Headway

Elementary Workbook with key



Liz & John Soars • Jo McCaul



Headway Elementary Workbook with key

Liz & John Soars • Jo McCaul

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Phonetic symbols

Course overview

Headway

Welcome to Headway

5th edition. Here's how
the blended syllabus
helps you link learning
in the classroom with
meaningful practice
outside.



Student's Book

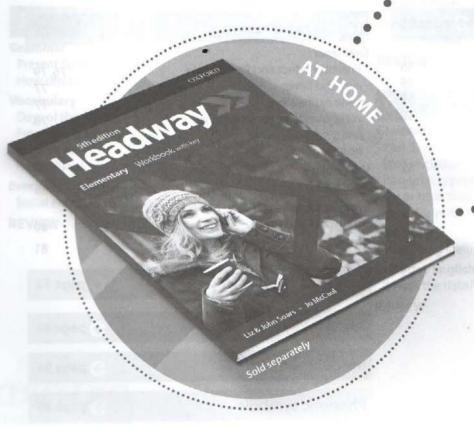
All the language and skills you need to improve your English, with grammar, vocabulary and skills work in every unit. Also available as an e-book.

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4 Overview

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Headway >> Online Practice

LOOK AGAIN

- Review the language from every lesson
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PRACTICE

 Develop your skills with extra Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking practice

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

- Test yourself on the main language from the unit and get instant feedback
 - Try an extra challenge

Online Practice

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Use the Online Practice at home to extend your learning and get instant feedback on your progress.

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Overview

Nice to meet you!

- · am/are/is, my/your
- * he/she, his/her
- Possessive's

- Countries and nationalities
- · The family; Adjectives
- Everyday conversations



Vocabulary

Countries and nationalities

Complete the sentences with a nationality from the list.

Brazilian Spanish Italian Egyptian Chinese Australian French

Ciao!

1 I'm from Australia. I'm Australian



2 We're from China.



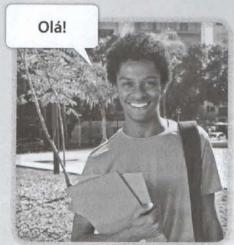
3 She's from Italy.



4 They're from Egypt. ___



5 I'm from Spain. __



6 He's from Brazil. _



They're from France.

6 Unit 1 · Nice to meet you!

Grammar

Personal information

am/are/is, my/your

1 Complete the conversations.



- 1 A Hello. My name's Lisa. What's name?

 - B Gabriel.
 - A Where _____ you from, Gabriel?
 - B I from Brazil.
 - A Oh! Where in Brazil are from?
 - B From Rio de Janeiro.
 - A Rio de Janeiro _____ amazing! Well, nice to meet you, Gabriel.
 - B Thank you. And you.



- 2 A Hello. What___ your first name?
 - B My name's Carla.
 - A And what's your ____?
 - B Perkins.
 - A How do you ____ that?
 - B P E R K I N S.
 - A And _____ are you from, Carla?
 - B I _____ from Oxford.
 - A Thank you very much.

1.1 Listen and check.

he/she, his/her

- 2 Look at the information about Carla and Gabriel. Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 A What's her surname?
 - B Perkins.
 - A _____ her first name?
 - B Carla.
 - A Where's from?
 - B She's from Oxford, England.
 - A How old
 - B She's 25.
 - A What's ____ phone number?
 - B 01764 293880.
 - A ______ email address?
 - B cperkins@mailsnet.com
 - A _____ married?
 - B No, ______
 - 2 A What's his surname?
 - B Santos.
 - his first name?
 - B Gabriel.
 - A Where's ______ from?
 - B He's _____ Brazil.
 - A How old is _____?
 - B He's 19.
 - A What's ___ __ phone number?
 - B 934 298 701.
 - A email address?
 - B gsantos@mails.com

 - B No,
 - 1.2 Listen and check.
- 3 Write the short forms of the underlined verbs.
 - 1 She is from Italy.
- She's
- 2 She is not a teacher. She isn't
- 3 I am American. 4 I am not married.
- 5 They are Spanish.
- 6 They are not French.

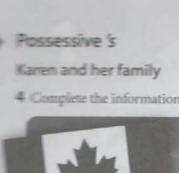
married?

- 7 It is hot.
- 8 It is not cold.

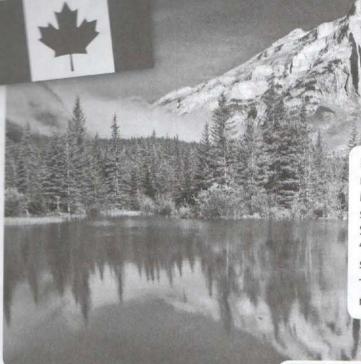


Surname	Perkins
First name	Carla
Country	England
Age	25
Phone number	01764 29388
email address	cperkins@mailsnet.com
married?	no





4 Complete the information about Karen Boucher and her family.



Hi! My name is Karen, and I'm from Canada. This is my family. My 1 father's name is Alan. He's a teacher. My 2 ______ name is Celine. She's French, and she's a nurse. My 3 _____ name is Christine. She's 21, and she's a student at the university. My 4 _____ name is Joseph. He's 17, and he's at school.

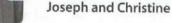
This is a photo of me and my cat. My ⁵_ name is Pico. His favourite food is fish.

13 Listen and check.

5 Write *is* if $\dot{s} = is$. Write *P* if $\dot{s} = \text{possessive}$.

- 1 My name's Karen.
- is
- 2 My father's name is Alan.
- <u>P</u>
- 3 He's a teacher.
- 4 My mother's name is Celine.
- 5 She's French.
- 6 My sister's a student.
- 7 My brother's name is Joseph.
- 8 My cat's favourite food is fish.





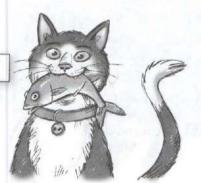
Celine and Alan

have/go/live/like

6 Complete the sentences with have, go, live, or like.

- 1 I have a brother and a sister.
- 2 I like them. They're very nice.
- 3 I ______ to a school called St Mary's.
- 4 I ______ in Vancouver.
- 5 We _____ in a house near a park.
- 6 I ______ to the park at the weekend.
- 7 I _____ a cat called Pico.

8 'I _____ fish.'

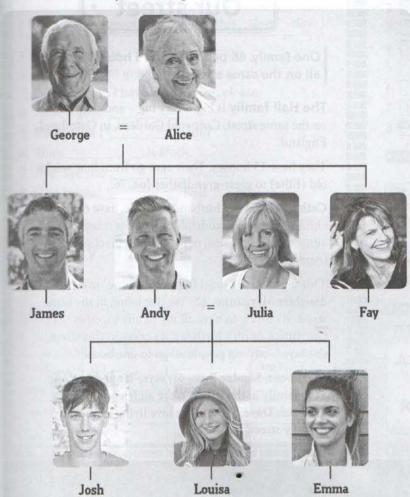


8 Unit 1 · Nice to meet you!

Vocabulary

The family

1 Look at the family tree. Complete the crossword.



Adjectives

2 Write the opposite adjective.

easy small cold good nice expensive young old

- 1 London isn't cheap. It's expensive .
- 2 My coffee isn't hot. It's cold .
- 3 'Are your shoes new?' 'No, they're
- 4 You aren't a bad student! You're a _____student!
- '5 'My dad's 40. He's old." 'He isn't old! Forty is_
- 6 This exercise isn't difficult. It's
- 7 Our flat isn't big. It's
- 8 The weather isn't horrible! It's .
- **3** Complete the adjectives.
 - 1 The weather's nice! It's warm and
 - 2 It's <u>d f i </u> to understand you. You speak very fast.
 - 3 My family's very nice. We're very f i d y.
 - 4 I love Paris. It's a <u>b t f l</u> city.
 - 5 My book is very i t r t g.
 - 6 Mmm! The coffee is really good! It's 1 v 1.

A	c	D	0	<	5
\mathbf{a}	•	o a	~	-	-

- 3 James is Andy's _____. (7) 8 Louisa is Emma's _____. (6)
- Julia is Andy's _____. (4)
- Josh is Andy's _____. (3)
- Josh is Fay's _____. (6)
- 15 Louisa, Josh and Emma are Andy's ____

- Julia is Louisa's ______. (6)
- 2 Fay is Emma's _____. (4)
- 4 George is Alice's _____. (7)
- 5 Alice is Josh's _____. (11)
- 6 Louisa is Fay's _____. (5)
- 7 George is Louisa's _____. (11)
- 12 Andy and Julia are Louisa's _
- 13 Andy is Josh's _____. (6)
- 14 James is Louisa's ______. (5)

	³ B	R	0	T	4 <i>H</i>	E	R		6		7	5
								8				
		11/2								10		-
					11		12					
	13		14									
												1
5									16	FI		

4 Read about the Hall family. Complete the sentences.

- 1 Sixty-six members of the Hall family live on the same street.
- 2 They have 15 _____.
- 3 _____ is four weeks old.
- 4 Joe is a great-grandfather. He's _____ years old.
- 5 Catherine and George have six .
- 6 Their daughter's name is _____.
- 7 At Christmas, they all _____ to one house for a party.
- 8 The neighbours _____ the Hall family very much.
- 5 1.4 Read and listen to the lines below. Who is speaking?

Joe George Marganne Sandra

It's lovely to have my mum, Catherine, in the same street.

Marganne

DESCRIPTION OF

Look at my beautiful little great-granddaughter.

My wife and I have six children.

It's lovely to have a big family in our street. My husband loves it, too.

One family, one street

Our street

One family, 66 people, and 15 houses all on the same street!

The Hall family is big - very big - and they all live on the same street, Cotswold Gardens, in Gateshead, England.

H COOK

E MARIE

SE BESSE

They have 15 houses. Their ages go from four weeks old (Ellie) to great-grandfather Joe, 76.

Catherine and her husband, George, have 6 children, and 15 grandchildren. Other relatives aunts, uncles, cousins, nephews, and nieces - all live there, too.

'Our family is the most important thing,' says daughter Marganne, 42. 'We like living in the same street. It's lovely to have all my family together. At Christmas, or on a birthday, it's crazy in this street,' she says. 'sixty-six people all go to one house!'

Neighbour, Sandra Ross, 41, says, 'It's great having a big family in the street. We're all friends.' Her husband, Dave, agrees. 'We love living in such a friendly street.



Everyday English

Everyday conversations

1 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

how can school	l on h	elp	this	sleep	day
1 Good morning, I	Pete. <u>How</u>	are	you?	h	
2 Bye, Mum! I'm ge	oing to _			_!	
3 I ha	ive a cup	of tea	a, plea	ase?	
4 Have a good		!			
5 Hello. Can I		you?			
6 Tony,	_ is Holl	y.			
7 Bye! See you		Mor	iday!		
8 Goodnight!	1	well.			

2	Match	a line from exercise 1 with a response below
	1 [Hello Holly Nice to meet you

- 2 Thanks. And you.
- 3 No, I'm fine, thanks.
- 4 See you in the morning.
- 5 Of course. Anything to eat?
- 6 Yes. Have a good weekend.
- 7 1 Fine, thanks. And you?
- 8 Bye, honey! See you later.

1.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Short form	Negative	Question
lam	I'm	LOFE THE	Am 1 ?
You are		You aren't	
He/She is		THE LEWIS	Is he/she?
We are	We're		
They are		They aren't	

2 Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective from the box.

L	ny your his her our their their your
1	Hello! What's <u>your</u> name?
2	A Pete! This is sister, Alice.
	B Hi, Alice. Nice to meet you.
3	Anna is 23 mother is a nurse.
4	All the students in my sister's class liketeacher.
5	Mr and Mrs Jones live here children are very nice.
6	Tom is married wife's name is Josie.
7	A Is this phone?

8 My sister and I go to Spain in the summer because

parents live in Barcelona.

TA)	Go	onlinet	Check	VOLIE	progre	220

B Yes, it is. Thank you.

Vocabulary

1 1.6 Match the sound of the letter with the sound of the word.

Α	E		0	Y	no	day	you	0	me
	1	U	Q		ca	r	Hi	my	bed
R		G	J	Z		tea	you	da	у

2 1.7 Listen. Complete the names and email addresses.

1	ALL	CE	
2		P	
3			
4		1	
5	_n a	@	com
6	i	<u>b</u>	@bz.com

3 Look at the chart below. Complete the sentences.

	American	car
	French	university
a	international	city
an	English	TV
	Japanese	name
	Italian	language

1	A	Cadillac is	an American car

2	Pierre is	B-SIM B	
3	Oxford is		

Work and family life

- Present Simple (1); questions and negatives
- Daily routines; verb + noun
- What time is it?

