 4. KloveCook hasn't tried DiPeters26's chocolate sauce yet. _____

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5. MTP1987 made the cake more than once. _____

Behavior



The right thing to do

1	Ma	itch th	e two parts	of.	each phrase.				
	1.	give_	b	ã.	in line	5. offer	2100	e.	litter
	2.	keep		b.	someone a gift	6. admit		f.	a mistake
	3,	cut _		Ć.	someone waiting	7. drop		g.	someone your seat
	4.	talk_	-	d.	loudly in public	8. give		h.	someone a compliment
2	Co	mplete	e each conv	ersa	ition with a kind of p	olite or Imp	olite behav	vior.	
	1.	A: Ex	cuse me, y	он с	an't cut in line				_ 105-21 1789
		t v	vas here fir	st.			C	1	
		B: Oh	, I'm sorry.	l di	dn't see you.		12		AND SA AND
	2.	A: You	u should _		that	woman		Los	A A STATE OF THE S
			_		She has a lot o	f bags.	7	1	
		B: Go	od idea. I i	ion'	t mind standing on t	he subway,	and		A SOUTH THE STATE OF THE STATE
			e needs th				800	1 -2	
	3.				7				
		on	the street	It's	not good for the en	vironment.			
		B: Ve	ah, you're	ight	, i'll pick it up.				
	4.				n't			_ on	your cell phone.
			It's impolite. I'm trying to listen to the music.						
					other place to talk.				
	5.			er_				te alv	vays says
			's right.		CAR 6300 - 301				
					really wrong this tim				
	6.				es, do you		a friend _		
		for	the Fourth	of.	July?				
		B: No	, but if you	go	to a Fourth of July p	arty, you co	uld take so	ome i	food.

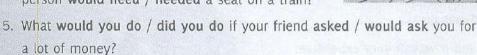
Complete the interview with the correct sentences from the box.

✓And what would you do if something bad happened? I guess I'd like to be an astronaut! No, I wouldn't. What would you do if someone got sick? What would you do if you weren't a pilot? Reporter: I'm talking to pilot Tonya Hitchcock, So, Captain Hitchcock, have you ever been in a dangerous situation? Tonya: No, I really haven't. Reporter: And what would you do if something bad happened? Tonya: Well, I'd stay calm and try to find a solution. Reporter: That's a good plan. Now, has anyone ever gotten really sick on the plane? Tonya: No, not on one of my flights. Reporter: Would you turn the plane around? Tonya: First, I'd ask if there were a doctor on the plane! Reporter: That's a good idea. One last question. Tonya: Hmm . . . another job? _ Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. 1. be angry / I'd / someone / If / cut in line / in front of me, / . If someone cut in line in front of me, I'd be anary. 2. in the library, / ask them to be quiet / people / were talking too loudly / If / I'd / . 3. If / I kept / "I'm sorry." / someone waiting / say, / I'd 4. I'd / if / be happy / gave me / a compliment, / someone / . 5. were dropping litter / What / if / would you do / your friend / out of your car / ?

6. you say / your parents / gave you / If / what / a lot of money, / would /?

How polite are you?

- 1. What would you do / did you do if your friend would talk / were talking loudly at a movie?
- If you would see / saw someone drop litter on the ground, what would you say / did you say?
- 3. If you would like / liked a stranger's jacket, would you give / you gave him or her a compliment?
- 4. What would you do / did you do if an elderly person would need / needed a seat on a train?



- 6. If you make / made a mistake, did you admit / would you admit it?
- 7. If you are / were impatient to get your concert ticket, would you cut / did you cut in line?
- 8. What would you do / did you do if someone would want / wanted directions to a place in your town?



O	Answer th	e questions from Exercise 5 with your own information.	
	Example:	I'd feel embarrassed, but I wouldn't say anything.	
	1	Aspel sits	restly said.
	2		CAN CHARLES A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE P
	3		Seeks at those was an easen
	4	and other breezing BOD althought at the co-	
	5	Minimum and the angula and	water and the same and
	6		
	7		

I didn't realize that.

. It's the	custom	to leave a tip.				
. Oh, I d		k	that.			
. 0h, r		? I wasn't a	of that.			
. You're	S	to pay the waiter.				
. Really?	I didn't r	that.				
. You're	e	to leave 15 to 20 p	percent of the amount on			
the che	eck.					
ometime	the conversation wits s more than one ans This food was great		cise 1.			
ae Wan:	I agree, and it was It's \$24, so that's \$	n't very expensive. \$12 for me, and \$12				
	for you.	er blues peter 1953am +				
Tracey:	We need to give me	ore than \$24.				
	It's the custom i	to leave a tip .				
	You know, some m	oney for the waiter.				
ae Wan:		2	. We only do			
	that in fancy restaurants in South Korea. Should we leave \$26?					
Tracey:	No. That's not enou	ıgh.				
'ae Wan:		3	Let's leave			
ac wall.	20 percent. The wa	aiter was great	. Let's leave			
Tracove	OK. How much is the	-				
			ive 600 00 and Leve bee			
ae Wan:	Let's see 20 percent of \$24 is \$4.80, so it's \$28.80 total. Let's just give \$30. Do we pay at the front of the restaurant?					
	Comment Section in Proceedings	NOTE: OF STATE OF THE STATE OF STATE OF THE	urant!			
	No	5	*			
Tracey:						

Doing things differently

Cross out the word that doesn't belong in each list.

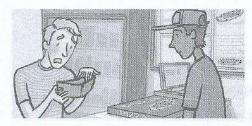
1. make:	a request	an excuse	a favor
2. offer:	an apology	a request	an explanation
3. ask for:	an explanation	a favor	a compromise
4. accept:	an opinion	an apology	a compliment
5. turn down:	a request	an invitation	an excuse

Circle the correct word(s) to complete each conversation.

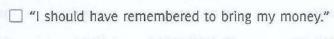
- 1. A: Jack told me he liked my new haircut.
 - B: Really? He doesn't accept / give compliments often.
- 2. A: I think there's too much pollution in this city.
 - B: Really? I disagree with / agree with your opinion. It's much cleaner than a lot of cities that I've visited.
- 3. A: Thanks for helping me with my homework.
 - B: No problem. I'm happy to return / ask for the favor. Remember that you helped me last week!
- 4. A: I don't know if we'll ever agree. You want a lot of things I don't want.
 - B: Well, let's try to suggest / reach a compromise.
- 5. A: Did you accept / turn down Mark's invitation to dinner?
 - B: Yes, I did. I have to stay home with the kids that night.
- 6. A: Jenny kept me waiting for an hour yesterday.
 - B: Did you ask her for / offer her an explanation?
 - A: Yes, I did. She said she had to stay late at work to finish a report.
- 7. A: I'd like to turn down / make a request for a window seat.
 - B: No problem, sir. You can sit in seat 14F. That's a window seat. Enjoy your flight.

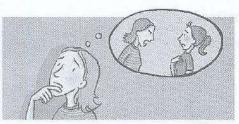


Sook at the pictures. Check (√) TWO possible sentences for each picture.



1.	V	"	shouldn't hav	e lent	my	sister	all	my	money	
		"	could have b	ought	two	pizzas	5."			



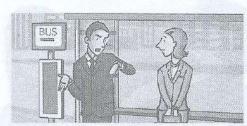


2.

"It would have been best to apologize."

"I would have stayed home."

"I shouldn't have gotten so upset."



3.

"I should have taken the subway."

"I could have driven to work today."

"I wouldn't have stayed home today."

Write sentences with the words in parentheses and past modals.

1. (1/	shouldn't /	borrow / Julie's car)	
	ما ما المالية		

I shouldn't have borrowed Julie's car

2. (What / could / I / do / differently)

3. (I / could / take / the bus)



6. (She / would / see / the stop sign)

7. (Should / I / offer to pay Julie / to fix the car)

8. (What / would / you / do)



Complete the letters with the correct form of the word pairs in the box.

Dear Henr My wife w	as really upset last night. She made a nice dinner, and I said that it was cold.
	erstand why she got so angry. It was cold! Whatshould
I <u>have do</u>	1
Dear Conf	used in Chicago,
Your wife	made you a nice dinner. You her
a complim	
You	it to make it hot enough! —Henry Helpe
ould / do	should / talk would / reach wouldn't / get
The second second	
Dear Henr	y Helper,
My roomn	nate and I often disagree. Last week, we argued about keeping the kitchen
clean. We'r	re not talking to each other now. What we
ore entro la Marie de la com-	differently? –Angry Anita
Dear Angr	y Anita,
1	so upset. You and your roommate
	about the problem quietly. It's important
for roomm	ates to work together, so Ia
compromis	se. Try to stay relaxed the next time you don't agree. A dirty kitchen isn't a
good reaso	on to lose a friend! -Henry Helper

D) Ac

Acts of kindness

Read the article. In what places does the Random Acts of Kindness Foundation try to inspire kindness?

Something to THINK ABOUT



The Random Acts of Kindness Foundation is an organization that inspires people to be kind. It started in 1995, and its goal is to spread kindness. The people of the Foundation want us to be kind to others. And if someone is kind to you, they want you to "pay it forward" by doing something nice for someone else. Their website gives people ideas on how to be kind in schools and at work.

People post ideas on the Foundation website about ways to be kind. Several people have posted ways they are kind at work. A manager at a company in Texas brings cake to work for each employee's birthday. A manager at a company in California had a "Not-Going-Away" pizza party. She said that they used to celebrate only when people left the company. She decided to have a "Not-Going-Away" party for the employees who worked there and didn't leave. It was fun, and the employees felt appreciated. Another manager in Illinois bought a vacation apartment for her employees. They get points for good things

they do at work, and each weekend one of her 45 employees uses the apartment. They take family or friends for a weekend vacation.

Some companies inspire employees to do kind things for each other. One company has "Secret Pals." Each employee fills out information about his or her interests and hobbies, and the information is given to another employee who is their "Secret Pal." The Secret Pal does kind things for the other person, like giving them gifts or kind notes. The employees know the person they are doing kind things for, but they don't know who is doing kind things for them. Another company in Iowa sold bags of candy and flowers to their employees. The employees bought the candy and flowers and gave them to each other. It was a way for employees to give each other small gifts to say thank you. The company made over \$700. They could have kept the money, but they "paid it forward," and gave the money to a charity.

2	Read the text again. Then check () the items that are random acts of	kindness
	mentioned in the reading.	

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- 1.

 posting ideas on a website
- 2. bringing cake for people's birthdays
- 3. \square having a Not-Going-Away party for employees
- 4.

 going on vacation
- 5. giving a small gift to someone at work
- 6. giving money to charity

Travel and tourism



Complete Wendy's notes about her vacation. Use the correct words from the box.

culturally diverse densely populated fun-loving

highly educated high-tech open-minded slow-paced well-planned world-famous

October 10: Colombia is amazingl
Yesterday, I flew to Bogotá Bogotá is a
very ______ city.

There are so many people here!

Tomorrow, I'm going to the rain forest.

It will be _____ the compared to Bogotá. I'm going to relax there, but I'll also learn a lot about the environment from the people who live in the rain forest.

October 28: Now I'm in Santiago, Chile. It's the most ______ city
I've visited. It's very modern, and there are Internet cafés and people using new cell phones everywhere. The people are ______. They like to talk about different ideas, opinions, and experiences. People speak Spanish, English, and German here.

Write sentences with the words in parentheses and the comparative form of the adjectives (+ $more$, - $less$, = as as , \neq not as as).					
1. (Seattle / wet + / Las Vegas) Seattle is wetter than Las Vegas.					
2. (New Orleans / slow-paced + / New York)					
3. (Kyoto / expensive – / Tokyo)	Complete Wendy's make also				
4. (Small cities / usually / dangerous ≠ / big cities)					
5. (The subway system / good + / the buses / in this city)					
6. (The international restaurants / bad + / the traditional restaurants /	in this town)				

Complete the text with the superlative form of the words in parentheses.

7. (Paris / famous = / New York City / for its great museums)

Homer, Alaska, is one of my favorite cities. It's a slow-paced city	
and it's the most relaxing (relaxing) city I've ever visited. It was	dillower
(stressful) vacation I've ever had. I had a lot of time to myself,	
and I felt very calm. Homer isn't very densely populated. There	
are only about 145 people per square kilometer. The mornings	
are (busy) time of the	e day
because many people fish in the mornings. The restaurants in H	Homer have
some of (delicious) sea	afood in
the world. There was only one thing I didn't like. I had problems	s getting to
Homer In fact, it was	(bad)
travel experience I've ever had! But I still think Homer is	
(good) city in Alaska.	