Grammar

Present Simple (1)

he/she/it

1 Look at the photos. Write the sentences with the correct person.

He works outside. She cooks Italian food. She goes to classes every day. She studies history. He travels a lot. He interviews people. He writes news stories. He serves drinks. He lives in the country.

She works in a hospital. She wears a uniform. She works in a kitchen.



1 Alec's a flight attendant. He serves drinks.



2 Sarah's a nurse.



3 Simon's a journalist.



4 Diana's a chef.



5 Sophie's a student.



6 Martin's a farmer.

Spelling of verb + -s

2 Write the verbs in the he/she form.

1	teach	teaches	_ 7	go	-	
2	live		8	do	naib syst	
3	work		_ 9	study		1
4	write		_ 10	play	THE STATE OF THE S	
5	earn		_ 11	watch		
6	have		_ 12	finish		

3 Complete the sentences with the *he/she* form of a verb from exercise **2**.

1	Alan is a	a footballer.	He	earns	£100,000 a w	reek
	Не	in t	he	Premi	er League.	

2	Robert is a professor. He	European
	history, and at weekends he	articles for
	a magazine.	

3	Tony	at a petrol station. He	
	work at 10.00) in the evening.	

4	Martha	a lot of business in London.
	She	in a modern house 20 miles from
	the centre.	

5	Molly's married, and she	a daughter,	
	Eva. Eva likes watching TV. She	crime	
	dramas.		

6	Sally	to the gym every morning. In the
	evening, she	maths at college.

(1) 2.1 Listen and check.

Pronunciation of verb + -s

4 Write the verbs from exercise 2 in the correct column.

/s/	/z/	/1Z/
works	plays	teaches
		100-

1) 2.2 Listen and check.

Questions and negatives

5 Complete the questions about **Leo** with question words from the box.



what where what time why who how how old how many

1	'Where	does Leo work?	,
	'In an office'		

2		does he start work?'
	'At 9.00.'	

3	•	does	he	have	for	breakfast?'
	'Coffee and toast	,				

4	· C	is he married to?
	'Lara.'	

1)2.3 Listen and check.

Daily routines

6 Look at the pictures of Nina's day. Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct form.

 get up
 have breakfast
 have lunch
 get home
 start work
 finish work

 go to work
 have a shower
 watch TV
 get dressed
 have dinner
 go to bed

1) 2.4 Listen and check.















Nina ' gets up ____ at 7.00. Then she 2 _____ and washes her hair. After the shower, she 3 _____ . Then she goes into the kitchen and 4 _____ . She likes tea and toast.

She 5 _____ by train. She works in a clothes shop. She 6 _____ at 9.00.

At 1.00 she 7 ____ in a cafe with her friend, Sal. She 8 ____ at 5.30 and 9 ____ at 6.15. In the evening, she 10 ____ and 11 ___ .

She likes Netflix.

She 12 ____ at 11.00.













Questions

7 Look at the answers and complete the questions.

- 1 she / does / get
 What time <u>does she get</u> up? At 7.00.
- 2 have / does / she

What ______ for breakfast? Tea and toast.

3 does/work/she

Where _____ ? In a clothes shop.

4 she / start / does

What time work? At 9.00.

5 she / have / does

Where _____lunch? In a café.

6 do/she/does

What _____ in the evening?

She has dinner and watches TV.

14 Unit 2 · Work and family life

Negatives

8 Correct the sentences about Nina.

1 Nina works in an office.

She doesn't work in an office. She works in a clothes shop.

2 She has coffee for breakfast.

3 She starts work at 10.00.

4 She has lunch with her sister.

5 She watches sport on TV.

6 She goes to bed at 10.30.

Captain Cook Cruises

9 Complete the leaflet with the verbs from the box.

have watch drink eat stop

CAPTAIN COOK CRUISES

Sydney experien ever!

See the sights of Sydney Harbour with *Captain Cook Cruises*. We ¹ <u>have</u> cruises running every day of the year, even Christmas day!

Our ferries ²_____ at a lot of famous places including
Manly Beach, Taronga Zoo, and Shark Island. Go on one of
our wonderful evening cruises. ³_____ a delicious dinner,
⁴____ champagne and ⁵____ the sun set.

- 10 Read about Dan the ferry man and complete the sentences.
 - 1 Dan sometimes works in the evening.
 - 2 He doesn't work on Mondays.
 - 3 He _____ work at 6.45 a.m.
 - 4 The cruise _____ two hours thirty minutes.
 - 5 The ferries _____ very fast.
 - 6 Dan _____ \$140,000 a year.
 - 7 Julia _____ at Taronga Zoo in Sydney.
 - 8 They _____ on camping holidays. They go on cruises!
- 11 Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 'How many days a week does Dan work?'

'He works four days a week.'

- 2 '____ Captain Cook ferries run on Christmas day?'
 'Yes, _____.'
- 3 '_____ does the first ferry leave in the morning?'
- '7.30.'
 4 '______ Cruises _____ Dan do a day?'

'Three.'

- 5 '_____he always finish work at 5.00 p.m.?'
 - 'No, he _____. He sometimes works till midnight!'
- 6 '_____ does the cruise take?'

'Two and a half hours.'

7 '_____ Captain Cook ferries stop?'

'At lots of famous places in Sydney.'

8 '_____ Dan _____ fluent Chinese?'

'No, he ______ a little Chinese.'

9 '_____ does he earn?'

'He earns \$140,000 a year.'

10 '_____ do Dan and his wife do on holiday?'

'They _____ on cruises.'

(1) 2.5 Listen and check.

Dan, the ferry man



Dan Baker is a ferry driver for Captain Cook Cruises in Australia. He drives ferries in Sydney Harbour.

He works four days a week. Sometimes he's free at the weekend, but he often works on Saturday and Sunday. These are very busy days because a lot of tourists want cruises then. He never works on Mondays. Captain Cook Cruises run 365 days a year, even on Christmas Day!

The first cruise leaves the harbour at 7.30 in the morning. Dan starts work at 6.45 a.m. and does three cruises a day. He finishes work at 5.00 p.m. Sometimes Dan does the evening cruises and then he doesn't start work until 5.30 p.m. and finishes at midnight. 'The evening cruises are very popular' says Dan, 'because people like to have dinner, watch the sunset and look at the stars with a glass of champagne'.

The cruise

The cruise takes two hours thirty minutes. The ferry doesn't go fast because everyone wants to see the sights. It stops at a lot of famous places in Sydney, including Manly Beach and Taronga Zoo.

Dan meets people from all over the world. He speaks Spanish and a little Chinese.

He earns \$140,000 a year and he has 30 days' holiday. In his free time Dan likes walking his two dogs with his wife, Julia is a zoologist – she works at Taronga Zoo and often works at weekends, too. What do they do on holiday? 'We go on cruises. Julia and I love a cruise!' says Dan.



Unit 2 · Work and family life

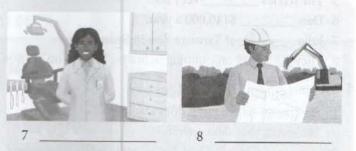
Vocabulary

Jobs

1 Look at the pictures and write the job. Find the jobs in the wordsearch.



T R E M A N H A D R Z Q X Q 0 S Q Q X D T 5 T



Verb + noun

3 Write a verb from the box.

the same of the sa	
earn watch wear speak	wash write do drive have play walk tell
1 watch	TV
2	a foreign language
3	your hair
4	a uniform
5	snooker
6	a car
7	two weeks' holiday
8	a blog
9	a lot of money
10	the time
11	the housework
12	the dog

- **2** Complete the words with -or or -er.
 - 1 footballer
- 6 doct
- 2 wait__

9

- 7 manag
- 3 act
- 8 police offic_

10

- o act___
- 1
- 4 hairdress
- 9 interpret_
- 5 profess_
- 10 film direct__

Everyday English

What time is it?

- 1 126 Underline the times you hear.
 - 1 10.30 / 10.40
 - 2 2.15 / 2.50
 - 3 two o'clock / ten o'clock
 - 4 quarter past three / quarter to three
 - 5 half past eight / ten past eight
 - 6 ten to two / twenty to two
 - 7 six thirty / six twenty
 - 8 half past twelve / ten past twelve
- 2 02.7 Listen and complete the conversations.
 - 1 A Excuse me! What time is it?
 - B It's _____ twenty past five.
 - 2 A Do you have the time, please?
 - B Yes, it's ten o'clock.
 - 3 A What time is it?
 - B It's half past two.
- 3 Write the times in numbers.



10.30







Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Complete the conversation with is, has, or does.
 - A My brother 1 is very clever. He 2 a very important job.
 - B What 3 he do?
 - A He 4 a computer programmer.
 - B Where 5 he work?
 - A He works in Virginia in the United States.
 - B Who he work for?
 - A Microsoft.
 - B 7 he married?
 - A Yes. His wife 8 American.
 - B 9 he have any children?
 - A Yes, he 10_____ a three-year-old son.
- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct word.
 - 1 He works in a hospital.

 - a work b works
 - 2 Rachel is a
 - b doctor a docter
 - 3 Dave _____ work at 5.00.
 - **b** finishs a finishes
 - very much money. 4 Rob doesn't _
 - a earns b earn
 - architect. 5 She's
 - a an
 - 6 ' does he work?' 'In an office.'

 - a Where b What
 - 7 'Where does he go _____ _ holiday?' 'France.'

b a

- ____every day.

 - a studys b studies

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

office	earns	beautiful	amazing	breakfast
goes	farmer	delicious	has	finishes
clever	ferry	weekend	interesting	writes

verbs	nouns	adjectives
earns	farmer	amazing

Go online to Check your progress.

Time off!

- Present Simple (2)
- How often ...?
- Free time activities

- · Days of the week
- Social expressions (1)

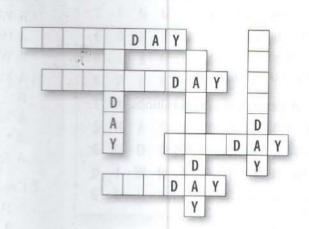
Vocabulary Days of the week

Complete the crossword. The answers are the days of the week. There are no clues!

Grammar

Present Simple (2)

 Read about Helen Walker. Complete the text with verbs from the boxes.





Flying High

Captain Helen Walker is a pilot with over 25 years' experience – and a collector of dolls from around the world!

works comes flies doesn't have earns watch go

Helen Walker is 49, and she 1______from Guildford in the south of England.

She 2_______for British Airways. She

3_______747s from London Heathrow
to New York JFK three times a week. She

4_______£98,000 a year.

'New York is my favourite city,' she says.

'It 5_______a lot of open spaces and parks
like London, but I like it. I 6_______shopping
on Fifth Avenue, and I 7_______shows on
Broadway.

3.1 Listen and check.

1 2 3 4 5	'Where do you do 'I'm from Guildfe' 'Who do 'I'm from Guildfe' 'Who do 'I'm for Britis' 'What planes do 'I'm from Guildfe' 'What planes do 'I'm from Form 'I'm from Form 'I'm from Form for the same for	come from?' ford. you th Airways.' you you you k.' you	for?' ifly?' to?'	
3 4 5	'I work for Britis 'What planes 'I fly 747s.' 'Where 'I fly to New York 'How much 'I earn £98,000.'	h Airways.'you you k.'you	to?'	
5 6	'What planes 'I fly 747s.' 'Where 'I fly to New Yor' 'How much 'I earn £98,000.'	you you k.' you _	to?'	
5	'I fly to New York 'How much 'I earn £98,000.' 'Where	k.' you_		
6	'I earn £98,000.' 5 'Where	a seri anti-	.,	
	'Where New York?'	von		
7	'I go to Fifth Ave		shoppir	ig in
	'What 'He's an account			
	'How many dolls 'More than a hur 3.2 Listen and o	ndred.	you	
de	on't take love h	as have col	lects	
Hou doe Hel	use School. '1 9 es,' explains Helen, en has a hobby. Sh world. She ¹¹	hildren. The ch the c 'because I'm a ne 10 more	ildren go to Sass hildren to school away so much.'	, Bill over

N

Neg	gatives	
	Complete the sente oesn't, or don't.	ences with isn't, aren't, 'm not,
1	Helen Walker is	<u>n't</u> a flight attendant. She's a pilot.
2	Shea plane.	_work in an office. She works in
3	'I f	ly to Australia. I fly to New York.
4	'There just Central Parl	a lot of parks in New York,
5	'My children They go to Sasso	go to Clarence School.
6	She Bill does.	_ take the children to school.
7	ʻIs a lot.'	stay at home all the time. I go away
8	Helen	collect cars. She collects dolls.
	I <u>have</u> two siste	
2	'What does this	word 'expensive'?
		s a lot of money.
	0333 70	a sandwich!
4	Where do you _	from?
5	When Kenji spe	aks to me in Japanese I don't
6	Chichibu.	with my parents in a town called
7	' 'Do you	what time it is?'
	'Yes. It's ten o'clo	ock.'
8	3 'Do you	me?'
	'Of course I you!'	you. I want to marry
9	'Do you like red	or white wine best?'
	'II	red.'
10	They	good food so they often go to

restaurants.

How often?

Adverbs of frequency usually come before the main verb. She never goes out on Monday.

They come after the verb to be.

He's always late for work.

- 5 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 always / shower / morning / have / the / in / I / a

 I always have a shower in the morning.
 - 2 sometimes / go / cinema / to / I / go / the
 - 3 often / France / on / We / holiday / go / to
 - 4 never / coffee / morning / drink / I / in / the
 - 5 usually / 9.00 / work / I / start / at
 - 6 late / is / often / Liz / for / school
 - 7 dogs / my / always / hungry / are
- **6** Look at the chart about Harry. Complete the sentences using adverbs from the box.

sometimes never always often usually

	tea for breakfast	go to work by bus	lunch with a friend	work late	go running
Monday	1	1	X	X	1
Tuesday	1	X	1	X	1
Wednesday	1	1	X	X	X
Thursday	1	1	1	X	X
Friday	1	1	X	X	XXX
Saturday	1		X		1
Sunday	1		X		1

- 1 Harry always has tea for breakfast
- 2 He ______ goes to work by bus
- 3 He _____lunch with a friend.
- 4 ______late.
- 5 _____ running.

Vocabulary

Free time activities

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
 1 We love films, so 2 My passion is food, so 3 Hove jazz and blues, so 4 We like doing exercise, so 5 Hove reading, so 	a we sometimes go running. b I buy books all the time. c1 we often go to the cinema. d I often cook for friends. e I listen to a lot of music.

- 2 Write play or go for each free time activity.
- 1 play golf
- 2 go swimming
- 3 _____ running
- 4 _____ windsurfing
- 5 _____ computer games
- 6 _____guitar
- 7 ____ cards
- 8 _____cycling
- 9 _____tennis
- 10 _____ skiing















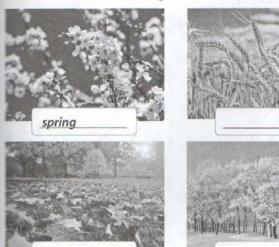






My favourite season

3 Write the seasons in the photos.



- 4 Read about **Donna**, **Bjorn** and **Aroon**. What is their favourite season?
- 5 Answer the questions about Donna, Bjorn and Aroon.
 - 1 Where does Donna often go?
 - 2 Who does Donna go sailing with?
 - 3 Where do they spend Christmas Day?
 - 4 Where is Bjorn from?
 - 5 What months are in the winter season?
 - 6 What does he love doing in spring?
 - 7 How many seasons are there in Thailand?
 - 8 When is the flower festival?
 - 9 What do Aroon and her friends do at the flower festival?

6 Read the texts again and put the verbs in the correct form,

positive or negative.

1	Donna	doesn't come (come) from	England. She often
	TXL	(go) to the beach. She	(like) sunbathing.

- 2 Aroon _____ (come) from the south of Thailand. She _____ (come) from the north. She _____ (love) singing and dancing.
- 3 Bjorn _____ (like) winter best. He _____ (like) spring.

Seasons round the world

Donna from Australia

I like summer best. We cook and eat in the garden, and we often go to the beach. I don't like sunbathing, but I love water sports. I go surfing and waterskiing, and



I sometimes go sailing with my dad. Summer, here is from December to February, so we always spend Christmas Day on the beach. My cousins in England think this is very funny. They think it's always warm and sunny here in Australia, but in July and August it's sometimes cold and wet.

Bjorn from Norway

Here's a joke about my country: 'Winter is nine months long, and the other three months are good for skiing.' It isn't true! Yes, the winter months are December to February, but it is often cold in spring and autumn, too. And summer is a short season for us, but it is warm, with very long days. Spring is my favourite season. It's the best time to go skiing. I love skiing down a snowy mountain very fast, under a beautiful blue sky. Sometimes you can still ski in June – isn't that amazing?!

Aroon from Thailand

I live in Chiang Mai in the north. We don't have four seasons here, we have three – hot, rainy, and cool. I like the cool season from November to February. It's our'winter', and it's cold at n



our 'winter', and it's cold at night, but it's quite hot in the daytime. In February, we have lots of beautiful tropical flowers – red, orange, and pink, so every year we have a wonderful flower festival. I go with my friends and we sing and dance – I love it!

Adjectives

7 Complete the conversations with an adjective from the box.

2000	happy tired bored interesting hungry delicious thirsty busy
1	'I'm tired'. 'Go to bed, then.'
2	'Mmm! This cake is' 'Have another slice!'
3	'I'm' 'Have a drink of water, then
4	'This TV programme is really' 'Yes, I like it too.'
5	'I'm so! I passed my exam!' 'Well done!'
6	'I'm' 'Have a sandwich, then.'
7	'Can you help me with my homework?' 'Sorry, I'm too at the moment.'
8	'I'm!' 'Go for a walk! It's a lovely day.'

Prepositions

8 Complete the sentences with prepositions from the box.

	to from by of on in	with at for
1	I come <u>from</u> Italy.	
2	I go work	bus.
3	I live my parents an apartment.	- 12 PO 18
4	I like going a wal	lk
5	This is a photo n holiday Spain.	
6	My sister is marriedAmerican.	
7	I have a present	you.
8	I'm always happy	Friday.
9	I see my friends Saturday evening.	8.00
0	We go skiing win	nter.

Everyday English

Social expressions (1)



1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
 Have a nice day! I'm sorry I'm late. What's the matter? Can I have a sandwich, please? What does 'hungry' mean? Can you help me? I like your dress! How was your day? 	a I have a headache. 1 b Thanks. Same to you. 1 c Thanks! It's new! 2 d That's OK, the traffic is awful today. 3 e Of course. Brown or white bread? 4 It means you want to eat! 5 g Sure! What's the problem? 6 h Good, thanks. What about yours?

2 Continue the conversation with a line from C.

C	
1	i See you this evening.
	j Well, take an aspirin.
	k Where did you buy it?
	I Brown, please.
	m Yes. It's always bad on a Monday morning.
	n I'm lost!
	o Good thanks.
	p I'm hungry!

(1) 3.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Positive	Negative	Questions
I maybe	live		
You		don't live	and the Heliands
He/She			Does he/she live?
We			
They			

2	Complete	the	sentences	with	am/	is/	are,	OI	do	does
---	----------	-----	-----------	------	-----	-----	------	----	----	------

- A How many brothers and sisters 'do you have?
- B I have one brother and one sister.
- A How old 2 _____ your sister?
- B Twenty.
- A How old 3_____you?
- B I 4_____eighteen.
- A What 5 _____ your sister do?
- B She 6_____ a student.

3 Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 I / play / often / tennis
 - I often play tennis.
- 2 never / he / goes / to / bed / early
- 3 sometimes / she / late / works
- 4 always / I'm / hungry / in / the / morning
- 5 I / get / up / usually / at / seven o'clock

4 Underline the correct answer.

- 1 A Do you walk to school?
 - B No, I comes / come by bus.
- 2 A I like my job very much.
 - B What does you / do you do?
- 3 A Where do your friends live?
 - B They live / they're live in a flat in town.
- 4 A I leave the city at the weekend.
 - B Where does you / do you go?
- 5 A What does she like doing at the weekend?
 - B She likes / She's like relaxing.

a/an or no article

5 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with *a/an* or nothing (-).

- 1 I have <u>a</u> shower in the morning.
- 2 I go to ___ work by ___ train.
- 3 My brother's wife is ____ French.
- 4 She works in ____ office.
- 5 Can I have ___ cup of coffee, please?
- 6 We go to ____ café for ____ lunch.
- 7 Where do you go on ____ holiday?
- 8 She's ____ singer in ____ band.
- 9 We stay at ____ home on Friday evening.
- 10 I go to ____ bed about 11.00.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

swimming autumn February Sunday always Tuesday running winter surfing September sometimes March cycling Monday August summer often Saturday spring October never skiing Friday usually Wednesday playing tennis June

Seasons	Days of the week	Months	Activities	Adverbs of frequency
autumn	Sunday	February	swimming	always
		all the		-
				324
	17.55	54		1333
		5-14		777
		8	THE ST	10,00
				44
			4-14	

Go online to Check your progress.

Somewhere to live

- · Rooms and furniture
- there is/there are
- Prepositions

- · some/any/a lot of
- . this and that, these and those
- · Numbers and prices

Vocabulary

Rooms and furniture

1 Look at the picture. Write the names of the rooms in 1-4.

living room kitchen bedroom bathroom



2 Write the letters from the things in the picture next to the words.

- 1 _ b _ sink
- 2 ____ sofa
- 3 ____ cooker
- 4 ____ shower
- 5 ____ mirror
- 7 ____ washing machine 12 ____ dishwasher
- 8 ____ rug
- 9 ____ chair
- 10 ____ wardrobe 15 ____ picture
- - 13 ____ bed
 - 14 ____ door
- _ window
- 17 ____ armchair
- 18 ____ bath
- 19 ____ bookcase
- 20 ____ dining table

24 Unit 4 · Somewhere to live

Grammar

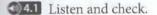
there is/there are

1 Look at the advert for a house in Southwold. Complete the sentences with There is/isn't or There are/aren't.

1	There are	four bedrooms in the house.
2	There isn't	a dining room.
3		an open plan kitchen/diner.
4		an open fire in the living room.
5		three bathrooms.
6	2	no Sky TV.
7		parking for two cars.
8		a garage.

Со	mplete the conversation.
R	Hi Miles! You know the seaside town, Southwold?
	'Are there any good restaurants there?
M	Hi Rob. Yes, there are some excellent restaurants.
R	Great! 2 any nice cafés and coffee shops too?
M	Yes. 3 lots. My favourite coffee shop is in Southwold.
R	4a nice beach?
	Yes, 5 a beautiful beach. The children love the beach there.
	6 any big shopping centres? My wife likes shopping.
M	No, 7, but 8 lots of interesting shops.
R	Oh good. 9 a pier?
	Yes, 10 Southwold Pier is famous!
R	11 a railway station?
M	No, 12 We always drive to Southwold and usually a lot of traffic.
D	OK Thanks for your help Miles I think Southwold

is a good place to go on a family holiday.



M It's a great place!



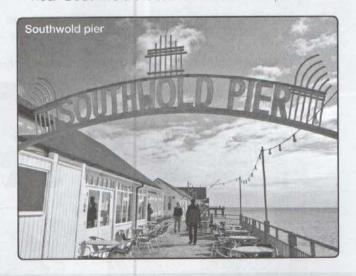
Seastones House

***** 35 reviews

Southwold, Suffolk

A family-friendly Victorian house close to the High Street and beach.

- four double bedrooms
- open plan kitchen/diner
- large living room with open fire
- two bathrooms
- large garden with BBQ
- TV (no Sky) and Wi-fi
- parking for two cars (no garage)
- 500 metres from the High Street lots of great cafés and restaurants, and lovely shops
- near Southwold's beautiful beach and pier





Prepositions

3 Look at the picture of Tracy in her new flat. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	in (x2) on below next t above near outside	o opposite
1	There are a lot of books in	a box.
2	There's a tree	the window.
3	There's a bird	_ the tree.
4	There are two shelves	the window
5	There are some cups	the shelf.
6	There's a packet of biscuits	the cu
7	There's a cooker	the window.
8	There's a cupboard	the cooker.
9	There's a kettle	_ the cooker.

some/any/a lot of

- 4 Now complete the dialogue with some, any, or a lot of.
 - 1 'Tracy has <u>a lot of</u> flowers.'

 'Yes, she does, but does she have <u>any</u> vases?'
 - 2 'Are there _____ glasses?'
 'No, there aren't _____ glasses, but there are ____ cups on the shelf.'
 - 3 'Does she have _____ plates?'
 'Yes, she does. There are ____ plates in the cupboard.'
 - 4 'Does she have _____ cookbooks?' 'She has _____, but not many.'
 - 5 'Are there ____ pictures?'
 'No, there aren't, but there are ____ lovely photos.'
 - 6 'Oh dear, there isn't _____ coffee left.'
 'It's OK, there's _____ orange juice on the table!'

4.2 Listen and check.

this and that, these and those

5 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with this, that, these or those.



1 This is a photo of my kids.



4 I love _____ shoes!



2 I like _____ picture.



5 _____ are my children.



3 _____ cake is delicious!