C	ircle the <mark>c</mark> orrect word	(s) to complete each	conversation.		
1	. A: What's	city in the world?			
	B: I don't know, bu	ıt I think it might be E	Bangkok. When I was t	here, it was very hot.	
	a. hottest b	. hotter than c.th	e hottest		
2	. A: What's the bigge	est city in the world?	s it New York City?		
	B: No, many cities	are New York	, like Tokyo or Mexico	City.	
		b. the biggest		N. Har still account	
3		nat Mumbai is	ATT THE		
			ave a very large popul	ation.	
			3	d than c. the least der	nselv populate
4		of cities in Ca	The Western	William and the wichings of	ed in a
100		Il move there. Los Ang			
	115.111 9	INIC EDINESIES TOTAL	ammi man saamanks a	aper than	
5		best city in the Unite		aper triair	
9			New York.		
		b. the best c. I			
0			Detter		
0	. A: What's				
		I. I read that somewhe		AND HILL DE	
	a. less nign-tecr	n than b. more hig	gh-tech than c. the	most nign-tech	
L	ook at the chart. The	n answer the question	s. Use complete senter	nces.	
2000		New Delhi	Kolkata	Mumbai	
	Size		1,380 square km		
	Population density	28,438 per square km	27,462 per square km	23,088 per square km	
I	January average temperature	21°C	26°C	29°C	
		33°C	32°C	29°C	

4. Which city is warmer in January - New Delhi or Kolkata?

5. Which city is the coolest in August? _____

I'll let someone know.

Read the sentences and check () the correct column.

		Reporting a problem	Responding to a problem
1. There's a	problem with this pasta.		The state of the s
2. I'll let so	meone know right away.		8. Eo, many others are
3. I'm havir	ng a problem with my menu.		eggio en la man reggio le
4. There see	ems to be a problem with our food.		At Did you lendw that Mormbal Is
5. I'll get so	omeone to take care of it.		B: No That's really interesting it
6. I'll have	someone get on it right away.	Simplification of the State of	a 108 most dengely copulated
Complete th one answer	e conversations with the sentences from is possible.	om Exercise 1.	Sometimes more than
A. Carl:	Excuse me	25 24 24 25	
	There's a problem with this pasta		10/01/
Waiter:	What's wrong with it?	notifed	是自己的 1000 EX
Carl:	It's cold!		1)是这个是
Waiter:	I'm sorry.	distanti	
	- rises rigio reom sin ² .	9/59/9/5	
Carl:	Thank you.		
B. Isabella:	Uh, hello Can you help me?		
Waiter:	Of course. What's the problem?		
Isabella:	<u> </u>	IA,TS	SEASS dienab midslege
	Look! It's in French. I can't read it.		
Waiter:			
	Excuse me	2005	TOBE ISMAN TENSO
		1	e de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la co
	Well, I asked for it an hour ago, and		
Waiter:	I'm sorry	2 11-11-1	Which dity is the most disease, put

Travel experiences

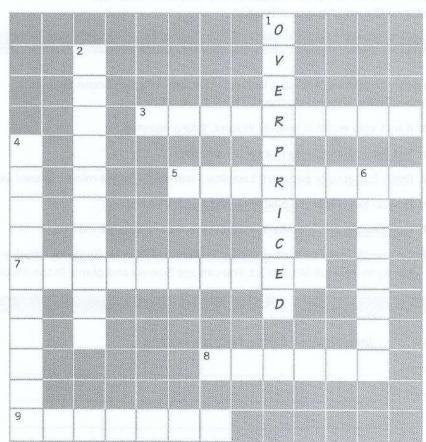
Complete the puzzle with the correct words that complete the sentences.

Across 3. This restaurant is ______ . I can't believe it got five stars. I'd give it two! 5. When I went to Seoul, I was __ first class!

- 7. Our hotel was _____, but the manager found us a room in another hotel.
- 8. The museums in Spain are usually ___ on the weekends. They're less crowded during the week.
- 9. Paul's flight to Vancouver was _____ for two hours. He worked on his laptop while he waited.

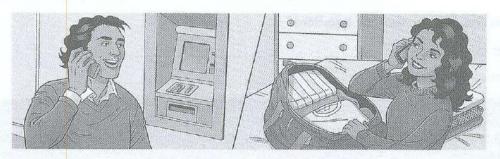
Down

- 1. My ticket to Australia was \$3,120! I know it's expensive to fly there, but I think my ticket was
- 2. I was _____ a seat on the train, but when I got there, my seat was taken.
- 4. We got a _____ price on our airline tickets, but the hotels were expensive.
- 6. My visa _____ last year, and I haven't gotten a new one yet.



ill 1	Thomas / to / me / t	hat was priced right / told / find a ticket / .	
L		find a ticket that was priced right.	
		at the airport / Pam / me / to / my ticket / .	225
	advised / dpgrade / d	ENERGHA BURSH WAS ENGINE BOWN BY THES I	at insulated slatter
3.	a discounted ticket /	Seth / reminded / to buy / me / .	
	let my visa / expire /	not / me / to / reminded / Isabel / .	ther crass to the same of the
	travel alone / not / a	dvised / My grandmother / me / to / .	eds of mours or bound is glass? A smussum adi
).	at night / She / to /	me / take / not / the subway / warned / .	dering the week.
		Power Power	Source Hart to Various
	e the simple past of t	n write sentences about the underlined advice. he verb in parentheses.	Dallar et
	e the simple past of t		
	Hi friends! I'm going t	he verb in parentheses. o Sydney, Australia, in June. I don't know much about	
	Hi friends! I'm going to What should I pack? I JaneB92: It isn't	he verb in parentheses. o Sydney, Australia, in June. I don't know much about Vhat should I do there? Thanks! –Heather	
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	Hi friends! I'm going to What should I pack? I pack. I should I pack? I pack.	he verb in parentheses. o Sydney, Australia, in June. I don't know much about What should I do there? Thanks! –Heather very warm in Sydney in June. Take a sweater! e Sydney Opera House! It's amazing. forget your passport! Last time I traveled, I forgot mir u like wildlife? Go whale watching. It's incredible! forget an umbrella. It might rain a lot while you are the u like nature? Well, don't go to the Royal Botanic Gard	r Sydney. ne, I missed my flight! nere. dens. I think you should go
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11. 12.	Hi friends! I'm going to What should I pack? Whelvin Jones: See the Ahmet1986: Don't LingLee: Do you hiking the Ahmet1986: Don't FreddyD: Do you hiking (Jane / advise) (Melvin / advise)	he verb in parentheses. o Sydney, Australia, in June. I don't know much about What should I do there? Thanks! –Heather very warm in Sydney in June. Take a sweater! e Sydney Opera House! It's amazing. forget your passport! Last time I traveled, I forgot minute wildlife? Go whale watching. It's incredible! forget an umbrella. It might rain a lot while you are the ulike nature? Well, don't go to the Royal Botanic Gard in the Blue Mountains. You can see flowers and plan	r Sydney. ne, I missed my flight! nere. dens. I think you should go

Mateo and Pilar are talking on the phone and will meet at the airport. Write what they said. Use reporting verbs.



Mateo: "Pilar, use the big bags for the clothes."
(advise) Mateo advised Pilar to use the big bags for the clothes.
Pilar: "Mateo, bring enough cash."
(remind)
Mateo: "Pilar, remember the passports."
(tell)
Pilar: "Mateo, don't forget to pick up our tickets."
(remind)
Mateo: "Pilar, don't forget to lock the doors!"
(tell)
Pilar: "Mateo, don't be late to the airport!"
(warn)

What commands or advice have people given you in the past? Use reporting verbs with your own ideas or some of the expressions from the box.

Example: My friend reminded me to take an umbrella on my trip to Seattle. or My mother warned me not to stay out late.

get a visa

be careful driving

S recommendation	ur homework	not go out alone	take something on vacation	
1.			SPENSE VESTON SPENSOR PROSENTED SPENSOR	
2	1 200	Sec. 1. Jahren J. M. Jensyl	stude were to the city that a ligher lover sea	Ī
3			Dienes Textof Est, met group All or Justs School	
4			the sets formers speeding and state of state grows it.	
5			R pota vent to a contribute a familia vierater.	
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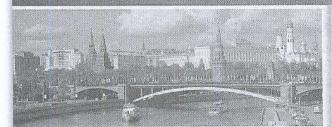
not stay out late

My town, the best town

Read the travel information. Then answer the questions.

- 1. Which city is colder in the winter?
- 2. Which city is warmer in the summer?

Moscow, Russia Moscow is a world-famous city with many sights to see. You'll want to spend at least a week here.



Geography and Population: Moscow is 130 meters above sea level. The population is 10.5 million with about 9,800 people per square kilometer.

Climate: The average temperature is -5° C in the winter and 16° C in the summer.

Getting around: The worst way to get around Moscow is by car. Take the subway (called the Metro) or a bus or tram instead. The Metro is usually faster.

Things to see and do: Moscow has many museums, and you can visit historic sites like the Bolshoi Theater, the most famous theater in Russia. There are also many parks. Don't forget to take a boat trip on the Moscow River!

For more information, call 1-800-555-4310 or visit www.visitmoscow/cup.com.

Moscow, Idaho, the United States Moscow is a safe and friendly town in Idaho. All seasons are beautiful, and it's an easy getaway for a weekend trip.



Geography and Population: Moscow is 786 meters above sea level in a mountainous area. It is a small town with a population of about 23,000 and about 1,440 people per square kilometer.

Climate: The average temperature in the winter is 2°C, and in summer it is 18°C.

Getting around: The best way to get around in Moscow is to drive. You can also call the Dial-A-Ride bus company to pick you up and take you where you want to go.

Things to see and do: In the summer, Moscow is a great place to hike and ride bikes. In the winter, you can ski or ride snowmobiles. Every February, Moscow hosts a jazz festival.

For more information, call 1-866-555-6000 or visit www.travelmoscowus/cup.com.

2	Read the travel information again. Then read the sentences and write where each perso	n
1, 175,0000,4	went. Write Russia or the United States.	

- 1. Susan went to the city that is higher above sea level. <u>the United States</u>
- 2. Carlos went to the city that has fewer people.
- 3. Ji Sung and Lilly took the subway around the city.
- 4. Bianca went to a concert in a famous theater.
- 5. Dan and Ken went to a music festival in February.
- 6. Marcia and Mel took a boat trip on a river.

The way we are

Distribution .				
	Who	are	you	A SE
			MANAGEMENT OF THE STREET	

	Put the le	etters in the correct order to make wo	rds for character traits.					
	1. yola	a l <u>lo</u> yal	6. vcieptmiote	Leanness F				
	2. c e g	reenti	7. eatmialignv					
	3. aild	telisc	8. nnddeeipnet					
	4. allg	gioc <u>Asida to select a</u>	9. rsueblleio	mer of group E				
	5. d u u	soist	provinced the same deposits and it was					
2	Daisuke i characte	is going to meet Yumiko's family. Com r traits.	plete the conversation with words for					
	Daisuke:	So, Yumiko, what is your family like?						
	Yumiko:	Well, my parents are great. They're v		A Comment				
		support me! My older sister is an ar	tist.					
		She's very	and has					
		a lot of interesting ideas. She can als		The last				
		very She	thinks	11				
		her art is going to save the world!	7H5) 60: 07					
	Daisuke:	That's funny! What's your younger si	ster like?					
	Yumiko:	She's great, too, but we're very	. I'm only a year					
		older than she is. We both want to be the best player on our soccer team.						
	Daisuke:	My brother and I are like that, too, especially with math. We're both						
		when we make decisions, too. But he's more						
		than I am. I don't spend very much time studying.						
	Yumiko:	I know! Maybe that's why you're always so!						
		I never have energy at school because I stay up so late studying.						
	Daisuke:	: Anyway, tell me about your brother. What's he like?						
	Yumiko:	He's nice, but he's very	. He's 21, and he doesn	't				
		do a lot with the family now. When	४ he was younger, he was pretty					
		and didn't	want to follow the rules.					

	Complete	tho.	sentences	with	who	or	which
tessille	complete	tne	sentences	WILLI	WIIO	01	WHICH.

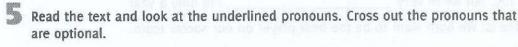
1.	Danielle is the kind of person	who	likes to be with her family.
2.	Her parents are people	a	re very energetic.
3.	They took a vacation	was	s very adventurous.
4.	Danielle has a brother	is	pretty rebellious.
5.	She has a sister	is sensit	tive and quiet.
6.	Her sister has a job	is di	fficult.
7.	She works in an office	49134 <u>b</u> is	often busy.
8.	Danielle has a lot of friends		enjoy coming to her house.

Rewrite the sentences about Lea and Omar. Change that to who or which.

Lea and Omar have a house that is near the ocean.