6 Can I have six of _____ oranges?

The White House

- 6 What do you know about the White House? <u>Underline</u> the correct answer.
 - 1 The White House is in New York / Washington DC.
 - 2 The White House is 200 / 300 years old.
 - 3 *The President lives | The President and his family live* in the White House.
 - 4 The White House is / isn't open to the public.
- 7 Now read the article and check your answers.
- 8 Read the article again. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)? Correct the false sentences.
 - 1 There are 35 bedrooms in the White House.

X There aren't 35 bedrooms. There are 16.

2	There's	a firep	lace in	the	Oval	Office

- 3 The Oval Office has five windows.
- 4 The desk is a gift from Queen Elizabeth.
- 5 There are more kitchens than bathrooms in the
- White House.
- 6 There are a lot of things for the President to do in his free time at the White House.

Short answers

- 9 Answer the questions about things in the White House.
 - 1 Is there a cinema? Yes, there is.
 - 2 Are there any bathrooms? Yes, there are a lot.
 - 3 Is there a swimming pool?
 - 4 Is there a beach?
 - 5 Are there any elevators? ___
 - 6 Is there a football pitch? _
 - 7 Are there pictures of old presidents?
 - 8 Is there a bedroom called the King's Bedroom?

INSIDE THE WHITE HOUSE

The White House, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington DC, is the most famous address in America. It is where the President works, but it is also his private home, where he lives with his family. He has children's birthday parties, holiday dinners, and family weddings in this world-famous building.

THE BUILDING

First built in 1800, the White House is where the President of the United States governs a country of 50 states and 324 million people.

He lives with his family on the second and third floors. There are 16 bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen, and a dining room. Special guests stay in the Queen's Bedroom or the Lincoln Bedroom.

In the West Wing are the staff offices. The President's own office,

the Oval Office, is also there. It has three large windows behind the President's desk, and there is a fireplace at the other end.

Each new president chooses new curtains, new furniture, and a new carpet. There are pictures of old presidents on the walls, and there is a famous desk, a gift from the British Queen Victoria.

THE WHITE HOUSE DAY BY DAY

About 150 people work for the President in the West Wing and for the First Lady in the East Wing. Another 100 people look after the building day and night. The White House is open to visitors. It is free. About 6,000 people a day visit.

There are 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms, and five kitchens, all on six floors. There are three elevators*. The State Dining Room is big enough for 140 guests.

Outside, there are gardens with not only flowers, but also fruit and vegetables. There is also a tennis court, a running track, and a swimming pool. Inside, there is a movie theatre*, a billiard room, a bowling alley, and a library. As former President Ronald Reagan said, 'The White House is like an 8-star hotel!'

*elevator (US) = lift *movie theatre (US) = cinema

Everyday English

Numbers

1 1 4.3 Underline the numbers you hear.

a	15	50	e	160	260
b	7	70	f	810	820
С	68	86	g	1,000	2,000
d	20	30	h	1,500	15,000

2 Match a picture a-f with a number.













- eighty-nine one
- One thousand, five hundred and twelve thirteen
- a hundred and fifty
- seventy-three
- 3 4)4.4 Listen. Write the numbers you hear.
 - a <u>308</u>
- d _____
- с _____
- e _____

Prices

4 04.5 <u>Underline</u> the amounts you hear.

a	£30	£50	e	€100	€1000
Ь	£10	£12	f	€58	€86
C	£5.50	£6.50	g	\$45	\$450
d	80p	18p	h	\$20	\$12

5 Write the prices of the objects in words.

The jeans are fifty-five p	oounds.
Li Parinevin avoni i i	
	Little
The state of the s	
and the second second	



Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

Positive		
There	is	a sofa.
There		_ three bedrooms
Negative	S. Hadewall .	I Venezument &
There		a bath.
There	aren't	any pictures.
Yes/No quest	ions	
	there	a table?
Are	there	any photos?

2 Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Each word can only be used once.

I	this	that	aren't	any	those	a lot of	these
1		How n	nuch is 1	this bo	ook?'		
2		Are the No, the	ere		pictu	res on th	e wall?
3			t all e beauti		star	s in the s	ky.'
4		ook at t's hor			picture	over the	re.
5	'Mn	nmm!			cakes ar	e deliciou	18!
6	'The	ere are	10.39	ielih I	apples o	on that tre	ee.'
C	ompl	ete the	senten	ces wi	th in, at,	or on.	
V	Vhere	e are yo	ou?' 'I'n	1?			
1	in	_the k	itchen.				
2	on	_ the b	us.				
3	at	schoo	ol.				
4	128	_the b	ank.				
5		work					

the bath.

home.

_ the train. _ Paris.

9

the town centre.

Vocabulary

1 <u>Underline</u> the word that is different.

1	wallet	kettle	purse	
2	pavement	traffic lights	sofa	
3	fruit	office	library	
4	laptop	printer	diary	
5	plate	mug	lipstick	
6	towel	lamp	soap	
7	key	shoe	coat	
8	window	door	garden	
9	tea pot	swimming pool	tennis court	
10	clothes	flowers	vegetables	

Adjectives for good and bad

2 Complete the sentences with the adjectives.

	amazing awful
1	I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's awful.
2	Your hair looks <u>amazing</u> ! I love it!
	horrible lovely
3	It's so warm today. What a day!
4	Rain again. What a day!
	fantastic bad
5	Monday is a day for me – three hours of English!
6	Rita has anew flat. It's so big!
	terrible fabulous
7	I like your shoes! They're!
8	Don't go to that restaurant! The food's
	wonderful really bad
9	Your father isn't well? That's news. I'm sorry to hear it.
	You're getting married! That's news! I'm so happy for you!

Stop and check Units 1-4

Grammar

1	C	hoose the correct answer. (25 marks)
	1	''s your name?' 'Susanna.'
		a Who b What c How
		' do you spell your surname?' 'K-I-P-L-I-N.'
		a What b Who c How
	3	Spanish – I think he comes from Barcelona.
		a His b He's c He
	4	'Is he married?' 'Yes, he'
		a does b has c is
	5	you speak German?
		a Do b Are c Is
	6	'What's her job?' 'She's engineer.'
		a the b an c a
		' do you go to the gym?' 'Three times a week.'
		a How many b How much c How often
	8	an Austrian wife.
		a He has b He's c His
	9	brother's my uncle.
		a My father is b My father's c My father
1	0	'Is that car?' 'No, it's his.'
		a your b your car c yours
1	1	'Where shopping?' 'In the town centre.'
		a have you go b do you go c are you go
j	2	There too many people at music festivals.
		a often is b are often c is often
]	3	'Does Dana to work?' 'No, she goes by train.'
		a walk b walks c she walk

14	' does Sue earn?' 'The same as Tom.'
	a How many b How often c How much
15	She tennis every weekend.
	a play b isn't play c doesn't play
16	My children hungry.
	a are always b always are c always have
17	Sam maths in the evenings.
	a study b studies c does study
18	Marco and Rita are really nice children go to my school.
	a His b Our c Their
19	' any sugar in your tea?' 'No, I don't like sugar in tea.'
	a Is there b Are there c Have you
20	'Have some biscuits.' 'Thanks! I really like' a it b them c some
21	It very hot here in summer.
	a has b does c is
22	That was a long walk! thirsty.
	a I've b I'm c It's
23	We love films, so we to the cinema.
	a often go b go often c are often
24	'Do you have sisters?' 'No, I don't.'
	a no b some c any
25	Mari and Jo go to the beach a lot in the summer. They swim well.
	11 1 1 1 1 1

SCORE 25

Vocabulary

2 Complete the sentences with the correct word from the box. (15 marks)

January chef walk winter play autumn student summer farmer October teacher go do December flight attendant

1 The leaves fall off the trees in the ______.

2 Christmas is on the 25th of _____.

3 Jon works in a big kitchen. He's a _____.

4 Alex studies Chinese at a large university. He's a _____.

5 I love to sunbathe on the beach in the _____.

6 I go skiing in the _____.

7 New Year's Day is on the 1st of _____.

8 I _____ tennis on Fridays after work.

10 I ______ to the gym every morning at seven o'clock.
11 Halloween is on the 31st of _____.

9 Dora travels to a lot of countries. She's a

12 I _____ the dog when I get home from work.

13 Tom works outside a lot. He's a _____.

14 I _____ the housework at the weekend.

15 Anya works at a secondary school. She's a _____

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	sofa	table	chair	bedroom
2	cooker	fridge	kettle	bath
3	living room	bathroom	bed	kitchen
4	shelf	fruit	picture	poster
5	Cairo	Rome	Italy	Madrid
6	Paris	France	Egypt	Australia
7	Indian	Chinese	Swiss	Germany
8	daughter	son	parents	child
9	uncle	grandfather	nephew	sister
10	ladies	women	cities	parties
11	friendly	easy	boring	interesting
12	Saturday	Tuesday	September	Thursday
13	difficult	good	new	cheap
14	have breakfast	go to bed	get up	get dressed
15	sunbathing	swimming	going to work	reading

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)

1 A Good morning! _____ are you today?

B I'm fine, thanks. ____ ?

b 1m line, thanks. ______ ?

2 A Hi. Can I _____ you?

B No, thank you. We're _____looking.

3 A Hello. My name's Marta. I'm ______ Madrid.

B Hi, Marta. _____ to meet you.

4 A Excuse me. Do you _____ the time?

B Yes, of course. It's ______ after six.

5 A Excuse me. What _____ does the supermarket close?

B Ten o'clock. You're OK. No need to

6 A Excuse me! Can you ____ me?

B Yes, of course. _____ the problem?

7 A How was _____ day?

B Great, thanks. And _____?

8 A Can I close the window? It's really in here.

B Sure. Good ______.

9 A Bye! _____ a nice day!
B Thanks. _____ to you.

10 A I like your coat. It's _____ nice.

B Thank you. I'm ______ you like it. It's new.

SCORE 40

TOTAL 65

Super U!

- can/can't
- was/were
- could/couldn't

- Verbs
- Noun + noun
- Polite requests

Grammar

can/can't

1 Look at the information. Complete the sentences with *can/can't* + verb.

	Tim	Amy	Don	Cathy
play the guitar	1	X	×	1
speak two languages	1	1	1	Х
bake cakes	1	1	1	1
do card tricks	×	X	X	X
ride a motorbike	X	Х	-1	Х
swim	X	1	1	X

- 1 Tim can play the guitar, but he can't swim.
- 2 Tim _____ a motorbike and he _____ card tricks.
- 3 Don _____ cakes, but he ____ the guitar.
- 4 Amy and Don _____ two languages, but they ____ the guitar.
- 5 Cathy _____ a motorbike, and she _____ swim either.
- 6 Only Don
- 7 Everybody____
- 8 Nobody _____

Pronunciation

- 2 15.1 Listen and underline what you hear.
 - 1 Superman can / can't fly.
 - 2 My brother can / can't play the guitar.
 - 3 I can / can't ride a motorbike.
 - 4 Can / Can't you drive a car?
 - 5 My sister can / can't cook very well.
 - 6 Can / Can't you speak Chinese? I don't believe it!
 - 7 Dogs can / can't swim, but cats can / can't.
 - 8 Penguins can / can't fly.









3 Complete the conversations with *can/can't* and a verb from the box.

cook speak run ride do drive

- 1 '<u>Can</u> you <u>speak</u> French?' 'Yes, I <u>can</u> a little bit! Bonjour!'
- 2 '____ Peter ____ fast?' 'Yes, he _____. He's a 100-metre champion!'
- 3 '____ Alice ____ Italian food?'
 'Yes, she ____ . Really well! Her spaghetti
 bolognese is amazing!'
- 4 '_____ you _____ a motorbike?' a car.'
- 5 '____you _____this homework?'
 'Of course I _____! It isn't really difficult!'

1) 5.2 Listen and check.

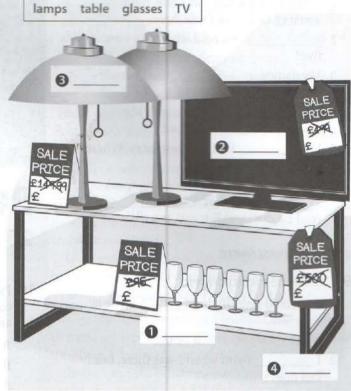
4 Rewrite the sentences with expressions from the box. was/were

096	1-30%	30-70%	70-80%	80%+
not at all	a little bit	quite well	voruwell	roallywall

- 1 She can play chess. (90%) She can play chess really well.
- 2 She can cook. (0%) She can't cook at all.
- 3 I can speak German. (40%)
- 4 He can speak Russian. (15%)
- 5 We can look after ourselves. (70%)
- 6 I can sing. (85%)
- They can't ski. (0%)
- 8 I can understand Arabic. (10%)



5 Look at the things in the sale. Label 1-4 with the words



- 6 15.3 Listen. Write the prices on the labels.
- 7 Complete the conversations with was or were.
 - 1 A How much are those glasses?
 - B They're only £65 in the sale.
 - A How much were they before?
 - B They ____£95.
 - A Wow! What a bargain!
 - 2 A How much is the TV?
 - B It's £379.99 now, but it ____ £499, so it's a really good price.
 - A OK. I'd like one, please!
 - 3 A Excuse me. How much are those lamps!
 - B They're in the sale. They £149.99, but now they're only £99.99!
 - 4 A Excuse me. How much is that table?
 - B It _____£500, but now it's only £410 because it's in the sale. You save an amazing £90!
 - A Hmm. I really like it, but it's still too expensive.