Lea and Omar have a house which is near the ocean.

- 2. Lea is someone that loves the ocean.
- 3. But Omar is the kind of person that doesn't like the water.
- 4. They have a boat that he never uses.
- 5. Omar is a person that likes to play golf.
- 6. Lea and Omar are people that don't always do things together.



My friend Paul is a person who other students want to work with. He has personality traits that people like. For example, he's the kind of student that usually knows the answers to the teacher's questions, and he's someone who always finishes his work. He's also a person who doesn't mind helping his classmates with their work.

Outside of class, Paul is a person who is a good friend. People say he's a friend that they can talk to. Paul is also the kind of person who is interested in a lot of things. He's a great musician. The instrument that he plays best is the guitar, but he plays the plano, too. He's the kind of musician that I want to be!

Check (✓) TWO phrases that can complete each sentence.



1. Burak mas imaginative ideas	4. Ismart is a new cell phone
✓ that are hard to understand.	☐ that I have to have.
which are useful for his job.	☐ has a small camera.
☐ who is also logical.	people are buying.
2. My parents are energetic people	5. Chicago is a city
☐ that like adventure.	people travel to for fun.
are idealistic.	that gets a lot of snow.
☐ who do many interesting things.	who is very windy.
3. Penelope is a person	6. I have a lot of friends
teachers like.	who are loyal.
is my best friend.	want to be musicians.
who sings really well.	☐ that like to be independent.
Y. C. Carlotte and C. Carlotte	
Complete the sentences with your own ide	as. Use who, which, or that.
Example: like cities <u>that are exciting</u>	. or I like cities <u>which are small and quiet</u> .
1. I like cities	Section Afficial and the second section of the second section and the second section and the second section as the section as the second section as the section as the second section as the sect
2. I dislike people	or each brown and character and an entire to word of
3. want a job	• 255 Jacq (1577 Black)
4. A loyal person is someone	·

B

Sorry, but can I ask something?

Complete the conversation with the correct words.



Paulo:	Listen to this. This article says your favorite color says a lot about your personality.
Amelia:	Really? What does it say?
Paulo:	Well, first tell me your favorite color.
Amelia:	It's yellow.
Paulo:	OK, it says you are idealistic. It also says
Amelia:	S <u>orry</u> , but c ask s ?
Paulo:	Y of C .
	What does it mean by idealistic?
Paulo:	You know, you're determined to make good things happen.
Amelia:	Oh, OK. What else does it say?
Paulo:	It says you are good at making plans, but you're often not energetic enough to
	do them. And it says
Amelia:	B you g on, could a something OK. S4
Paulo:	OK. S
	What magazine is this from? It sounds kind of crazy.
Paulo:	It's a psychology magazine. Let me tell you more. It says
Amelia:	I'm sorry, b could I ask o t ?
Paulo:	You mean, one more thing? Sure. Ga
	What's the name of the magazine?
Paulo:	Modern Psychology. OK, now let me finish. It says you are logical and you like
	to know the facts. Now, doesn't that sound like you?
Amelia:	Well, yes, but

MELAL LANGUAGE INSTITUTE -

Wishing for change

Label each picture with a sentence made from the correct phrase from the box.

balance work and play be more organized find time to relax lead a healthier lifestyle

live within a budget ✓manage time better



We have \$1,52.5 We owe \$2,017

He needs to manage time better.

2.





3

*





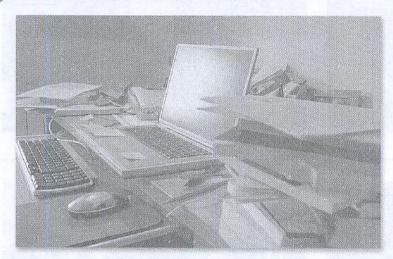
5. ____

6.

2 Answer the questions with your own information.

Example: I try to do something fun for an hour every day after work.

- 1. How do you balance work and play?
- 2. Do you manage your time well? How could you manage your time better?
- 3. Do you usually live within your budget? How could you save more money?
- 4. Do you find time to relax during the week? What's your favorite way to relax?
- 5. Are you more organized at work or at home? What could you do to be more organized?
- 6. Do you lead a healthy lifestyle? What could you do to be healthier?
- Match each situation with the correct wish.



- 1. I can't find anything in my office! ____f
- 2. I can't go to the concert with you.
- 3. I'm really thirsty. _____
- 4. I never feel like exercising.
- 5. I don't understand how this puzzle works. _____
- 6. I really like music. _____
- 7. I only got 34% on my history test. _____
- 8. I got so angry when we lost the soccer game. _____

- a. I wish I didn't have plans on Friday.
- b. I wish I were more energetic.
- c. I wish I weren't so competitive.
- d. I wish I had a glass of water.
- e. I wish I could take it again.
- f. I wish I could be more organized.
- g. I wish I could play an instrument.
- h. I wish I were more logical.

Circle the correct word to complete each wish.

Top Ten Wishes

What do you wish for? We took a survey and here are the top results. Have you ever said any of these things?

- 1. "I wish I travel / could travel) around the world."
- 2. "I wish I had / have a new car."
- 3. "I wish I were / am rich."
- 4. "I wish I not have / didn't have to work."
- 5. "I wish I weren't / were so stressed."

- 6. "I wish I can see / could see my future."
- 7. "I wish I live / lived within a budget."
- 8. "I wish I could lost / could lose weight."
- 9. "I wish I were / are healthier."
- 10. "I wish I didn't spend / don't spend so much money."

5	Read the sentences. Write wishes with the opposite information.									
	1. I'm not imaginative.	I wish I were imaginative.								
	2. My sister is extremely talkative.	I wish my sister weren't								
	3. My travel budget is small.	Particular and Control of the Contro								
	4. I'm not studious.	rentalisti seedla siest sa anni agrigit nasion a discorre								
	5. My soccer team isn't competitive.	de l'étades								
	6. I'm always busy on weekends.	Agreement of the control of the cont								
6	Example: I wish I could read fast.									
	Write two things you wish you con	uid do.								
	2. Write two things you wish you ha	d.								
	3. Write two personality traits you w	rish you had or didn't have.								

Alternative therapies

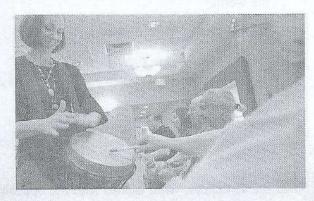
Read the text. What is the name of the job for a person who uses music to help people?

Music Heals

Music therapy is using music to help people with a variety of problems. For example, it can help people with communication and speech problems speak better. It can help people with memory problems remember things from their past. Music therapy can also help people manage stress and be more relaxed. It can even make people with bad pain feel better.

In music therapy, a music therapist works with one person alone or with small groups. The therapist meets with the person and does tests to find out what the problem is and what the person can do with music. Then the therapist decides what kind of music therapy to use. Some people sing, and others might compose music, but a person doesn't need to know about music to be helped by music therapy. There are options such as listening to music and dancing to music. Research shows that these activities are good for the body and for the mind.

Homes that take care of elderly people often have music therapy programs. The programs help the elderly be more energetic and also help with memory problems. Some hospitals have music therapy for patients who are in a lot of pain. Music can affect a part of the brain that reduces pain.



Trevor Gibbons is one example of a person who was helped by music therapy. In 2000, he was putting in windows on the fourth floor of a building when he fell. He was in the hospital for over a year. He was in a lot of pain, and he couldn't talk. He went from the hospital to a rehabilitation center that has a music therapy program, and a music therapist worked with him for several years. He could sing more easily than he could talk. Trevor says that music also helped him manage loneliness, sadness, and pain after he was hurt. Music and the music therapist inspired him, and he has written and sung many songs. He has even recorded CDs and performed at Lincoln Center in New York.

2	Read	the	text	again.	Then	write	T	(true),	F	(false),	or	NI	(no	information
900m	Reau	LITE	ICYL	again.	HILCH	AALICE		(truc),	1	(laise),	VI	141	CHO	mormation

- 1. Music therapy can help people with many different problems. _____T___
- 2. You do not have to be good at music to benefit from music therapy. _____
- 3. Music therapy is only for very old people. _
- 4. Music therapy didn't help Trevor with his pain.
- 5. It took Trevor five years to get better.

unit

New ways of thinking

Inventions

1	Put the letters	in th	e correct	order to	make	adjectives.	Then	write th	e negative	forms
	with in- or un									

1.	tncenoevin	convenient	inconvenient
2.	e ni c t o n n a l v o		
3.	fsii <mark>a</mark> ncnitg	The second secon	DW EST OFFICE AS THE
4.	gin v <mark>im taia</mark> e		
5.	i c r e <mark>v</mark> a e t	1 45 / SWA (34)	Process and Christoperan
6.	ulcu <mark>cefsss</mark>		
7.	v e c f e i f e t	must note as them I for	arrive after a visit that act at
2	veefutln		

Complete the text with the word in parentheses or its negative form.

	Today, people think answering machi	ines are inconvenient
	(convenient) because they are used to	1
	made the first automatic answering n	
Cesses.	significant (significan	t) invention. In 1960, the Ansafone,
	invented by Dr. Kazuo Hashimoto, wa	as the first
	(successfu	ul) answering machine sold in the
Ansafone	U.S. It was followed by the PhoneMa	te in the 1970s. However, many of
nes <mark>e</mark> early answe	ring machines were	(effective) because they
vere so big and h	eavy! Then a man named Gordon Mat	tthews changed everything.
latthews was an	(imaginative	e) man who looked at things in new
nd	(conventional) ways. In 1	979, he started VMX, the company
	voice mail system. Voice mail is	(effective)
nat made the first		
	listen to your messages using your ph	
		one. The system is more

out the v	vords in the correct order to make sentences.	
. great	/ a / is / designer / My sister / such / .	
My:	sister is such a great designer.	
. creati	ve / She / so / is / .	
Her/	are / interesting / ideas / so / .	a spenics out of conten off the
. She /	she decided to open / that / imaginative / so / is / her own sto	ore / .
online	e store / good / a / such / idea / was / Her / .	gviennolotes. gliponelizi
. It / s	uccessful / her other job / that / she quit / was / so / .	Seletorionia.
'. ten p	reople working for her / is / a big company / that / she has / su	uch / Now it / .
 3. She /	/ / hardly ever see her / that / busy / so / is / .	pliviage
Stellunor sales	the conversation with so or such. Hey, Laila. Did you see that list of cool ideas for cell phones of the Internet the other day? It was an	
	amazing list.	
	No, I didn't see it.	men en et al.
Dennis:	Well, some of the ideas were creatival and there was a cool picture of one	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
	of them, too.	
Laila	Tell me about it.	00.0
	Well, it was a great idea. It was a co	ell phone that is
Demins.	only five square centimeters.	na www.ayestelp.ki
Laila:	That's small!	
	Yes, it is. But it opens and gets bigger! It was	an
	imaginative idea that the inventor won an award for it.	The state of the s
Laila		
Lana:	Wow. I love new inventions. The list sounds	interesting

Rewrite the sentences with so or such in the	correct position.
 Wow! That salesman is enthusiastic about Easy Broom. 	t the
Wow! That salesman is so enthusiast	tic about
the Easy Broom.	
2. But it looks like an ineffective product!	The state of the s
3. The inventor's idea is unimaginative.	"Only \$19.99"
4. His design is conventional.	Three Market allowers and the contract of the
5. He'll have a difficult time getting people	to buy it.
What do you think of the invention in Exercise the words in the box. Use so or such.	se 5? Write your own opinion with some of
convenient / inconvenient design creative / uncreative idea significant / insignificant invention	n, grafenomen sondri leger until missel en
Example: It's so creative, but it's such a	
Make one sentence. Use so that or such	that I was I was a series which a
1. That new phone is popular. There aren't a	
That new phone is so popular that the	COLUMN TRULY OF A SALE WILLIAM FAIR
2. Daniel is creative. He won an award for h	Property of the second of the
2. Daniel 3 creative. He won an award for h	In the range same to the program to the program
3. Eva is a successful businessperson. She g	got two promotions this year.
4. That new car is cheap. I might be able to	buy it.
5. The Internet is a great invention. People a	all over the world are using it.
	The state of the s

Read the pairs of questions and responses. Complete each conversation with the correct pair.

Do you have any ideas? One idea could be to invite her. Got any ideas?
One solution might be to keep it in the refrigerator.

✓ Got any suggestions?

Something we could try is to put them on top of each other.

A.	Hee Jin:	You have such a big book collection!
	Debbie:	I know. There isn't room for all of
		the books on my bookshelf.
		Got any suggestions?
	Hee Jin:	
		2
	Debbie:	What do you mean?
	Hee Jin:	You know, instead of standing them up,
		put them on each other, like this.
	Debbie:	Oh, I see. Good idea.
В.	Lydia:	Hey, my cell phone isn't working.
	Josh:	Oh, no. What are you going to do?
	Lydia:	Hmm I don't know.
	Josh:	
	Lydia:	That's a weird idea. Why?
	Josh:	Well, it really works. But it only keeps the phone working for a while.
		You'll probably have to get a new one soon.
C.	Mario:	Hey, do you want to go to a concert on Friday?
	Hank:	Yes! But I can't. I have plans with Jill.
	Mario:	But it's our favorite band The Pines.
	Hank:	Oh, no! I have to go. But what about Jill?
		That have man is chearly, I cliebt to stoke ou broad to the west ton?
	Mario:	2
	Hank:	That's a good idea. I think she'll like the band, too. Thanks!

Accidental inventions

Circle the correct words to complete the texts.

Something New to Eat!



The invention / invented of the ice cream cone was an accident! It was invention / invented in 1904 at the World's Fair in St. Louis, Missouri. Arnold Fornachou's ice cream stand was such a success / succeeded at the fair that he ran out of dishes. Next to Arnold, Ernest Hamwi was selling waffles – a flat type of cake. When Arnold ran out of dishes, Ernest rolled one of his waffles and creation / created a dish. Ernest put the ice cream in the

waffle. This innovation / innovated became the ice cream cone!

After the fair, Ernest Hamwi development / developed a new company that sold ice cream in waffle cones. His company success / succeeded. The design / designed has changed over the years, but waffle cones are still popular.

A New Color

In 1856, William Perkin was a young scientist. He introduction / introduced a new dye to the world – by accident! Dyes are used to change the color of cloth. Perkin was trying to make a new medicine, but by accident he made a beautiful purple dye. Perkin's dye was the first that was not made from a plant or an animal. It was an improvement / improved over other dyes because it was less expensive and easier to make. The dye proved / proof to be successful. Perkin's creation / created was also a new color. He called it mauve.

2	Answer	the	questions	with	your	own	information.
0000000	MISWCI	LIIC	questions	AATCIT	your	OAAII	mormation

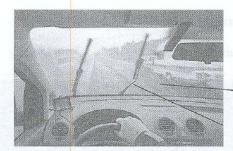
Example: I designed a tree house for my yard. My parents helped me make it.

- 1. Have you ever designed anything? What was it?
- 2. What's your biggest success in life?
- 3. What do you think is the best invention in the past ten years?
- 4. Have you ever been asked for proof of who you are? When?

	Circle the correct phrase to complete each sentence.
	1. The crossword puzzle by Arthur Wynne in 1913.
	a. is invented (b.) was invented (c. have been invented
2	2. At first, Arthur's puzzle a word-cross.
	a. is called b. was called c. have been called
3	3. Crossword puzzles in newspapers for about 100 years.
	a. is printed b. was printed c. have been printed
4	4. The first crossword puzzle book in 1924.
	a. is made b. was made c. have been made
Ę	5. Today, some crossword puzzles online.
	a. are done b. were done c. have been done
6	5. The New York Times newspaper for its crossword puzzles. Many people
	buy the newspaper because they want to do the crossword puzzle.
	a. is known b. was known c. were known
400	
boo.	Complete the text with the correct form of the verb in parentheses. Use the passive form of the simple present, simple past, or present perfect.
	www.history/inventions/cup.com

about the zipper The zipper was invented (invent) in 1913 by Gideon Sundback. (call) the "Hookless Fastener" for over ten years. Then, in 1925, it _ (name) the zipper. A person using a zipper on a boot said "zip" because that was the sound that it made. It (call) the zipper ever since that time. (use) today on all types of clothing. In the past, Zippers (use) on clothing for people in World War I. (made) of metal since 1913. Today, many of Zippers_ (made) of plastic. Pants with zippers _ (wear) by men for many years, and they still wear them today. But women's clothing did not have zippers until about 1930. Then zippers (put) on women's clothing, too.

Write sentences with the words in parentheses and the passive form of the simple present, simple past, or present perfect.



windshield

windshield wiper

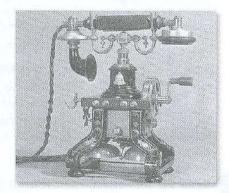
1. (Today, / car windshields / make / of glass)

Today, car windshields are made of glass.

- 2. (Windshield wipers / invent / in 1905 by Mary Anderson)
- 3. (The design of windshield wipers / improve / since 1905)
- 4. (Windshield wipers / put / on the front of cars / for many years)
- 5. (Today, / windshield wipers / find / on the front and the back of some cars)
- Rewrite the sentences in the passive form.
 - 1. Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone.

The telephone was invented by Alexander Graham Bell.

- 2. People have used telephones since 1876.
- 3. Someone made the first cell phone call in 1973.



- 4. 1.4 billion people used cell phones in 2003.
- 5. Over 4.6 billion people use cell phones today.
- 6. People develop new kinds of cell phones every year.

Making life easier

Read the text. Then number the items in the order they were invented.

refrigerator vacuum cleaner 1 __ sewing machine

Remember when?



Many inventions make life easier. We forget what life was like before these



The Refrigerator The refrigerator was invented in 1876 by Carl von Linde, Before that, many people had icehouses. They bought ice and kept it in a building outside of the house. People put their food in the icehouse to keep it cold and fresh. But the icehouse didn't keep things fresh for long. The refrigerator makes keeping food fresh much easier.

The Vacuum Cleaner Before the vacuum cleaner was invented, people used brooms to clean their floors. The first vacuum cleaner was invented in 1860 by Daniel Hess, but it was very heavy. One person had to move the base of the machine, and another person moved the part that picked up dirt and dust. Many people improved Hess's design, but vacuum cleaners were still expensive and heavy. In 1908, James Spangler made an effective and less expensive vacuum cleaner. After that, people started buying them for their homes.



The Sewing Machine Imagine not being able to buy clothing in a store! Before the invention of the sewing machine, everyone made their clothing at home by hand. Many people tried to invent a sewing machine in the 1800s, and Elias Howe invented the first useful sewing machine in 1846. Others followed. The invention of the sewing machine allowed companies to make large amounts of clothing that could be sold in stores.



The Microwave The microwave was invented by accident. Percy Spencer was working with radar waves at his job. The radar waves cooked a candy bar that was in his pocket! This gave him an idea, and he created the microwave oven in 1945. The first microwave was called the Radar Range. It was used mostly in restaurants.

- Read the text again. Then rewrite the sentences to correct the underlined mistakes.
 - 1. Carl von Linde invented the microwave. Carl von Linde invented the refrigerator.
 - 2. You needed only one person to use the first vacuum cleaner.
 - 3. Daniel Hess made a cheaper vacuum cleaner.
 - 4. Before sewing machines were invented, people made their clothes in stores.
 - 5. The first microwave was called the Percy Spencer Oven.

Lessons in life



Why did I do that?

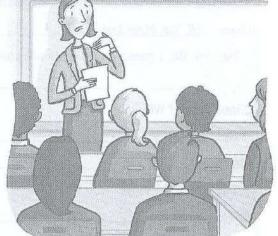
Write new \	words with the correct prefixes. Add dis-, mis-, or re
1. judge	
2. continue	e 5. regard
3. spell	6. make
Complete the	he conversations. Use the words in the box with the correct prefixes: or re
agree	consider do √like pronounce understand
A. Carla:	Let's go to a Tom's Hamburgers for lunch.
Dae Ho:	I'd rather not. I dislike
	red meat.
Carla:	Really? Please
	They have good salads there, too.
Dae Ho:	Oh, OK. We can go to Tom's, then.
B. Mary:	This painting is beautiful!
JIII:	I I think it's ugly!
C. Claire:	I'm sorry. I didn't mean to your name.
	That's OK. It's hard to say. You say, "Shawn," but it's spelled S-E-A-N.
	Did you the directions, Kelly? Your homework
	is completely wrong.
Kelly:	이번 선생님은 그리고 있는데 그는 그리고 있다면 하네
	Can I it?
Mr Ito-	OK. Give it to me tomorrow.
IVII. ILU.	or, dive it to file tomorrow.

Comple		
Compi	ete the conversation with the past p	perfect of the verbs in parentheses.
Sheila:	How was the movie with Amanda	last night, Felipe?
Felipe:	The movie was OK, but I was reall	y embarrassed. I started to pay for the movie,
	but I realized I <u>had left</u>	(leave) my money at home.
Sheila:	So, did Amanda pay for the movie	7
Felipe:	Yes, she did. I	(also / forget) to turn off my
	6	e theater. My mom called!
Sheila:	Did you answer it?	
Felipe:	Yes. The movie	(not start / yet), so I went
		(already / begin).
Sheila:	Oh, no!	4
Felipe:	Then I realized I	(not bring) my glasses, so
	we moved to the front of the thea	v .
Sheila:	I'm sure Amanda didn't mind.	
Felipe:	I don't know. I emailed her. I chec	
		(not respond / vet)
		(not respond / yet). neses. Tell what Kim had done and had not
	entences with the words in parenth	026 Bas 1'र्थ रक्षांत्रक शताः र <u>व्यक्तिहरू</u>
done b	entences with the words in parenth	neses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already.
done b	sentences with the words in parenth by the time the guests arrived for he	rieses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already. Kim hadn't taken out the garbage yet.
1. (Kir 2. (sh	sentences with the words in parenth by the time the guests arrived for he may be a sentence of the sentence of	reses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already. Kim hadn't taken out the garbage yet.
1. (Kir 2. (sh 3. (sh	entences with the words in parenth by the time the guests arrived for he may be a substantial of the guests arrived for he may be a substantial of the garbage. In / not take out / the garbage) The / wipe off / the kitchen counters)	rieses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already. Kim hadn't taken out the garbage yet.
1. (Kir 2. (sh 3. (sh	entences with the words in parenth by the time the guests arrived for he m / not take out / the garbage) e / wipe off / the kitchen counters) e / wash / the dishes)	Reses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already. Kim hadn't taken out the garbage yet. She had already
1. (Kir 2. (sh 3. (sh 4. (sh 5. (sh	m / not take out / the garbage) e / wipe off / the kitchen counters) e / wash / the dishes) e / do / the laundry)	Reses. Tell what Kim had done and had not er party. Use the past perfect with yet or already. Kim hadn't taken out the garbage yet. She had already

8. (she / not make / the pizza)

Write sentences with the words in the chart. Use the simple past and the past perfect in

Happened first	Happened second
1. Ms. Jones / mispronounce / my name	she / ask / me how to spell it
2. she / know / his brother for two years	Sandra / meet / Jake
3. Jackie / call / her dad ten times	she / heard his message / on her voice mail
4. we / already / ask / him a lot of questions	we / agree / to John's idea
5. he / think about it / carefully	Hai / disregard / Tim's advice
6. the company / borrow / a lot of money	it / close
before she asked me how to spell it By the time Sandra met Jake	 ,
. By the time <u>Sandra met Jake</u>	
. By the time <u>Sandra met Jake</u>	



Write sentences with your own information. Use the past perfect and simple past.

Example: I'd taken English classes before I began this class. or I hadn't taken English classes before I began this class.

1. (not) take English classes / before / begin this class

before

- 2. (not) thought about other cultures / before / start studying English
- 3. (not) often misspelled English words / before / take this class
- 4. (not) mispronounced a lot of English words / before / practice them in this class
- 5. (not) read my email / by the time / do my homework last night

I'm sure you'll do fine.

Complete the conversation with the sentences from the box.



Do you have a list of their names?

✓ Hi, Tia. How are you?
I know Mandarin. I can help you.
I'm pretty nervous about it.
Really? That would be great!
Well, I don't want to mispronounce their names.
I'm sure you'll do fine tomorrow.

Chao:	Hi, Tia. How are you?										
Tia:	I'm 0K, I	guess.	But people	are	coming to	my	office	tomorrow	from	China,	and

	Carlotte Commission Co	The state of the s
Chao:	Really? Why?	
Tia:		4
Chao:		- Tugari
Tia:	Yes, I do. Why?	
Chao:		
Tia:		9033
Chan	We'll practice tonight and	

Complete the conversations with phrases for expressing worry and for reassuring someone.

- B. Mi Yon: I have an English test tomorrow, and I'm a little

 Brenda: D

 E

 3

What if ...?

Complete the chart with get or make and the correct phrases from the box.