(1) 5.3 Listen and check.

could/couldn't

- 8 Complete the sentences with could or couldn't.
 - 1 I could walk when I was one, but I couldn't talk until I was three.
 - _____ you read when you were five?
 - 3 My daughter feed herself until she was four.
 - 4 I _____ sleep last night. My neighbour's TV was so loud!
 - 5 I _____ find you yesterday. Where were you?
 - 6 'When I was five I _____ speak English and Russian.' you read English and Russian as well?'

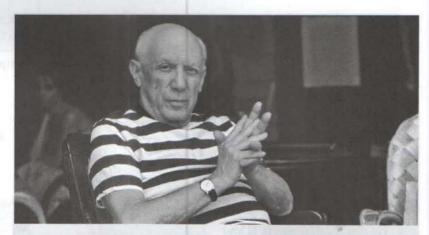
can/can't/was/were

- **9** Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 I can read English, but I _____ write it very well.
 - a can
- b can't
- 2 I _____ swim when I was three, but I can now.

 - a can't b couldn't
- 3 What month it last month?
 - a was b were
- 4 I couldn't ski when I was three and I still

 - a can't b couldn't
- 5 Sofia and Adam _____ at the party last night because they're on holiday.
 - a aren't
- b weren't
- 6 I _____ do the homework! Could you help me, please?
 - a can't
- b couldn't

Picasso the prodigy



Pablo Picasso 25 October 1881-8 April 1973

- 10 Pablo Picasso was a child prodigy. Read and complete the conversation about him with was/wasn't, were/weren't, and could.
 - A Hey, look at that painting! It's a Picasso!
 - B Oh yes! It's amazing!
 - A Where was Picasso born?
 - B In Malaga.
 - A Ah! So he 2_____ Portuguese?
 - B No, he 3 _____. He 4 _____ Spanish. Malaga is in Spain.
 - A Of course! 5____his parents rich?
 - B Well, they ⁶_____ rich and they ⁷_____ poor. His father, Don José, ⁸_____ a painter and a professor of art. His mother, Dona Maria, 9_____ a housewife.
 - A So, 10_____ Picasso good at drawing when he 11___ young?
 - B Oh, yes. He ¹²____ a child prodigy. He ¹³___ draw before he could speak. His first word ¹⁴____ lápiz, which is Spanish for pencil.
 - A Wow! What a story.

1) 5.4 Listen and check.



Galileo, the father of modern science

- 11 Read about Galileo. Underline the correct answer.
 - 1 Galileo was born in Pisa / Rome.
 - 2 His father was a scientist / musician.
 - 3 He was a student / professor at the University of Pisa.
 - 4 He was the father to three / four children.
 - 5 His theory was the sun went round the Earth / the Earth went round the sun.
 - 6 He was at home / in prison when he died.
 - 7 In his final years, he couldn't see / hear.
- 12 Read the text again. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What nationality was Galileo?

2	He was a physicist and a mathematician.	What else was he

- 3 When was he born?
- 4 Where was he a professor of mathematics and astronomy?
- 5 Was he married?
- 6 What could he see with his telescope?
- 7 Why did some people think his ideas were dangerous?

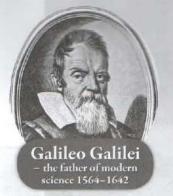
and/but/so/because

13 Look at these words that join sentences.

I like Pete *and* I like his wife.
I like Pete, *but* I don't like his wife.
John's ill, *so* he's in bed.
He's in bed *because* he doesn't feel very well.

Join the sentences with and, but, so, or because.

- 1 I can't cook, so my husband does all the cooking.
- 2 Picasso's father was a painter _____ a professor of art.
- 3 Picasso couldn't speak very well when he was little, he could draw well.
- 4 I work hard I need to earn some extra money.
- 5 I wasn't very hungry this morning, _____ I didn't have breakfast.
- 6 Galileo was the father of three children, _____ he wasn't married to their mother.
- 7 I like Rachel _____ she's funny and she makes me laugh.
- 8 Galileo could see the planets Jupiter _____ Venus with his telescope.



Galileo Galilei was
An Italian physicist,
mathematician, astronomer,
and philosopher. He was
a brilliant scientist, and is
often called 'the father of
modern science'.

PERSONAL LIFE OUT

Galileo was born in Pisa, Italy. He was the first of six children of Vincenzo Galilei and Giulia Ammannati. His father was a famous musician.

Galileo's early education was in a monastery. Later, at the University of Pisa, he was first a student of medicine, and then a student of mathematics. From 1592 to 1610 he was a professor of mathematics and astronomy at the University of Padua.

Galileo was the father of three children – two daughters and a son – but he wasn't married to their mother.

to SCIENTIFIC LIFE out

Galileo could make excellent telescopes, and with them he could see moons going round the planet Jupiter, and the planet Venus going round the sun.

At the time, the belief was that the Earth was the centre of our universe, and that the sun went round the Earth. Galileo's theory was that the sun was the centre, and the Earth moved round it.

THE LAST YEARS OUT

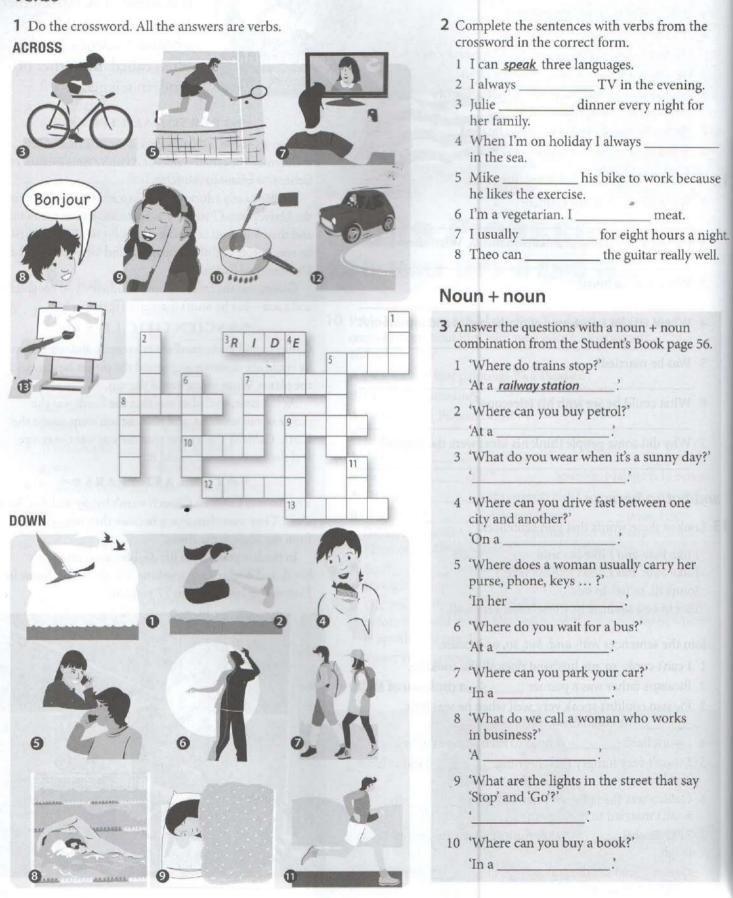
The Roman Catholic Church wasn't happy with Galileo's ideas. They were dangerous, because they were different from the ideas in the Bible.

In the last years of his life, Galileo was completely blind, and couldn't see anything. He died in his home in Florence in 1642. He was 77 years old.



Vocabulary

Verbs



Everyday English

Polite requests

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words and phrases from the boxes.

could you of course Can I

- A Hi! Can I help you?
- B A coffee, please.
- A Espresso? Cappuccino? Latte?
- B An espresso, please. And

 _____ give me some
 hot water as well?
- A ______. Take a seat.



could you of course could I

- C Excuse me! _____ ask you a question?
- D _____. What is it?
- C ______ tell me what 'yellow' means?
- D Yellow is a colour. The sun's yellow. Butter is yellow.
- C Ah, OK! Thanks.



the problem could you can I

- E Jamie! ______ask you a favour?
- F Uh huh. What is it?
- E _____ help me with my computer?
- F What's _____
- E I can't get online.
- F OK. Let's have a look.



can you could I can I have

- G Dad, ______ borrow the car tonight?
- H Mm ... all right. But it needs petrol.
- G OK. Er ... Dad, I don't have any money. _____lend me some?
- H Is that lend or give?
- G I'll pay you back. I promise.
 twenty pounds?



5.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Underline the correct sentence.

- 1 a I don't can use a computer.
 - b I can't use a computer.
- 2 a She can't speak English.
 - b She no can speak English.
- 3 a Do you can play chess?
 - b Can you play chess?
- 4 a They was on holiday in Spain.
 - b They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 a He can't cook at all.
 - b He can cook at all.
- 6 a She can play the piano when she was five.
 - **b** She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

a bike a marathon your homework the guitar a text an exam a mile an email dinner the piano a horse a motorbike football a race a letter a cake housework chess a noise cards

ride	run	send
bike	a mile	a letter
nake	do	play
noise	housework	cards
and the		in Paris

Go online to Check your progress.

Lessons in life

- Past Simple (1): regular and irregular verbs
- · Past time expressions

- Describing feelings: -ed/-ing adjectives
- · What's the date?

Grammar

Past Simple (1) Regular verbs

1 Read about the footballer Lionel Messi. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple.

Messi	- the best football
	player in history?
	'A friendly match or a final – I always play my best.' Lionel Messi

Lionel Messi was born on 24 June 1987. As a child, he 'lived in Rosario, Argentina. Messi always 'playing football with his brothers and their friends. He was a brilliant player, and 'playing for Rosario's youth club in 1995.	start live love
Messi * very small for an 8-year-old boy – too small. He 5 medicine to help him grow, but it was very expensive. Messi's father, Jorge, 6 in a factory, and couldn't pay for it all himself.	look work need
In 2000, the Spanish club FC Barcelona saw Messi play and 7 him to join their youth team. The club * to pay for his medicine, and Messi and all his family 9 to Spain.	move ask offer
Messi was homesick and ¹⁰ Argentina, but when he joined the Barcelona first team, aged 17, and ¹¹ a lot of goals, he was happy. In 2009 he ¹² his first FIFA award <i>The Best FIFA Men's Player</i> Award He is often called the best player in history.	score receive miss

- 2 Look at the answers about Lionel Messi. Complete the questions. 1 'Where did Messi live ?' 'In Rosario, Argentina.' doing?' 'Playing football with his
 - brothers and their friends.' for Rosario's youth club? 'In 1995.'
 - 4 'Where___ father __ 'In a factory.'
 - expensive 5 'Why_ medicine?' 'To help him grow.'
 - his first 6 'When_ award for best men's player?' 'In 2009.'

(1) 6.1 Listen and check.

Negatives

3 Complete the sentences about Messi with a verb from the box.

1	live	stay	work	look	play	
1	Me	ssi <u>did</u>	n't live	in Bue	nos Air	res
2		sisters		foo	tball w	ith
3	He			ver	y tall.	
4	His bar	father	-	NR L	in	a
5		Messi ain. Th	s family	y move	ed to i	n

Argentina.

Pronunciation of -ed

4 (36.2) Listen to the pronunciation of *-ed* for these Past Simple verbs. Write them in the correct column.

lived	decided	played	offered	missed
started	moved	agreed	looked	needed
scored	received	watched	liked	stayed
stopped	opened	talked	travelled	died
enjoyed	worked	visited		

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
missed	lived	decided
		2 9
	11 1 7 7	

3)6.3 Listen and check.

5 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.

L	die earn move talk live start want watch
1	We $\underline{\textit{lived}}$ in a small house when I was a child. $/d/$
2	Ia really good programme on TV last
	night. /t/
3	We out of London because it was too
	busy. /d/
4	We all a large pizza because we were so
	hungry. /id/
5	I a new job last Monday. I love it! /rd/
6	He a lot of money last year, so he has a bi
	tax bill! /d/
7	She a lot about her childhood in
	Australia. /t/
8	My grandfather in 2012. /d/
0	6.4 Listen, check and repeat.