√a big deal a fool of myself		an effort into trouble	mistak on my	es nerves	out of over it	rid of things up my mind	
		get			m	ake	
		ysty II w		_make a	a big deal		
						Mary Contract for a	
	TO DE S	tractional argument	ir i'migili	ole H I =	ing to liquid		univ sylety

Complete the email with expressions with get and make. Use the simple present.

low are you? I'm OK, but I need some adv	vice. I'm having a problem with my
	a lot. First of all, he's
very messy. He never1	
try not to	2 about it, but I might have to
say something. No one is perfect. We all _	upper word the lower in the period of apper to the
	4 . You know, try
a little!	5
Oh, and he always tries to	doing the
chore <mark>s. I wash the dishes, I take out the ga</mark>	arbage, and I even hang up his clothes! I
know I should try to	and disregard his
pehavior. He's a really nice person. He lent	The strain of th
probl <mark>e</mark> m. What's your advice? I have a hard	d time with decisions, and I can never
	I don't want to say the wrong thing.
What should I do?	
Write soon!	
WITE SOUTH	

Read the sentences. Then answer the yes / no questions. Use short answers.

1.	If Dana had listened to her parents, she wouldn't have gotten into trouble.
	Did Dana listen to her parents? No, she didn't.
	Did she get into trouble?
2.	If Carlos had made up his mind, he would have a new car right now.
	Did Carlos make up his mind?
	Does he have a new car?
3.	If Paul had said he was sorry, Carolina would have gotten over it quickly.
	Did Paul say he was sorry?
	Is Carolina still upset?
4.	Mona wouldn't have made a fool of herself if she hadn't sung so loudly at the party
	Did Mona sing loudly?
	Did she make a fool of herself?
5.	Vicky would have understood the homework if she hadn't been late for class.
	Was Vicky late for class?

Circle the correct forms to complete the conversation.

Hiro: Hi, Lydia. Did you and Kyle get home OK last night?

Lydia: Not really. It took us over an hour.

Did she understand the homework?

Hiro: Really? Didn't you drive home?

Lydia: Well, if I hadn't dropped / wouldn't have dropped my keys out the window by mistake, we had driven / would have driven home.

Hiro: Oh, no! Did you look for your keys?

Lydia: Yes, but we couldn't find them. We probably had found $\frac{1}{3}$ would have found them if it hadn't been / wouldn't have been so dark.

Hiro: So, did you take the bus home?

Lydia: No. If we had left $\frac{1}{5}$ would have left earlier, we had taken / would have taken the bus. But it was too late, so we walked home!



5	Complete in the nex			the	main	clause	of	the	last	sentence	to an	f clause
	in the nex	t ser	ntence									

If I hadn't gone to the concert, I wouldn't have seen Julia.

- 1. If I hadn't seen Julia , she wouldn't have gotten on my nerves.
- 2. <u>If she hadn't</u>, I wouldn't have made a fool of myself.
- 3. ______, Julia would have invited me to her party.
- 4. _____ ______, I would have talked to Brenda.
- _____, I would have asked her to dinner tonight.
- , I wouldn't have had a boring night watching TV alone!
- Look at each picture. Then write a third-conditional sentence about it with words from the box.

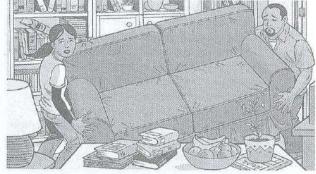
buy the computer get rid of some things forget her credit card go to the baseball game

have room for the sofa √ pass the test

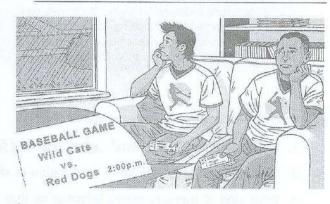
rain √ study



1. If she had studied, she would have passed the test, or She would have passed the test if she had studied.







A day to remember

Read the text. What three types of memory are mentioned?

What will you remember?

Patricia Sanders remembers the day she met her husband perfectly. It was over 50 years ago. She remembers that it rained the day that they met in a bookstore. She remembers he was wearing a blue raincoat, and she was wearing a red dress. She even remembers what he said to her. But she can't remember what she had for lunch today.

The brain has different ways to store memories. It stores some information in short-term memory, which can only keep the information for about 30 seconds. For example, if you look up a phone number, you can store the number in your brain long enough to make the phone call. But a minute later, you might forget the number. The brain also stores information in what some people call "recent memory." This allows you to remember what you had for lunch or what you did yesterday. Important information is stored in long-term memory. Some information is stored in long-term memory after you repeat it a lot. For example, if you call the same phone number over and over again, your brain will remember it for a long time. If you read one book on a subject, you may forget a lot of it. But if you read several books and articles about the subject, you will remember the information for a lot longer. Significant events are also stored in long-term memory. So a year from now, you might forget what you had for lunch today, but you will remember the first time you met your husband or wife or got a promotion at work.

Research shows that it's natural for people to have recent memory loss as they get older. People often experience this memory loss after the age of 50. So, it's normal that Patricia remembers the day she met her husband. It's in her long-term memory. And it's normal that she can't remember what she did yesterday. Her brain's recent memory is not working as well as it used to. Some people have severe memory loss, but Patricia's problems are normal.

Tips to help with "recent memory" loss:

- Make a list of things you want to remember.
- · Take medicine at the same time every day.
- Put your keys in the same place every day.
- Don't make a big deal about forgetting things. Relax, be honest, and laugh about the problem.

Complete C							
Real Property				100000			
Allen .	Read	the	text	again.	Answer	the	questions.

- 1. What has Patricia forgotten? what she had for lunch today
- 2. How long can the brain store information in short-term memory?
- 3. What kind of memory stores information that is repeated often? _
- 4. Which type of memory is it normal for older people to lose? __
- 5. How could an older person remember to take his or her medicine?

Can you explain it?

Everyday explanations

5. Two meaningful classes you have taken: __

6. Two inventions that are useful:

I just <mark>b</mark> roke my cell phone. Now it's		
useless (use)!		
P. I got (meaning) information of the companies of	4	
3. A lot of trees fell last night in that (power) windstorm.		
4. Benny and Tom went bungee jumping. They're (fear)!		
5. Laura is such a (care) (driver. She always drives too fast.	
6. Air pol <mark>l</mark> ution is (harm).		
7. I don't know how to help you. I feel so	(power).	
8. Penny has a big dog, but it's	(harm). It won't hurt you.	
Mr. Garcia's explanation was very understand algebra!	(use). I finally	
O. You can borrow my computer, but please be	(care) with it.	
11. Sue is very (fear) of animals. She won't even go to a zoo!		
2. That question was completelyhow to answer it.		
Nrite your own ideas.		
1. Two thi <mark>ngs that are useful for school: a con</mark>	nputer and	
2. Two things that are harmful to the environment: _	and	
3. Two things you should be careful doing:		
1. Two people who are fearless:	and	

Complete the webpage with past modals of the verbs in parentheses.

	www.localmysteries/cup.com		
KimKim:	Last night I saw a strange light in the sky. Did anyone see it?		
	What could it <u>have been</u> (be)?		
DonRJ:	The city might (have)		
	some fireworks.		
Rita86:	Fireworks make noise. It was too quiet last night. You couldn't		
	(see) fireworks.		
QT007:	I saw the light, too. I think something could		
	(fall) from an airplane.		
CindyT:	It couldn't (come) from a plane. Look at the		
	picture It's going across the sky, not down.		
WhyMe:	OK. KimKim must (take) this picture with her		
	camera open for a long time. I'm sure she's kidding!		

PeteOP:	Did anyone hear a strange noise on Main Street last night? I think it might		
	(be) a wild animal!		
Jeff1982:	You couldn't (hear) a wild animal, PeteOP.		
	There aren't any wild animals around here.		
orm of the v	e sentences with past modals. Use must, couldn't, or could and the correct verb in parentheses. now why Patricio wasn't in class today. He <u>could have been</u> (be) sich as at a concert last night, and she saw her favorite band. I'm sure she		
The second second	(have) fun!		
. Jackie	(drink) milk. She can't have dairy at all.		
	ly sister hasn't called me all week. She usually calls me every day. I wonder if she (lose) her cell phone.		
	waiting for Tonya at the airport for an hour. I'm sure her plane (leave) late.		
. Marianna	a is really good at math. She (got) a bad		
grade on	the test.		
. Oh, no! N	My mother (try) to call me. My cell		
	as been off, and there's a missed call. She always calls me at this time.		

Why wasn't Larry in class yesterday? Complete the sentences with past modals. Use must, couldn't, or might and the correct form of the phrases in the chart.

	Not sure	Sure
Steve	be sick	be at home
Clara	go out with friends	not stay at home
Diana	miss the bus	have a good reason
Ken	watch the baseball game on TV	forget about class
Tina	go to a job interview	need to miss class
Mr. Anderson	think there was no class	not check the class schedule

1.	Steve thinks Larry <u>might have been sick</u>	Nul-1-may year in
	He <u>mu</u> st have been at home	because his car was there.
2.	Clara th <mark>i</mark> nks Larry	
	She says he	because she went to
	his house after school, and he wasn't there.	
3,	Diana thinks Larry	
	She says he	
4.	Ken thinks Larry	A SAN AND LONG SAN AND A
	He says Larry	- Ro 414 (mby) 4001 a galax san
5.	Tina thinks Larry	Takuan Tibil bashed de
	She says he	
6.	Mr. Anderson thinks Larry	2.101
	He says Larry	

Look at each picture. Write what you think happened. Use past modals. Example: She must have broken her arm.







3. He _

2. She ____

4. He _____

I'm pretty sure that . . .

Complete the chart. Write the sentences from the box in the correct column.

But it's likely that there is water on Mars.

But it's very probable that some kind of life was there.

✓ I doubt that people ever lived on Mars.

I'm pretty sure that there used to be trees on Mars.

It's highly unlikely that there were trees on Mars.

Well, it's doubtful that I would ever get the chance.

Expressing probability	Expressing improbability
Medical Car was the Medica	I doubt that people ever lived on Mars.
	2 Lists (Highle Larry)
Of the weath seed to	and a special control of the special control

Complete the conversation with the sentences from Exercise 1.

Josh: Look at this article, Brian. It says that at one time there might have been life on Mars. Do you believe that's possible?

Brian: Well, <u>I doubt that people ever</u>
<u>lived on Mars</u>. I mean,
scientists would have figured that out.

Josh: I agree that people couldn't have lived on Mars.



Brian: What do you mean?

Josh: Well, you know, like plant life.

Brian: No way! ______ . Scientists . . .

Josh: OK, OK. Maybe you're right. _____

I think there are rivers or maybe even a lake.

Brian: Well, *maybe* in the past, but I don't think there's that much water now. . . . Hey, would you go to Mars if you had the chance?

Josh: ______ . But if I did get the chance, I guess I would go!

History's mysteries

Complete the news report with the words from the box.

✓ disappearance escape theft
"Coming up tonight on PSB news in Miami Our first story, from Houston, Texas, is
about the of Terrance Wellington, a well-known Houston
artist. His family says they haven't seen him since Tuesday morning. Next, Jamie
Sanders is in Mexico, and she'll tell you about the of a new
pyramid near Mexico City. That's exciting news because a new pyramid has not been
found in several years. In San Francisco, we have news about a big
People in the area say the noise was frightening and
extremely loud. Two restaurants burned. And don't miss this story There was a
in a museum in New York on Saturday. Robbers took a
painting worth 15 million dollars. We also have a local story that happened right here
in Florida. Carl Frey will tell you about a prison Two men
broke out of a prison in Jacksonville. Fortunately, police caught them a few hours later.
And our last story tonight is about an alien Is it true or not
Dan Alvarado interviews two people in Phoenix, Arizona, who claim they were taken
aboard a UFO by aliens. All this and more after these messages."

Label each picture with the number and word from the correct news story in Exercise 1.

















Circle the correct words to complete the conversation.

Greg: Hi, Ahn. Do you have any idea(what)/ if a total solar eclipse is?

Ahn: Sure. It's what happens when the moon is between the sun and earth.

Greg: Oh, OK. Do you know how / if that's why the sky gets black?

Ahn: Yes, it is. You can't see light from the sun because of where the moon is.

Greg: And can you tell me how long / what it lasts?

Ahn: Well, it depends. The shortest eclipses are usually about a minute.

Greg: Do you have any idea how long / how many the longest eclipse can be?

Ahn: It can be over seven minutes, but that hardly ever happens.

Greg: Do you know how tall / if solar eclipses happen every year?

Ahn: Yes, they do.

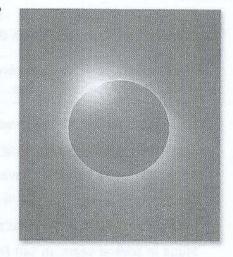
Greg: And can you tell me how many / if there are each year?

Ahn: There can be between two and five eclipses each year, but there can never be more than two total eclipses.

Greg: Interesting. Thanks, Ahn.

Write embedded yes / no questions with the words in parentheses. Use the simple past.

- 1. (Can you tell me / Zorro / be / a real person) Can you tell me if Zorro was a real person?
- 2. (Do you know / anyone / find / Amelia Earhart's plane)
- 3. (Do you have any idea / the Egyptians / build / the first pyramid)
- 4. (Can you tell me / people / find / an underwater pyramid in Japan)
- 5. (Do you have any idea / anyone / escape / from Alcatraz prison)
- 6. (Do you know / the abduction / be / on the news)



to v		s responses. Use Can you tell m mbedded Wh- questions about t aces.	* *************************************	A Second Section
1.	A: <u>Ca</u>	n you tell me how long the Tsin	g Ma Bridge is?	
	B: Yes,	I can. The Tsing Ma Bridge is a	bout	many facility and page
	1.4	kilometers long.		Fig. 202
2.	A: <u>Do</u>	you know	3	
	B: Yes,	I do. The Eiffel Tower is 324 m	eters tall.	
3	A:	General Control of the	FILES STATES OF STATES	
		I can. Two people escaped from		
4.	A:	Ends supply, supply and an artist of		
		I can. The Sphinx is 60 meters	long.	
			Part of the last	
		I do. The Pyramid of the Sun is		
		dusta menu		
		I do. There are about 13,000 t		
	D. 103,	Tuo. There are about 13,000 t	axis in New York City.	
Ans	wer the	e questions with Yes or No. Add	more information.	
		No. But I know there are ove		
LAU	imple.	Yes, There are 2.5 million pe	And the state of t	
1	Do you	know how many people there		
1.	DO you	know now many people there	are in your country!	
2.	Do you	have any idea what the popula	ation of your city is?	
3.	Do you	know if there are any mysteric	es about people or places in your c	ountry?
4.	Do you	have any idea what famous w	riters are from your country?	
5.	Do you	know where famous people go	for vacation in your country?	den verdestadi be or til vad spromjer
				Sinther some such

Explanations from long ago

- Read the magazine interview. What is rongorongo? Circle the correct answer.

 - a. the name of a people b. the name of a writing system
- c. the name of an island

Lisa Olsen talks about rongorongo with Dr. Gomez . . .



EASTER ISLAND, in the Pacific Ocean, is famous for its large stone statues that were made hundreds of years ago. But not many people know about rongorongo. It is the name of the writing found on tablets, large pieces of wood, on Easter Island. I spoke with Dr. Ramiro Gomez about this mysterious writing system.

- Q: Dr. Gomez, what is rongorongo?
- A: Rongorongo is a writing system found on Easter Island. It doesn't have letters like English. It uses glyphs, which are pictures or symbols, to represent different things. In the 1860s, people discovered wooden tablets with the rongorongo glyphs on them. Today, there are only 21 of these tablets. The rest have disappeared.
- Q: Can you tell me what the tablets say?
- A: Many people have tried to figure out what the different glyphs mean. But so far, no one has figured out rongorongo completely. Some of the glyphs look like different animals in the area . . . birds, sea turtles, and fish. It also seems that some of the glyphs represent plants. We're pretty sure that one of the tablets has a calendar on it, but no one has figured out exactly how the calendar works.
- 0: Do you know how and when the tablets were made?
- A: We know that the glyphs were carved with shark's teeth. We also know that they are very old. Researchers say they might have been made in the late 1600s.
- Q: If we can't read the language, are the tablets useless?
- A: Definitely not. They still tell us a lot about the people who made them. For example, they had their own written language and wanted to record their history.
- Q: Is there more to learn from the tablets?
- A: Yes, there is. People will be studying rongorongo for many years. Hopefully, someone will solve the mystery of what is on the tablets.

NO.					ration with the							,		
	Read t	he	interview	again.	Write	T	(true),	F	(false),	or	NI	(no	information).	

- 1. Rongorongo has 21 letters. F
- 2. Some of the symbols in rongorongo look like animals.
- 3. There are sea turtles near Easter Island.
- 4. The symbols were made with shark's teeth.
- Rongorongo doesn't tell us anything.
- 6. Dr. Gomez will continue researching rongorongo.

Perspectives



A traffic accident

	the words in the correct order to make sentences. Brenda / care / her sister's cat / takes / on weekends / of / . Brenda takes care of her sister's cat on weekends. with / up / comes / great ideas / Larry / .	
	doesn't put / send text messages in class / students / Ms. Nelson /	up / with / who /
	friends / with / up / on the Internet / catches / Paulina / .	up / witt / who / .
	going through / shouldn't get / Drivers / away with / a red light / .	Isan Declaration Transaction
	looks / to / Arturo / his favorite musician / up / .	
	along / all of his classmates / gets / Omar / with / .	enterflyin and performed only
	to their trip / forward / Sandra and Mike / are looking / to Peru / .	wilding and tell passents. A
2	te sentences with your own information.	
	mple: I get along with my sister and my friend Josh. Two people you get along with:	
	Two characteristics you can't put up with:	
	One person you look up to:	
	Two things you're looking forward to:	

Circle the correct verb form to complete each sentence.

1. Kendra: "I saw an accident on Main Street."

Kendra said that she an accident on Main Street.

a. sees

b. has seen

(c.)had seen

2. Jack: "I look up to my grandfather."

Jack told me he _____ to his grandfather.

a. will look up b. looked up c. would look up

3. Shan: "I will take care of my brother's daughter."

Shan said she _____ of her brother's daughter.

a. would take care b. won't take care c. is taking care

4. Sibel: "The driver of the car has disappeared!"

Sibel told me that the driver of the car .

a. had disappeared

b. were disappearing c. disappear

5. Matt: "I'm getting along well with my roommates."

Matt told me that he _____ with his roommates.

a. has gotten along well b. was getting along well c. would get along well

6. Ricardo: "I have a doctor's appointment."

Ricardo said he _____ a doctor's appointment.

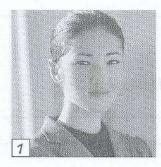
a. has had b. had had c. had

Match each sentence to the correct picture.

- 1. She said that she was working on Tuesday.
- 2. She said that she had worked on Tuesday.
- 3. She said that she worked on Tuesday.
- 4. She said that she would work on Tuesday.



"I work on Tuesday."



"I am working on Tuesday."



"I worked on Tuesday."



"I will work on Tuesday."

v	mplete the sentences. Use said or		,
	Olivia: "I have an important mee	eting Doug"	
	Olivia told Doug		ant meetina
)	John: "I did well on my test."		
3.	JohnPaula: "I'm riding my bicycle to t	the movie theater. Sue."	emulacents in help
	Paula Sue _		
1.	Victor: "I'll tell the police about t		er an strans
	Victor me _		
5.	Fred: "I have come up with a gre		
	Fred	(8)	
ř.	Sally: "A UFO is sitting in front of		toured by not build
	Sally		tenio, see alsema
	ad the news story. Then write wha		
	ROBBER ESCAPES Last night there was a theft at the	WITH EXPENSIV	E PAINTING
	ROBBER ESCAPES	e art museum. The museum di llion." Many people were visiti e officer, "I saw a man leave th with her two sons but could o is surprising because the mus year-old art student, told repo 76, said, "The robber won't ger eum, agrees with Weston. She robber." Then she said, "He w	E PAINTING rector said, "A robber ing the museum at the me museum with a large iffer no help. "I didn't seum is in a quiet, safe orters, "I am surprised taway with it!" Donna told reporters, "The ill get caught." If you
	ROBBER ESCAPES Last night there was a theft at the has taken a painting worth \$2 mill time. Oliver Jones, 52, told a police bag." Cindy Milton, 33, was there were anything," she said. The theft neighborhood. Jen Kennedy, a 25-yand a little scared." Tom Weston, 50 Lawrence, who works at the muse police are already looking for the	e art museum. The museum di llion." Many people were visiti e officer, "I saw a man leave th with her two sons but could o is surprising because the mus year-old art student, told repo 76, said, "The robber won't get eum, agrees with Weston. She robber." Then she said, "He w	E PAINTING rector said, "A robber ing the museum at the ne museum with a large iffer no help. "I didn't seum is in a quiet, safe orters, "I am surprised away with it!" Donna told reporters, "The ill get caught." If you police.
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As I was saying, . . .

Complete the conversations with the sentences from the box.

To get back to what I was saying, I'm really upset with Melanie.

By the way, I saw a great movie on Friday.

- . I just thought of something.
- √That reminds me, I chatted with Ellie online last night.

To finish what I was saying, I'm going on vacation next week.

But as I was saying, the Internet is a great way to connect with old friends.

A.	Ana:	I love catching up with friends online.
	Lei:	That reminds me, I chatted with Ellie online last night.
		We talked for an hour!
		Really? How is she doing?
	Lei:	She's great. She told me she had moved to Canada.
	Ana:	Wow. That's interesting.
	Lei:	It really is. I wonder if my old friend Blanca ever chats online.
	Ana:	bet you could find her by using one of those websites for finding old friends.
В.	Sarah:	You know, I can't put up with people who lie.
	Drew:	Who lied to you?
	Sarah:	Well, Melanie told me she couldn't go the movies with me because she
		was sick, but then Tom told me they went to the movie together.
	Drew:	AND THE WIND WAY AS THE TRANSPORT OF SAN WELLOW SHE SAND TO PROTESTS. THE
	Sarah:	What did you see?
	Drew:	That new Brad Pitt movie.
	Sarah:	That sounds great
C.	Carl:	Martin is taking care of my plants while I'm on vacation.
	Tito:	Hey,
		What?
		I heard that Joe's Green Place is having a sale on plants. Do you want to go?
	carl:	Sure. We could go tomorrow.

There's always an explanation.

1	Complete	the	puzzle	and	the	sentences	with	the	correct	verb	s.
- 11	Complete	the	puzzle	and	the	sentences	with	the	correct	ve	ъ

	٠.	_	_	_	_	-
- 1	ж.	r	r	o	æ	æ
- 4	п.	ъ.	ж.	u	а	-3

- I don't _____ on going to the restaurant with you tonight, it's too expensive.
- 4. We can't _____ on a dress. Do you like the blue one or the red one?
- I don't _____ in UFOs, but my brother thinks they are real.
- I never _____ about my problems. It always seems to be OK in the end.
- 8. You can _____ on me. I'll help you with anything.

Down

- Carmela doesn't _____ in many sports, but she plays tennis with her family,
- Don't about your mother. You have to pick her up at the airport today.
- Nick can on his sister. She is always helpful when he needs her.
- I didn't about anything while I was sleeping last night.
- 5. Did you about Brendon? John said that he was going to Spain!

							1 _P	L	A	N	
				2						3	
					4						
	6	5									
7	IS.					8	-				1

Answer the questions with your own information.

Example: I worry about my classes, or I worry about my children.

- 1. What or who do you worry about?
- 2. What sports do you participate in?
- 3. Who can you depend on?
- 4. What do you plan on doing this weekend?
- 5. What have you dreamed about more than once?

Read about Brianna and Rafael's conversation. Then write T (true) or F (false).

Brianna asked Rafael if he was OK. Rafael said he was fine. Then Rafael asked Brianna if she had gone to the Wakes concert last night. Brianna told him that she hadn't gone. Rafael said that he had gone to the concert and it had been great. Brianna said she was sorry she hadn't gone. Then she asked if the Wakes were playing again soon. Rafael told her that they were. He said they would play at the CC Café on Friday. Brianna said that she would definitely go on Friday. Then she said she was looking forward to it.

1.	Brianna wanted to know how Rafael wasT	
2.	Brianna went to the concert last night	
3.	Rafael went to the concert last night	
4.	Rafael thought the concert was bad	
5.	The Wakes aren't playing on Friday.	
6.	Brianna is planning to go to the next concert.	

- Circle the correct verb form to complete the reported speech in each sentence.
 - 1. Jim: "Hey, Dina, do you plan on going to Doug's party?" Jim asked Dina if she is planning /(planned)on going to Doug's party.
 - 2. Larissa: "Did you hear about the big storm, Kayla?" Larissa asked Kayla if she had heard / was hearing about the big storm.
 - 3. Nancy: "Will you take care of my cat next week, Janet?" Nancy asked Janet if she would take care of / took care of her cat next week.
 - 4. Jason: "Are you driving to Chicago, Tiago?" Jason asked Tiago if he drives / was driving to Chicago.
 - 5. Linda: "Hey, Tim, have you tried the dumplings yet?" Linda asked Tim if he would try / had tried the dumplings yet.
 - 6. Sakura: "Are you nervous about the test, Dan?" Sakura asked Dan if he is / was nervous about the test.
 - 7. Mario: "Hi, Lori. Do you want to go shopping?" Mario asked Lori if she wanted / had wanted to go shopping.