Past time expressions

- 6 Underline the correct past time expression.
 - 1 I watched TV last night / last evening.
 - 2 I played tennis yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
 - 3 My sister moved to Australia the last year / last year.
 - 4 I worked very hard last week / in last week.
 - 5 My parents visited yesterday evening / last evening.
 - 6 I travelled round the US last summer / past summer.
 - 7 I walked 30 kilometres on last Friday / last Friday.
 - 8 I cycled to work yesterday morning / last morning.

7	Numl	ber the times in order, 1-7, with 1	nearest to now.
		this morning	
		last winter	
	_1	two minutes ago	
		in 1996	
		the day before yesterday	
		yesterday evening	
		ten years ago	

the or no article

- **8 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with *the* or (no article).
 - 1 What's the name of this hotel?
 - 2 I go to ___ work by ___ bus.
 - 3 Can you tell me _____ time?
 - 4 I live in _____ city centre.
 - 5 What time do you have ____ lunch?
 - 6 I went to _____ cinema last night.
 - 7 This is _____ best restaurant in ____ world!
 - 8 I have a house in _____ country.
 - 9 I saw James last _____ month.
 - 10 Can you play _____ guitar?
 - 11 The Cup Final is on _____ TV this afternoon.
 - 12 Their flat is on first floor.

Irregular verbs

9 What is the Past Simple form of the irregular verbs? Find them in the wordsearch.

\leftrightarrow	send	spend	give	become	fly	lose	write	pay

leave have come go catch win begin

1	cost	make	meet	
V				

10 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of an irregular verb.

1 I didn't go to New York, I went to Chicago.

2 We didn't meet Tom, we _____ Harry.

3 He didn't leave last week, he ______ yesterday.

4 We didn't see a film, we _____ a play.

5 I didn't buy a TV, I _____ a laptop.
6 He didn't send a letter, he _____ an email.
7 She didn't make spaghetti, she _____ pizza ____ pizza.

8 We didn't have white wine, we _____ red.

T G

11 Read the text. Put the irregular form of the verb in brackets into the Past Simple.

One of the best wedding proposals!

On 23 May, a few years ago, Isaac Lamb, a young man from Oregon, US, 1_made (make) an amazing video of his wedding proposal to his girlfriend. It 2_____ (go) viral on the Internet and 3_____ (become) one of YouTube's most popular videos, with over 26 million views!



Lamb, an actor and director, asked more than sixty friends and family to help him make the video. They all 4 (sing) Bruno Mars', Marry you, together as Isaac asked his girlfriend, Amy Frankel, to marry him. Bruno Mars s (see) the video and said it was perfect for his song.

	C		
The state of	1		FEM
- 11	The second	4	3

It was Isaac's grandmoth	ner who 6	(<i>tell</i>) him to		
marry Amy, after she 7_	(me	eet) her for the first		
time, but it *	(take) Isaac th	nree years to propose.		
They finally • was a big wedding beca of friends and family to	ause they 10			
video. They 11	(<i>send</i>) an ir	nvitation to Bruno		
Mars, but he 12was too busy.	(can not)	come because he		

(1) 6.5 Listen and check.

Unit 6 · Lessons in life

The life of John Lennon

	tead about John Lentences.	ennon. Com	plete the
1	John's father left	home when h	he was five
2	His mother died	when	
3	He started The I		aul and George
4	The Beatles play		
5	The last album t	hey made wa	s
6	The Beatles brok	e up in	· .
7	John and Yoko l	ived in an apa 	rtment near
C	ook at the answer	tions.	
1	'Who <u>did</u> John 'He lived with h	<i>live</i> with?' is aunt, Mimi,	ole ole sentence
	'How 'She died in a ca	r accident.	.,
3	'Where 'He went to Qua Liverpool.'	_ John rry Bank Hig	to school?' h School in
4	'When 'They started in	_ The Beatles 1960.'	;'
5	'When the United State 'In 1964.'	s?'	to
6	'Why concerts?'		
7	'Who 'Yoko Ono.'		
8	'Where 'New York.'	_ they	to?'
9	'When Imagine?' 'In 1971.'	_ John and Yo	
10		_ Mark Chap Lennon?'	

(a) 6.6 Listen and check.





John Lennon was a member of a band called The Beatles. With Paul McCartney, he wrote some of the greatest songs of the 20th century.

John Lennon had an unhappy childhood. His father left home when he was five. His mother couldn't bring him up, so John lived with his aunt

Mimi until he was 19. When he was 17, his mother died in a car crash. He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool. He met George Harrison and Paul McCartney, and in 1960 they started a band called The Beatles.

The Beatles recorded their first single Love Me Do in 1962. They became famous in 1963, when they played more than 200 concerts. In 1964, they went to the United States for the first time and played on American television.

No more concerts

The Beatles stopped playing live concerts in 1966 because the audience made so much noise that nobody could hear the music. They continued to record songs, and in 1967 they made the album Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. The last album they recorded together was Abbey Road.

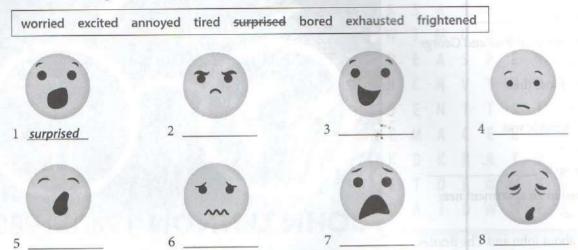
John Lennon married the artist, Yoko Ono, in 1969, and in 1970 The Beatles broke up. John and Yoko moved to New York. John wrote and sang his most famous song *Imagine* in 1971. In 1980, he and Yoko recorded a new album, *Double Fantasy*.

He was killed a month later. An American, Mark Chapman, shot him outside John's New York apartment near Central Park. Two days before his murder, John Lennon told an interviewer, 'I feel safe in New York. I can go anywhere. It's my home.'

Vocabulary

Describing feelings

1 Match the feeling with its emoji.



2 Match a line in A with a line from B.

A		В	MARKET
1 2	The concert was boring I was very tired	a	because it's his birthday soon.
3	Billy is very excited	b	_ 'Are you angry with me?'
4	I'm interested in	c 1	_ so I left before the end.
	modern art	d	_ so I went to bed early.
5	'What's the matter?'	e	There's so much to see
6	I'm worried because	-	and do.
	it's 10 p.m.	f	_ so I loved the exhibition
7	I was so bored in the lesson. Berlin is a very	9	and the children aren't home yet.
8	exciting city.	h	_ I learned a lot.
9	The lecture was very interesting.	i	_ I didn't understand a word.

3 Continue the conversation with a line from C.

C	
j	_ Did you? I didn't learn anything.
k _1	You left a Justin Bieber concert? You're mad! He's amazing!
[Me too! I really hate maths!
m	Ssh, what's that? I think I can hear them now!
n	Yes, I can't believe he's nearly 10!
0	Yes, it's one of my favourite cities, too.
p	No, of course not. I'm just angry with myself!
q	Me too. Did you see that famous Picasso picture?
r	I did, too. Everyone feels better after a good night's sleep.

6.7 Listen and check.

4 Complete the sentences using each adjective once.

	1	THE PARTY SOLL PRINT AND
	interesting	interested
1		because it's an interesting newspaper.
2	I don't want to v	vatch the football. I'm not
	bored borin	ng
3	You look	Don't you like opera?
4	I hate politician	s! They're so!
	excited exc	iting
5	Hooray! We're	on holiday! I'm so!
6	Our holiday wa	s so I learned how to ski
	annoyed ar	nnoying
7	She eats with he	er mouth open. It's very
8	I get very or 'Thank you'.	when people don't say 'Please'
	worried wo	orrying
9	The news is ver	ry It's all about war.
		_ about my exams next week.
	exhausted	exhausting
	I feel	I got up at 6 a.m. today!
11		k 10 km today. It was

Everyday English

What's the date?

1 Match the numbers and words

2nd	fifth
25th \	tenth
10th	first
1st	third
19th	ninth
30th	second
3rd	twenty-fifth
9th	twelfth
5th	nineteenth
12th	thirtieth

2 0)6.8 Listen. Write the dates you hear.

1	2 April 1998
2	
3	E-Markey 1
4	2 man 1 miles
5	
6	Tender (I mismile)
7	
8	100000000000000000000000000000000000000

V	Vrite the dates in a different v
1	the first of January
	January the first
2	the tenth of March
3	the fifteenth of May
4	the second of June
5	July the fourteenth
6	August the third
7	September the eighth
8	November the fifth

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Irregular verbs

1 Complete the chart with the verbs from the box. Write the Past Simple

begin start visit write leave buy do see enjoy take paint have travel come stay meet talk ask live stop play

Regular verbs		Irregular verbs			
Infinitive start	Past Simple started	Infinitive begin	Past Simple began		
		- Alter			
Dare Torri					

do/does/did/didn't/was/were/had

2 Complete the conversation with d	, does, did, didn'	, was, were, or had
------------------------------------	--------------------	---------------------

170	- 4						
A	W	pre 1	Were	WOIL	at	scho	012

B	T 2	atec	hool	in N	fanchester
13	1	41.51	11111111	HEND	DEBLUMESTEE

_you like it?

B Not really. I * _____ enjoy it very much.

A 5_____you a good student?

everything the teachers asked me to do, but I'. B Well, I 6 like them.

A Why not? 8 they not very nice?

B Two of them were OK, but I 9 horrible teachers for some

A 10_____ you enjoy the sixth form?

B Yes, that was better. I 11 quite a good time in my last two years.

A What school 12_____your children go to?

B I only have one child – a daughter. She goes to the local school.

A 13_____ she like it?

B Yes, she's very happy there, thank goodness!

Go online to Check your progress.

Remember when ...

- Past Simple (2): regular and irregular verbs
- Time expressions: in, at, on, ago
- · Adverbs: regular and irregular
- Special occasions

Grammar

Past Simple (2) Regular and irregular verbs

- 1 Look at the photos. What is the 'Clipper Race'?
- **2** Read the text. Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple.
- 3 Look at the questions and answers about Robin Knox-Johnston's Clipper Race. Complete the questions with the verbs from the box.

arrive sail start do feel leave take think 1 A When <u>did</u> Knox-Johnston first <u>sail</u> solo round the world? B In 1969. 2 A How long _____ the journey _ him? B Over ten months. 3 A When _____ the Clipper Race _ B In 1996. 4 A Which town _____ the eight yachts _____ from? B Plymouth. 5 A When _____ the winning yacht _____ back in Plymouth? B Nearly a year later. 6 A How _____ the crew members _ at the end of the race? B Very tired. 7 A When _____ the lorry driver, Bob Baker _____ the Clipper Race? B A few years ago. 8 A What _____ Bob _____ before he did the race? B That yachting was a rich man's sport. (1) 7.1 Listen and check.

THE CLIPPER RACE – 40,000 miles round the world in a yacht!
It started over 20 years ago and is the world's longest and hardest sailing challenge. How did it start?
In 1969, the Englishman Sir Robin Knox-Johnston 'became' (become) the first person to sail solo, non-stop round the world. It ' (take) him over 10 months. In the years after this amazing achievement, Sir Robin 's (want) more people to learn to sail, so he ' (start) the famous Clipper Round the World Yacht Race.
The first race The first race 5
The race today The interest in extreme sports and adventure challenges continues to grow. It's expensive to take part in the Clipper Race, but it's very popular. This is because all kinds of people want a new and special challenge in their lives. Last year nearly 20,000 people " (apply) to do it. Bob Baker, a lorry driver who " (do) it a few years

ago, said, 'I always 13_____ (think) that yachting was a

rich man's sport, but it's not at all'.

Negatives

- 4 Read the first line about the race and Knox-Johnston. Correct each line, using the prompts to write two sentences.
 - 1 The Clipper Race started in 1998.

(It / not start / in 1998 / It / start 1996)

It didn't start in 1998. It started in 1996.

2 The first race left from Southampton.

(It / not leave / from Southampton / It / leave from Plymouth)

3 The crew members in the first race were all men.

(They / not be / all men / There / be / women too.)

4 Knox-Johnston sailed to South Africa.

(He / not sail / South Africa / He / not have / enough money)

5 He met his wife when he was eighteen.

(He / not meet his wife / when / he / be / eighteen / He / meet her / when / he / be / eight)

6 He had two children.

(He / not have / two children / He / just have / one daughter)

7 He won £6000 prize money in his first race.

(He / not win £6,000 / He win / £5,000)

8 He won his second solo round the world race in 2007.

(He / not win / his second solo race / He / come / fourth)

Ouestions

5 Match a question word in A with an answer in B.

A		В	
1	When?	a	A sandwich.
2	Why?	b	1 Last Sunday.
3	Who?	c	My uncle David.
4	What sort?	d	In Paris.
5	Where?	e	16.
6	How old?	f_	Because I wanted to.
7	How?	g	30.
8	What time?	h	A Mercedes.
9	What?	e i _	9.30 a.m.
10	How many?	j _	3 hours.
11	How much?	k	\$45
12	How long?	1	By plane.

6 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

1 school / did / When / start / you /?

A When did you start school?

B When I was five.

2 morning / you / time / get / up / What / this / did /?

A

- B At seven o'clock.
- 3 dinner / night / have / What / you / last / for / did /?

A

- B Chicken curry.
- 4 did / today / you / How / travel / here /?

A

B By train.

5 it / long / How / take / did /?

A

B An hour.

6 was / Who / the / yesterday / with / girl / saw / I / you / ?

A

B My sister!

7 did/go/home/Why/you/early/?

A

B Because I felt sick.

8 phone / much / How / cost / did / your /?

A_

B £300.

(1) 7.2 Listen and check.

7 Complete the questions in the conversation.



- 1 A We went out for dinner last night.
 - B Lovely! 'Where did you go?
 - A Tabure. It's a new Turkish restaurant in town.
 - B 2_____like it?
 - A Yes, we did. We had a great meal.
 - B What 3 _____ ?
- A I had beef koftas with a green salad.
 - B 4 expensive?
 - A No, not really. £20. That's not too bad, is it?



- 2 A We went to Alison's wedding last week.
 - B Where ' ?
 - A It was in Scotland.
 - B 2______ people were there?
 - A A lot! There were about 150.
 - B What 3 ?
 - A She wore a lovely white dress. She looked beautiful!
 - B 4 _____a good time?
 - A We had a great time! I danced till three in the morning!

1 Listen and check.

46 Unit 7 • Remember when ...

Time expressions

in/at/on

8 EXTENSION Complete the time expressions with *in*, *at*, *on*, or no preposition (–).

1	on	_ Saturday
2		summer
3		_ last night
4		_ the twenty-first century
5	_	_ eight o'clock
6		_ yesterday
7		_ the 12th March
8		_ June
9	Will.	_ Monday morning
10	100	_ 2018
11		_ my birthday
12		_ the 1990s
13		_ the weekend
14		_ last year
15		_ the afternoon

ago

9 EXTENSION Look at the *Time then* and the *Time now*. How long ago was it?

Time now	How long ago?
6 p.m.	1 an hour ago
10.15	2
Thursday	3
May 14	4
June	5
September 28th	6
2020	7
	6 p.m. 10.15 Thursday May 14 June September 28th

A History of the Early Cinema

1895-1940s

The first moving picture shows started in theatres in England, France, and the United States at the end of the 19th century.









1895-1910 Silent movies

In 1905, the first cinema, or 'Nickelodeon', opened in Pittsburgh, and by 1907 there were about 4,000 'Nickelodeons' in the US. The films were short (sometimes just one minute long) and silent, but there was usually a planist to accompany them. Film shows lasted about half an hour.

Later films became longer and were often Bible stories. Until 1910, the actors were not named. With the longer films, their names started to appear on screen. The idea of 'film stars' was born.

1910-1927 'HOLLYWOOD' is born!

In the early years, American films were made in or near New York, but in 1910 many film companies moved to California because of the sunshine and the scenery. Westerns – films about cowboys – became very popular, and California was the perfect place to film.

By 1914 American films were very popular, and Hollywood became a 'movie factory'. In the 1920s studios made about 800 films a year, 82% of the world's films. Hollywood's silent movie stars, such as Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton, became famous throughout the world.

1927-1940s The coming of SOUND!

Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1927. It was called *The Jazz Singer*. By the end of 1929 nearly all films were 'talkies'. Now began what is often called 'The Golden Age of Hollywood', with its rich, famous, glamorous film stars such as Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart, and Judy Garland.

A History of the Early Cinema

- Read the first part of the text '1895–1910'.

 Complete the questions with *did*, *was*, or *were*.

 Then complete the answers.
 - 1 'When <u>did</u> the first moving picture shows start?'
 'At the end of the 19th century .'
 - 2 'Where and when _____ the first cinema open?'
 'In _____, in _____.'
 - 3 'How many 'Nickelodeons' ______ there in the US by 1907?'
 'About ______.'
 - 4 'How long _____ the film shows last?' 'About _____.'
 - 5 'What kind of stories _____ they often tell?'
 - '_____stories.'

3) 7.4 Listen and check.

1	'Where were	the first American films made?' 'In <u>New York</u> .'
2		did the film companies move to California?'
	'Because of_	January June Jean villen balage separati
3	•	kind of film became popular?' ''
4	ž.	_ did Hollywood become a 'movie factory' for
	the world?'	
	'Ву	· ·
5	•	_ films did the studios make every year?'
	•	_:
6	c	two movie stars became famous throughout the
	world?'	
	'Buster Keat	on and'
7	¢	_ did Hollywood make its first sound movie?'
	'In	
8	6	were some of the film stars of 'The Golden Age
	of Hollywoo	

Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart and _____

11 Read the rest of the text. Complete the questions and the answers.

Vocabulary

Adverbs

1 Complete the sentences using the adjective once and the adverb once.

	quiet quietly			
	<u>Quiet</u> , please. There is an exam in progress. Amy talks so <u>quietly</u> . I can never hear what she's saying!			
	bad badly			
	Morris has really teeth.			
4	I failed my piano exam because I played so			
	careful carefully			
5	Please listen to what I'm saying. It's very important!			
6	Be children when you cross the road.			
	slow slowly			
	Please speak more, I don't understand. I am a really runner. I always come last on sports day.			
8				
	beautiful beautifully			
9	You have a house. I love your kitchen.			
10	The children sang at their Christmas concert.			
	omplete the sentences with an irregular adverb om the box.			
	hard fast well early late			
1	George worked really <u>hard</u> and passed all his exams.			
	Paul gets the six o'clock train every morning. He gets up very			
	Becky is always for school. She needs an alarm clock.			
4	The police gave Harry a speeding ticket because he drove too			
5	You speak English very!			

Everyday English

Special occasions

10)7.5 Listen and complete the conversations.

- 1 A That's it! It's January 1st! B ____ New ____ everyone! A Happy New Year! to the old year! Here's to the All Cheers! 2 A It was my birthday yesterday. B I know. Did you get my ____? A Yes, thank you. It was very funny.
 - A Yes, twenty friends _____ and they brought me lots of _ ____ for you, too. ____ you B Great! I have _____ for y are. Happy _____ for yesterday. A Oh, wow! Thanks!
- 3 A Anna! Congratulations! B Thank you very much. A When's the _____ B We don't know for sure. Possibly _April. A Can I see your engagement _____?

B And you were ten years old. Did

you have a ____?

- B Of course. Do you _____ A Ah! It's beautiful. I can't wait for my Don't forget to say _____ to Paul from me.
- 4 A Morning, Mummy. Here you are! Breakfast in bed.
 - B Thank you. What a lovely
 - A Would you like milk in
 - B Yes, please. Mmm!
 - A Here's a big bunch of __
 - B I am lucky.
 - A I'm the lucky one because you're _

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the negative.

ŀ	enjoy stay pass buy go have
1	I went shopping, but everything was too expensive. I <u>didn't buy</u> anything.
2	My wife and I had a quiet weekend at home. We anywhere.
3	Unfortunately, I only got 35% in my exam. I
4	Pete went to a party, but it wasn't very good. He there. He went home.
5	I saw Jenny in town, but I was very busy. I time to talk to her.
6	My parents' holiday was awful. It rained every day. They it.
	we / played / all / afternoon / tennis We played tennis all afternoon.
2	did / what / get up / morning / this / time / you / ?
3	wrote / I / some / emails / morning / this
4	go / work / to / didn't / I / on / was / I / holiday / week / because / last
5	parents / married / in / got / my / 1983
6	you / did / where / school / to / go / ?
7	didn't / to / go / Tim's / we / party / were / because / too / we / tired
8	went / university / to / I / 1990s / the / in
9	did / why / go / you / shops / the / to / ?
0	didn't / big / we / live / house / I / a / young / was / when / in

- 3 Underline the correct answer.
 - 1 Did you like/liked the film?
 - 2 I not go/didn't go to university.
 - 3 We lost the match because we played really bad/badly.
 - 4 It was my birthday in/on June 15.
 - 5 What did/do you do last weekend?
 - "6 There was/were about 150 people at the wedding.
 - 7 I'm a very slowly/slow reader. It takes me months to finish a book.
 - 8 Sarah failed her exam because she *didn't work/worked* hard.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

bad slowly on Saturday cinema actor at six o'clock beautiful early last year fast birthday glamorous carefully rich in 2019 American movie on 20th May quietly Hollywood exciting

Adjectives	Adverbs
bad	slowly
Nouns	Time expressions
cinema	on Saturday
	different Principle

Go online to Check your progress.

Love it or hate it!

- Food and drink
- Countable and uncountable nouns
- I like/I'd like ...

- some and any, much and many
- Shopping in the High Street

Vocabulary

Food and drink

1 Write the words from the box in the correct column.

chicken	milk	potato	apple
beef	banana	cheese	onion
peas	orange	broccoli	bacon
tomato	ham	strawberry	carrot
raspberry	butter	yoghurt	sausage

Meat	Fruit	Dairy products
chicken	apple	milk
		NZ TE
o euonoma		120
o some		102 m
	chicken	chicken apple

2 (1) 8.1 Listen to the stress on these words. Write them in the correct column.

chicken yoghurt potato broccoli tomato strawberry raspberry banana sausage pasta

	••	0	
	chicken		Amonto.
1			tamento
-			
(
L			

Countable and uncountable nouns

3 Are these usually countable or uncountable nouns? Write C or U.

1_0	U cheese	9 _	fruit
2 _	apple	10	pasta
3 _	food	11 _	banana
4	biscuit	12	tea
5	bread	13	egg
6 _	milk	14	water
7_	chip	15	strawberry
8	tomato	16	butter

a, an, or some?

4 Complete the sentences with a, an, or some.

	Children! There's some food on the table. Come and
	get it!

2 I usually have _____ apple for breakfast.3 Can you buy _____ bread at the shops?

4 We have ____ cup of coffee and ____ biscuit at

5 There's some cheese in the fridge and _____ tomato.

6 Do you want _____ drink? Tea? Coffee?

7 Give me _ water! Quick!

8 I have _____ fruit every day.

9 Do you want _____ orange or ____ banana?

10 You need _____ eggs to make __ omelette.

Grammar like ... and would like ...

What do they like doing?

1 Look at the information about Bridget and Simon. Complete the sentences about them.





	Bridget, 28, a journalist	Simon, 33, an architect
Weekend activities	going to the cinema eating in restaurants	going to the cinema and the theatre cooking dinner for friends
Holiday activities	swimming sunbathing reading books	sightseeing visiting museums reading books

- 1 Bridget and Simon both *like going* to the cinema.
- 2 Simon also ______ to the theatre.
- 3 Bridget ______ in restaurants, but Simon _____ for friends.
- 4 Bridget _____ and sunbathing, but Simon _____ and visiting museums.
- 5 They both _____ books.

I'd like + noun or infinitive

2 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
1 I'm hungry.	a I'd like a holiday.
2 I'm thirsty.	b 1 I'd like something to eat.
3 I have too much work.	c I'd like a cold shower.
4 I'm hot.	d I'd like a drink.
5 I'm tired.	e I'd like to win a million pounds
6 It's my birthday.	f I'd like to go to bed.
7 I don't have any money.	g I'd like to have a party.
8 I'm bored.	h I'd like to go to the cinema.

- 3 Complete the questions using would like.
 - 1 'I'm hungry.' 'What would you like to eat?'
 - 2 'I'm thirsty.' 'What _____?'
 - 3 'I need a holiday.' 'Where _____
 - 4 'I want to have a party.' 'Who _____ invite?'
 - 5 'Can we go to the cinema?' 'What _____?'
 - 6 'I want an ice cream.' 'What flavour _____?

like or would like

- 4 Choose the correct answer, a or b.
 - 1 What do you like doing at the weekend?
 - a I like going out with my friends.
 - b I'd like to go out with my friends.
 - 2 It's your birthday! What do you want to do?
 - a I'd like to go out with my friends.
 - b I like going out with my friends.
 - 3 What's your favourite colour?
 - a I'd like blue.
 - b I like blue.
 - 4 Which shirt do you want?
 - a I'd like the blue one, please.
 - b I like the blue one, please.
 - 5 We're having a party at our house next Saturday.
 - a Do you like to come?
 - b Would you like to come?
 - 6 We have a new teacher.
 - a Do you like her?
 - b Would you like her?