	Complete the sentences with the correct pronouns.
	1. Jennifer: "Mom, are you tired?"
	Jennifer asked her mother ifshe was tired.
	2. Carol: "Joe, have you seen my sister?"
	Carol asked Joe if had seen sister.
	3. Jack: "Will you help me with my homework?"
	Jack asked me if I would help with homework.
	4. Debbie: "Hi, Mr. and Mrs. Lee. Are you going to buy a new car?"
	Debbie asked Mr. and Mrs. Lee if were going to buy a new car.
	5. Mr. Garza: "Good morning, students. Have you done your homework?"
	Mr. Garza asked the students if had done homework.
NI NI	Read the conversation. Then rewrite the underlined questions as reported questions.
	Erica: I'm really worried.
	Paul: Are you worried about Ben? He wasn't in class
	yesterday. Erica: Yes, I am. Have you talked to him?
	Paul: No, I haven't, but I'm sure he's OK.
	Erica: Will you call him?
	Paul: I guess so. Why? Is your phone at home?
	Erica: No, but I don't want to call him. I'm embarrassed. Paul: Embarrassed? What's going on? Did you and Ben
	have a fight?
	Erica: Oh, no. I had a dream about him last night. He was in an accident
	in the dream, and now I want to make sure he's OK. Paul: OK. I'll call him. Do you have Ben's number?
	Erica: It's 820-555-2962. Are you going to tell Ben about my dream?
	Please don't!
	1. Paul asked Erica <u>if she was worried about Ben</u> .
	2. Erica asked Paul
	3. Erica asked Paul
	4. Paul asked Erica
	5. Paul asked Erica
	6. Paul asked Erica
	7. Erica asked Paul

Thoughts, values, and experiences

Read the story. Who is in the audience during the TV show?

Inside the Actor's Studio



James Lipton is a TV host in the United States. He has a TV show called Inside the Actor's Studio that has been on TV since 1994. He interviews actors and actresses about their careers. He's also a teacher at a university. The audience is always students from his acting classes. The hour-long interviews are always interesting, but people really look forward to the end of the show. At the end, Lipton asks his guests questions based on the Proust Questionnaire. He asks each guest the same ten questions every week. Some of the questions are: What's your favorite word?, What's your least favorite word?, What sound or noise do you love?, and What sound or noise do you hate?

Many actors have given similar answers to the questions. When actress Gwyneth Paltrow was on the show, Lipton asked her what sound or noise she loved. She said that she loved the sound of her mother's voice when she said "goodnight." When Johnny Depp answered the same question,

he said that he loved the sound of his daughter's voice. Angelina Jolie said she loved the sound of her son when he couldn't stop laughing. Jolie said her least favorite sound was children in pain. Comedian and actor Dave Chappelle said he didn't like the sound of children crying.

Depp told Lipton that his favorite word was why and his least favorite word was no. Chappelle, Jolie, and actor Will Smith also said their least favorite word was no. Jolie said her favorite word was now.

Lipton has also heard some interesting and unique answers to the questionnaire over the years. Singer Jennifer Lopez said her favorite word was love and her least favorite word was can't. British actor Hugh Laurie said that his favorite word was marsupial, which is a word that describes animals with a pouch, like a kangaroo. Several of Laurie's answers were funny. He said his favorite noise was someone playing a guitar badly. Lipton asked him why, and Laurie said he couldn't explain it.

After the questions are finished, Lipton's students get to come up with their own questions to ask the guest. Lipton wants to entertain his audience, but he believes in giving his acting students an interesting way to learn.

2	Read the	storv	again.	Then	write 1	(true)	F	(false).	or	NI	(no	information).
Section 1	read the	Stor y	again.	HIGH	AALLES	(uuc),		(laise),	VI	141	(110	momation	1.

- 1. Before Inside the Actor's Studio, James Lipton used to be an actor. NI
- 2. Lipton asks all guests the same questions based on the Proust Questionnaire.
- Johnny Depp has a son, but he doesn't have a daughter.
- 4. Many of the guests mentioned in the story said their favorite word was yes.
- 5. Hugh Laurie's favorite word is kangaroo.
- 6. Lipton's students ask the guests interesting questions. __

The real world



Getting it done

Complete the text with the correct phrases from the box.

accepted the job offer applied for the job prepare for the interview

printed the email ✓ proofread and formatted his résumé provide references

researched the job sent a thank-you note translate a letter

for him. John had forgotten to	on his
	oked for jobs on the Internet. He saw an ad for a
translator, and he	. Mrs. Baker from TB
Frans called him to schedule an inter	3 rview. Kyle helped him
	. He asked John questions that he thought
Mrs. Baker would ask. John	, and he read a
lot of information about the compan	5
	from Mrs. Baker with the directions to her
6 office. H <mark>is interview went really well</mark>	. He went home and
	to Mrs. Baker. Two days later, Mrs. Baker
offered him a job. John	. His first
assignment was to	8 from English to Spanish
	9

Example: Yes, I have. I looked up information about the company online, and I practiced answering questions.

- 1. Have you ever had a job interview? What did you do to prepare for it?
- 2. Have you ever made a résumé? Who proofread it?
- 3. Have you ever accepted a job offer? What job was it?

	you can help your friend. It is sometime. Set up automatic payments and							
•	you can help your friend. It is sometime							
	• with jobs around the house. Late							
9	you children for a few hours. Their you	tropic site solly forestropic.	defin bert tere noy such					
	your children for a few hours. Then you	can get things done.	Residence Line					
	If you have children, get some help.	(ppdiamaki sengaluk se kan	nettagen Last Stone					
	for you. It's a little expensive, but it will	give you time for other thin	- Albar annihmenn satt skorn					
	Don't stress about a clean house.		your house					
		at many places.						
	Are you tired of doing laundry? Do you Have your clothes dry-cleaned		miles and a series consister					
	reate More Time a	Hal						
	roote Mere Time a	t Uomo						
get a	neighbor to take care of have you	neone clean ur bank pay ur clothes dry-cleaned						
	te the text with the correct phrases from							
Will	Jennifer cut her own hair?	☐ Yes	□ No					
6. Jenn	ifer plans to get her hair cut on Tuesday	/.						
Who	washes the car?	☐ Frank	☐ Ben					
5. Fran	k has Ben wash his car on the weekend	ds.						
Who	photocopies the papers?	☐ Mr. Clar	k 🗌 Ned					
4. Mr. (Clark gets Ned to photocopy his importa	int papers.						
Did :	someone translate Yoko's reference lette	er? Yes	□ No					
3. Yoko	had her reference letter translated.							
Does	Martha wash her own clothes?	☐ Yes	□ No					
2. Mart	ha has her clothes washed at Mindy's L	aundry.						
Who	prints the business cards?	☐ John	✓ Pete					
1. John	gets Pete to print the business cards.							

- Circle the correct word to complete each sentence.
 - 1. Rachel(has)/ gets her sister translate letters for her.
 - 2. Sammy has / gets leff to do the laundry.
 - 3. Mario and Camila have / get FoTake print their photos.
 - 4. I usually have / get my father to drive me to the airport.
 - 5. Asami has / gets Jessie to help her with her homework.
 - 6. We have / get Park Press print our business cards.
 - 7. Do you have / get anyone proofread your résumé?
 - 8. Who do you get / have to clean your house?
 - 9. Josh has / gets Pam feed his cat when he's on vacation.
 - 10. Mona has / gets her neighbor to pick up her mail when she's in London.
- Look at Michio's "To Do" list. He has checked (✓) the things that he has already gotten done. Write sentences about what he has already had done and what he still needs to have done. Use the verbs in parentheses.

TO DO

- 1. suits dry-clean V
- 2. shirts iron
- 3. hair cut ✓
- 4. apartment clean
- résumé proofread √
- 6. résumé translate into English
- 7. business cards print ✓
- 8. car fix

DRY CLEANERS



- 1. (have) Michio had his suits dry-cleaned.
- He needs to get his shirts ironed. 2. (get)
- 3. (get)
- 4. (have)
- 5. (get)
- 6. (have)
- 7. (have)
- 8. (get)

Let me see . . .

Three people are interviewing for a job as a salesperson. Complete the interviews with sentences from the box. Sometimes more than one answer is possible. Use each sentence only once.

1	Hmm, let me Oh let's s Um, let me s	ee. Well, it's been nice meeting you.	
Α.	Interviewer:	One more question, Ms. Jones. What is your	
		greatest strength?	
		Well, I really enjoy working with people.	1
	Interviewer:	OK. And what do you like best about working with people?	
	Ms. Jones:	Ohlet's see.	
		I like to learn new things from them. I also	DESIGN.
		like to help other people get things done.	
	Interviewer:	Very good	
		We'll call you in a few days.	
В.	Interviewer:	I have one last question, Mr. Harris. What is your greatest strength?	
	Mr. Harris:		
		I know I'm very outgoing. I love to talk to people.	
	Interviewer:	And the second s	
	Mr. Harris:	Thanks. Did I get the job?	
	Interviewer:	We have a few more interviews. We'll call you in a few days.	
C.	Interviewer:	OK, I have only one more question. What is your greatest strength?	
	Mr. Gomez:	I'm very responsible. I'm always on time. I'm also energetic and	
		hardworking. Oh, and I'm very good with computers.	
	Interviewer:	OK. And if you had to pick one thing which one would it be?	
	Mr. Gomez:	I guess that I'm	
		responsible. I think it's important to be on time and to get your work done.	
	Interviewer:	Thank you	
		for coming in for this interview, Mr. Gomez. We'll call you in a few days.	
W	ho do you thi	nk would be best for the job? Check () your answer.	

☐ Ms. Jones

☐ Mr. Harris

☐ Mr. Gomez

Future goals

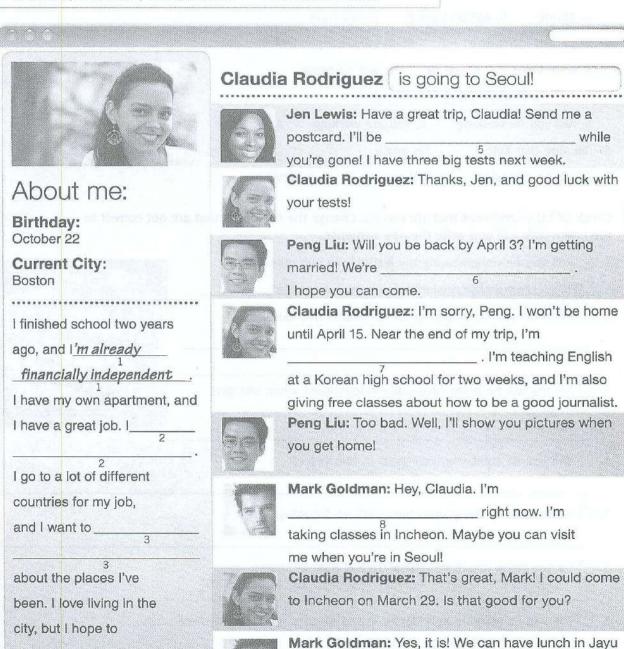
someday!

Complete the text with the correct phrases from the box.

doing volunteer work
having a big wedding
live in the countryside

//m already financially independent

'm working as a journalist preparing for my exams studying abroad write travel books



Park, my favorite place here.

1900		
len.	Circle the correct verb form to complete each sentence.	
	1. What next year?	
	a. will you be b. were you doing c. will you be	e doing
	2. Jacob Chinese at a university next year.	
	a. will be studying b. be studying c. was stud	
	3. Tonya her new car by next week.	
	a. having b. will be having c. will have	
	4. Larry and Samantha financially independent in	n a year.
	a. were being b. will be c. will be being	
	5 with Mr. Harding this week?	
	a. Will you be working b. You are working c. V	Vorking
	6. I'm sure that Kyle his goals.	
	a. will be achieving b. will achieve c. achieving	g
9990a	laport view	About me:
3	Check () the sentences that are correct. Change the sen the future with will and write the new sentence.	tences that are not correct to
	1. Will you be remembering my birthday in two mont	hs?
	Will you remember my birthday in two months?	
	2. Min Woo will be preparing for his exams this week	end.
	arti April 15. staurano end of my fras, i're	Corposer 12
	statigated printage from 1	The last of the la
	3. Susana will be being financially independent when a job.	she gets
	4. Will you be achieving your goals in two years?	Priestation in the principal
	5. Beatriz will be doing volunteer work on Saturday.	Aby you set separates
	6. Do you think they'll be having a good time in Spain	n?
	7. Tim will be working as a doctor in Los Angeles for	the next three years.
	8. We'll be believing your story when you prove it.	Mark Mark

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Read the article. What is causing some jobs to disappear?

DISAPPEARING IOBS

Have you ever thought about jobs disappearing? As technology improves and new things are invented, some jobs are no longer needed. For example, before the invention of the automatic elevator, there were elevator operators. The operator controlled the elevator as it went up and down, and he or she opened and closed the doors of the elevator. Once elevators became automated, this job was no longer needed. Here are some other jobs that might disappear some day.

Travel Agents: In the past, people had travel agents plan their trips and buy their tickets. Today, it is easy to buy plane tickets online. It's also easy to research different places to go, find hotels, rent cars, and much more. There will be fewer travel agents in the future because more and more people will be planning their vacations online.

Bank Tellers: Bank tellers inside a bank help you get cash, deposit your checks, and transfer money. But since the invention of automated teller machines (ATMs), online banking, and banking by phone, many people rarely go inside a bank. They don't need to get help from the bank teller because they can use new technologies to do those things at the ATM, online, or by phone.



Photo Processors: Photo processors develop and print pictures. With the invention of digital cameras, the need for this job has been reduced. Many stores now have machines that print digital pictures. Even these types of stores are disappearing because many people now print their pictures at home.

Video Store Clerks: People don't have to go to video stores to rent movies anymore. They can rent them from companies that send movies in the mail. Many videos can also be streamed online. It's possible that there won't be any video stores in the future.

We'll know in time which of these jobs will last and which ones won't. We'll also see what other jobs might disappear as technology improves. Even though some jobs are lost, technology also creates new jobs. For example, someone has to put money in ATM machines and repair them when they break.

7	Read the	article	again.	Write T	(true).	F	(false).	or	NI	(no	information)	
1000000	nead the	ditiere	apa	******	(0,00)		(1		-

- 1. The automatic elevator was invented 100 years ago. NI
- 2. There are no travel agents now. _____
- 3. Because of ATMs, people never go into banks now. _____
- 4. A lot of people print photographs at home. _____
- 5. It's very expensive to stream videos online. _____
- 6. New jobs are often created when old ones disappear. _____

Findingsolutions



Environmental concerns

1	Complete the	sentences and	the puzzle	with the	correct verbs	. What's the	mystery word?
1888	comproce the	Sellicellees will	a tire puzzie	. AAITH CHIC	COLLECT ACIDS	. WILLY 2 FILE	mystery word:

E

1.	Dana wants	to	her	old	computer,	but
	she doesn't	know	where to	tak	e it	

- 2. Lydia _____ tasks when she goes out in her car. For example, she buys food at a store near her office.
- 3. Don't _____ oil on the ground.
- 4. Jack's car is in great condition. He _____ it by checking the oil often.
- 5. You should _____ where the recycling room is in your new apartment building.

HEREA.										
11	Complete	the	text	with	the	correct	verbs	from	the	box.

avoid limit conserve store commute discard purchase ✓ recycle

Simple Ways You Can Reduce Pollution

- Recycle items like newspapers, magazines, and plastic bottles from your home.
- products that are harmful for the environment. Instead, "green" products for your home.
- old batteries and printer ink properly. Be sure you them in a safe place until you find the right place to throw them away.
- How do you to work? Can you walk, take a bus, or ride a bicycle to work? If you have to drive, try to go to work with other people in your car.
- water. When you wash your hair or brush your teeth, turn the water off until you are ready to use it again. In this way, you can

how much water you use.

Complete the sentences with the present continuous passive of the verb in parentheses.

Many hotels do things that are not good	for the environment. For example, water
is being wasted	(waste) every day in many hotels, and many items
Show ender oft 7 kdW at	(not / recycle). The good news is that there is a
growing number of "green" hotels aroun	d the world. The Alto Hotel in Melbourne, Australia, is
one that is making a difference. For exam	nple, the lights at the hotel are powered by wind energy,
and the guests' newspapers are recycled	every day. Other environmentally friendly things
3	(do) every day at the Alto Hotel, too. If you go
here, you'll see that "green" cleaning pr	4
to clean the rooms. Rain water	5
he hotel and then used later for cleaning	
6	(teach) how to help the environment, too.
	ey drive electric or hybrid cars. And guests
7	(remind) that they can walk to places close nmentally friendly, it's a beautiful place to stay, too.
ite sentences with the verbs in parenthe	ses. Use the simple present with the
finitive passive.	king problem)
finitive passive. (Something / have / do / about the par	king problem) e parking problem.
finitive passive. (Something / have / do / about the par Something has to be done about the	king problem) e parking problem.
finitive passive. (Something / have / do / about the par Something has to be done about the (More "green" buildings / need / create	king problem) e parking problem. ainers)
(Something / have / do / about the par Something has to be done about the (More "green" buildings / need / create (Chemicals / have / store / in safe cont	king problem) e parking problem. ainers)
(Something / have / do / about the par Something has to be done about the (More "green" buildings / need / create (Chemicals / have / store / in safe cont	king problem) e parking problem. ainers)

Circle the correct words to complete the conversation. Rosa: Something has to be done / is being done about the pollution in this city. Jake: I agree that the problem needs to be taken care of / is being taken care of, but it's too big for us to do anything about it. Rosa: We can help a lot! A lot of pollution to be made / is being made by our cars. Jake: But we have to get to work! Rosa: There are other ways to go. You know, in some cities cars not to be allowed / aren't being allowed on the road with only one person. Jake: Hmm, that's interesting. I guess if changes have to be made / are being made, people will make them! Rosa: Maybe we can talk to people at work and start a carpool . . . you know, ride together. Jake: That's a good idea. That new highway to be built / is being built right now. It will be easy for me to pick up you and Tonya on my way to work. Rosa: That'd be great. But don't remind me about the new highway! Think of all the pollution that to be created / is being created by all those cars! Complete the sentences with your own ideas about your country. If you need help, you can use some of the words in the box. clean fix pollution paper technology conserve health clinics parks recycle trash education newspapers plastic recycling programs waste Example: Something has to be done about maintaining our bridges. or Something has to be done about the pollution in our air. Something has to be done about _ Not enough money is being spent on 3. A lot of money is being spent on _____ _____ is / are being recycled. _____isn't / aren't being recycled. The highways need to be ___

That's a good point.

Complete the conversation with the sentences from the box.

I see it a little differently. It's better to pay more for something that doesn't harm the environment. Thanks. I like the idea of "green" products. That's great, but these products are really expensive. √This store is great. They only sell "green" products. Wow. You make a very good point. Yes, but you have the money to pay more. This store is areat. They only sell "areen" products.



Bill:	- I will be a second on the second of the se
	I think that's OK
Bill:	I think everyone should be able to buy products that help the environment.
Ken:	Well, I don't mind paying more!
Ditti.	What about people who don't have the money? They should be able to buy "green" products, too.
Ken:	
Bill:	most with your own stock about your country. If you redd holp, you newals in the box.
	I just think they should be cheaper.

What do you think about these opinions? Use a phrase from the box to give your own response.

Actually, I have a different opinion. I see what you mean. That's a good point. I don't see it that way.

1. Ken: People should have to drive with two or more people in their cars. 2. Bill: People shouldn't have to recycle if they don't want to.

My community

Label each picture with the correct community improvement phrase. Use one word from each box.

1	beautification
	community

employment health

neighborhood public

recreation recycling

center center

center clinic

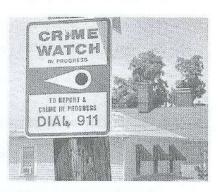
garden library

✓ project watch



1. beautification project















- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1. don't recycle / a recycling center here, / Although / there's / many people / .

 Although there's a recycling center here, many people don't recycle.
 - 2. after school / Jen goes / Jen's mom / so / works late, / to a recreation center / .
 - 3. a city rule / because of / We / about maintaining cars / have cleaner air / .
 - 4. a beautification project / so that / this area / We / will look better / should start / .
 - 5. Our yard / at the garden center / we / if / will look nice / get plants / .
- Circle the correct words to complete the email.

Dear Councilman Sunders:

I am a concerned citizen in your area. So Although the city council office is working to fight crime in our neighborhood, we still need more help. This is a significant problem, and many people in the neighborhood no longer go out at night if / because of the crime. A few of my neighbors and I want to try to help solve the problem. We feel things will get better if / so we start a neighborhood watch. But we don't think that's enough. We think the police need to be in our neighborhood more because of / so criminals know they will get caught. We're dedicated to changing things, so / although we will be at the next community meeting on May 8 at 7:00 p.m. in the Oakmont Community Center. We hope you or someone from your office will be there because of / so that you can help. Although / If this email may seem negative, we appreciate your work on the city council. I'm asking for your help so that / because of what you have done in the past for our great city.

Please contact me if you have questions or if you'd like more information about our plan for a neighborhood watch.

Thank you,

Brenda Quinton

-Concerned citizen

	mbine th <mark>e</mark> phrases to make sentences. Add <i>although, because of, if, so,</i> or <i>so that</i> . Add comma when necessary.				
1.	you should go to the health clinic / you don't feel well				
	You should go to the health clinic if you don't feel well.				
2.	Dennis doesn't like sports / he plays basketball with his brother once in a while				
	Althou <mark>gh Dennis</mark>				
}.	Carla loves sports / she plays soccer and tennis at the recreation center				
١.	my mother enjoys being outside / she works a lot in the community garden				
j.	Mr. and Mrs. Quinton don't go out at night / the crime in the neighborhood				
5.	Il go to the employment center tomorrow / I don't get this job today				
٠.	. we should ask for volunteers / the beautification project won't be too expensive				
	we have a great public library here / some people rarely read a book ad the text. Then answer the questions.				
	NAO I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
	Neighbors! Although I'm happy that we have a new recycling center in the neighborhood, I think it needs to be improved. The containers aren't big enough, so there are always items on the floor. The area would be much cleaner if the containers were bigger. There is also no place to recycle newspapers, so I think that needs to be added. Someone told me the recycling center is small because of a lack of money. We need to write to Councilman Steven Sunders and tell him how important this center is so that something can be done about it. Neighbors – please help yourselves, and write a letter today so we can get this problem fixed! Email Shawn Davis for more information at SDavis@cup.com.				
	Is Shawn happy that there is a new recycling center? Yes, he is.				
	Is Shawn happy that there is a new recycling center? Yes, he is. Are the containers at the center big enough?				
	Are the containers at the center big enough?				
2. 3. 1.	Are the containers at the center big enough? Is the recycling center clean?				

Getting involved

Read the text. What are three benefits of mobile health clinics?

They			
	-1	2	
and			
	3		

Health Clinics on the Move

Health care is a concern around the world. There are often too many people at hospitals, and in some areas people have to commute a long way to get to them. One solution to this problem is mobile health clinics. Mobile health clinics are like a small doctor's office in a van. The van drives to different locations so that people can get to it easily. Mobile clinics don't provide everything that a doctor's office or a hospital can, but there are a lot of services they do have. Doctors and nurses in mobile health clinics help people who are sick, test people for medical problems, and give patients information.

One benefit of mobile health clinics is that they can save money. When people are being checked at a mobile health clinic, they can avoid expensive trips to the emergency room. For example, in the United States, a trip to a mobile health clinic in Boston, Massachusetts, costs about \$120. A visit to an emergency room in the same area is usually about \$970.

Mobile health clinics can also help people avoid serious health problems. The St. Joseph Mobile Health Clinic in Santa Rosa, California, helps over 1,400 families every year. These are people who might not go to a doctor regularly if there weren't



any mobile health clinics. They would only go to a hospital if they had serious problems, The mobile health clinic can catch problems before they get serious.

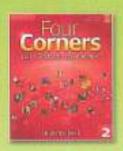
Mobile health clinics also bring care to people who don't live near medical services. For example, in Kenya, the clinics, hospitals, and doctors' offices are in large cities. So the mobile health clinics take the doctors and nurses to communities that are not near the large cities.

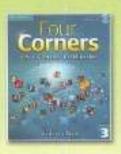
One program in Peru has mobile health clinics that include dental care. The program brings dentists to small communities with no dentists and educates people on how to take care of their teeth. Then they can keep their teeth healthy after the clinic leaves the area.

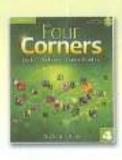
- 2 Read the text again. Then answer the questions.
 - What are three things doctors do in mobile health clinics? <u>help people who are sick, test</u> people for medical problems, and give patients information
 - 2. How much does it cost to go to a mobile health clinic in Boston?
 - 3. How many families go to the St. Joseph Mobile Clinic every year? _
 - 4. Why don't some people in Kenya go to doctors' offices or hospitals? _
 - 5. What is one kind of medical service provided by mobile clinics in Peru?

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David Bohlike

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