(1) 8.2 Listen and check.

- 5 Complete the sentences using the correct form of *like* or *would like*.
 - Jane has hundreds of cookbooks.
 She likes cooking.
 - 2 It's Helen's birthday next week.

She	to go to an Indian
restaurant	

3 My car is 20 years old!

_ a	new	one
	a	a new

4 There's a good film on TV tonight.

to watch it?

5 We go to the French Alps every year. skiing.

6 Sarah thinks her house is too small.

a bigger one.

7 Tom is doing a website for his friend.

designing.

Unit 8 . Love it or hate it!

some and any

- **6** Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.
 - 1 I don't have <u>any</u> apple juice. But I have some orange juice.
 - 2 Are there _____ messages for me this morning?
 - 3 I never have breakfast.
 - 4 You have _____lovely friends. You're very lucky.
 - 5 Don't buy _____ bread. We have lots.
 - 6 Do you have _____ brothers or sisters?
 - 7 There aren't _____ shops in my village.
 - 8 I'd like _____ milk in my tea. Is there in the fridge?
 - 9 There was _____ rain last night the road is wet this morning.
- 10 She doesn't have _____ children.

7 Complete the sentences with some or any and a word from the box.

petrol music food ice stamps friends chips 1 Can you turn the radio on? I'd like to listen to some music . 2 I'd like in my water, please. 3 I need to put in the car. It's nearly empty. ? I have some letters to post. 4 Do you have ? I could make an omelette. 5 Do we have 6 Can I have with my steak? 7 I met from school last night. 8 There isn't _____ in the fridge. Sorry.

much and many

8 Complete the questions with How much or How many.



- 1 A 'How many students are there in your class?'
 - B 'Twenty.'



- homework do you get?"
 - B 'Too much.'



- 5 A ' tea do you drink a day?'
 - B 'Two or three cups.'



- is a cup of coffee and a piece of cake?'
 - B 'Ten euros.'



- languages can you speak?
 - B 'Two. French and German.'
- 10) 8.3 Listen and check.



- people live in your house?'
 - B 'Five. Me, my brother and sister, and my parents.'

52 Unit 8 • Love it or hate it!

Two chefs in the family

- 9 Read the introduction about the chef Gordon Ramsay and his daughter, Tilly. What is the problem with Gordon?
- 10 Complete the text with the words from the box.

likes (x3) like doesn't like 'd like loved a lot of (x2) some any many

Father and daughter -

CELEBRITY CHEFS.

Gordon Ramsay is a world famous chef. He has 'alot of Michelin stars – 16 in fact! His TV programmes, Hell's Kitchen and Ramsay's Kitchen Nightmares, are very popular. But there is sometimes a problem because Gordon uses so '______ bad words!

Now, Gordon's teenage daughter, Tilly, is a successful chef, too. She has her own cookery programme, Matilda and the Ramsay Bunch, on BBC TV, and a new cookbook called Tilly's Kitchen Takeover. Tilly doesn't use bad words when she's an TV!

Tilly's food is very different from the food at her dad's expensive restaurants. She *______ cooking simple meals that are easy to make. She also likes helping people her age to learn to cook. Tilly *______ preparing meals for her family and friends, too. She has some very famous friends! David and Victoria Beckham's children know the Ramsay family very well, and they often eat with them.

When Tilly was small she

watching her dad cook, and she also met a lot of famous chefs – they often visited the busy Ramsay home. Tilly started cooking, and finally decided that she 7______ to be a chef, too.

Tilly is a big fan of social media.
She has about 194,000 followers on Instagram.

people, young and old,
her recipes. Most of the time she
chatting to them, but she
everything they
say because
comments aren't very kind.

Her family love her recipes, too. They are very pleased with her success — especially her dad. He's very proud indeed.





- 11 Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 'How many Michelin stars does Gordon Ramsay have?' 'He has 16.'
 - 2 'Why is there a problem on his TV programmes?'
 'Because he uses so bad words.'
 - 3 'What sort of food _____ Tilly ____ cooking?'

 'Simple ____ that are easy to make.'
 - 4 'Who _____ Tilly meet when she was small?'
 famous chefs.'

(1) 8.4 Listen and check.

- 5 'How _____ Instagram followers does she have?'
 'A lot ____ 194,000.'
- 6 'Why doesn't she like all the comments on Instagram?'
 'Because ______ of them aren't very kind.'
- 7 'Do just young people use Tilly's _____?'
 'No, ____ people, young and old, use them.'

Vocabulary

Daily needs

1 Look at the pictures and write the word.

1 a*daptor*

4 m_____

7 p____

10 c____

2 b_____

5 n_____ 6 s____

9 t

12 p____

11 s

2 Find the words in the wordsearch.





















Everyday English Shopping in the High Street

Complete the conversations with the words from the box.



- much sort understand
 - A I'd like a pair of scissors, please.
 - B What sort do you want?
 - A Sorry. What do you _____
 - B Well, what do you want them for?
 - A Ah! Now I _____. They're for my children.
 - B OK. We have children's scissors in a lot of colours.
 - A Great! How _____ are they?



- large many enough
 - A Can I have some aspirin, please?
 - B Do you want a _____ bottle or a small one?
 - are there in the large A How_ bottle?
 - B Twenty-four.
 - A No, that's _____ many.
 - B There are twelve in the small one.
 - A Twelve is ______, thanks. I'll have that one.

I Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

	1]	I like	vegetah	Joc.			
2		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	rescuit	nes.			
	2]	I'd like <u>son</u>	ne vegetable	es, ple	ease.		
	3]	I like	banan	as.			
4	4]	I'd like	bana	nas, p	oledde.		
L	5		coffee is my	favor	urite drink.		
(5	Would you	like	c	offee?		
	7]	I love	ice cre	eam.			
6					eam, please?		
		implete the	sentences b	oelow	using the grou	aps of	words in the
	Po	otatoes	is		chickens		MONON H
	C	heese	are		vegetables		
	Fr	ruit	come fro	om	Scotland		
	E	ggs	comes fr	om	made from mi		Sent Section
	W	/hisky	N Year Live		full of vitamin	s.	With the same
	1	Potatoes of	re vegetable	25	. 4 Eggs _		
					. 5 Whisk		un year and and
		Fruit		1	. J Willow	1	
	0	rruit		1000			
3	Co	mplete the	questions	with I	How much	or H	ow many?
					How much		
	1 .		h	omev	work do you ge	et?	
			h E	omev nglish	work do you ge 1 books do you	et? u have	?
	1 .		h E	omev nglish	work do you ge	et? u have	?
	1 .		h Ei	omev nglish oes a	work do you ge 1 books do you	et? u have ino co	?
	1 . 2 . 3		h Ei	nglish oes a angua	work do you go n books do you small cappucc	et? u have ino co eak?	? ost?
	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5		h Ei dd	nglish oes a angua tuden	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in	et? u have ino co eak? your o	? ost?
	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 6		h Ei de la st	nglish oes a angua tuden	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a	et? I have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost?
	1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 6 . 7	How much	h Er de la st	nglish oes a angua ruden offee	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have	et? I have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost?
4	1	How much	h End do la st co	nglish oes a angua ruden offee o hildre	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have	et? u have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost? class?
4	1	How much	h Er do la st co closes with like of Taylor Sw	nglish oes a angua ruden offee o hildre	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have	et? u have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost? class?
4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Mail	ake senten I have all o	h End do la st co ch ces with like of Taylor Sw	nomev nglish oes a angua tuden offee hildre e or 'd rift's s	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have l like. ongs on my pl	et? u have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost? class?
4	1	ake senten I have all of Holly thin	h Ended la st concess with like of Taylor Swor Swift.	nomev nglish oes a angua tuden offee hildre e or 'd rift's s	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have l like. ongs on my pl	et? u have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost? class?
4	1	ake senten I have all of Holly thin	h End do la st co ch ces with like of Taylor Sw	nomev nglish oes a angua tuden offee hildre e or 'd rift's s	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have l like. ongs on my pl	et? u have ino co eak? your o day?	? ost? class?
4	1	ake senten I have all o Holly thin She 'd like o	h En de la st co ch ces with like of Taylor Sw or Swift. lks her house	nomevores a nangua, tuden offee o hildre e or 'derift's s	work do you go n books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have l like. ongs on my pl	et? I have ino co eak? your o I day? ? aylist.	? ost? class?
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4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Mil 1 2 3	ake senten I have all o I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like o Barney ha	h End do la st co character with like of Taylor Swor Swift.	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o hildre e or 'de'ift's see is to a twer	work do you go h books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have ! like. ongs on my pl oo small.	et? I have ino co eak? your o I day? ? aylist.	? ost? class?
4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Mil 1 2 3	ake senten I have all e I like Tayle Holly thin She 'd like e Barney ha He There's a g	h En de la st co ch ces with like of Taylor Sw or Swift. lks her house	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o hildre e or 'de'ift's see is to a twer	work do you go h books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have ! like. ongs on my pl oo small.	et? I have ino co eak? your o I day? ? aylist.	? ost? class?
4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Ma 1 2 3 4	ake senten I have all o I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like o Barney ha He There's a § I	h End do la st co character swith like of Taylor Swor Swift. lks her house a big house. Is more than good film or	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o didrett's se is to the twert n toni	work do you go h books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have l like. ongs on my pl oo small.	et? I have ino co eak? your o day? ? aylist.	? ost? class?
4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Ma 1 2 3 4	ake senten I have all o I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like o Barney ha He There's a g I We have f	h End do la st co character swith like of Taylor Swor Swift. lks her house a big house. Is more than good film or	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o didrett's se is to the twert n toni	work do you go h books do you small cappucc ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have ! like. ongs on my pl oo small.	et? I have ino co eak? your o day? ? aylist.	? class? watch in
4	1	ake senten I have all of I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like of Barney ha He There's a g I We have f	h Ei do	nomever nglish oes a ungua tuden offee o hildre e or 'de rift's se is to the twent toni	work do you ge to books do you small cappuce ges do you spe ts are there in do you drink a en do you have like. ongs on my pl too small. ty cookbooks ight.	et? I have ino co eak? your o day? ? aylist.	? ost? class?
4	1	ake senten I have all of I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like of Barney ha He There's a g I We have f	h En de de la st cc cl ces with like of Taylor Sw or Swift. lks her house a big house. s more than good film or our cats, two	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o hildre e or 'de rift's se is to n twen toni	work do you gen books do you small cappuce ges do you spets are there in do you drink are do you have like. This congs on my place of small. The cookbooks geht. The cookbooks geht.	et? I have ino co eak? your o day? ? aylist.	est? class? watch it animals a lo
4	1	ake senten I have all of I like Taylo Holly thin She 'd like of Barney ha He There's a g I We have f	h En de de la st cc cl ces with like of Taylor Sw or Swift. lks her house a big house. s more than good film or our cats, two	nomever nglish oes a angua tuden offee o hildre e or 'de rift's se is to n twen toni	work do you gen books do you small cappuce ges do you spets are there in do you drink are do you have like. This congs on my place of small. The cookbooks geht. The cookbooks geht.	et? I have ino co eak? your o day? ? aylist.	? class? watch in

Stop and check Units 5-8

Grammar

1 C	noose the correct answer. (30 marks)	
1	Can you speak Spanish? No,	16 My birthday is 3rd April.
	a quite well b not at all c a little	a at b in c on
2	Can Susan play the guitar? No, she	17 My wedding anniversary is June.
	a can't b couldn't c can	a at b in c on
3	'Who at the party last night?' 'Lots of people.'	18 What did you do the weekend?
	a were b is c was	a at b in c on
4	What the capital of Thailand? Bangkok.	19 There were no smartphones
	a 's b 're c was	a last winter b thirty years ago
5	The children really tired today.	c two minutes ago
	a was b is c are	20 Can I speak to you my homework?
6	'Where you last night?' 'I was out with friends.'	a for b of c about
	a was b were c are	21 Is there football TV tonight?
7	I walk when I was one.	a on b at c in
	a can b could c can't	22 I took Karen flowers when she was in hosp
8	When she was three she could use an iPad, but she	a any b a little c some
	read!	23 There aren't biscuits left!
	a could b can c couldn't	a any b a little c some
9	'What time did you the party?' 'Midnight!'	24 I an espresso and a croissant, please.
	a left b leaved c leave	a like b love c'd like
10	I Pete yesterday.	25 I'm not old to get married.
	a see b seen c saw	a nearly b enough c quite
11	We a lot when I was young.	26 I hate maths. It's really
	a travelled b did travel c travel	a worrying b exhausting c interesting
12	I get up early this morning because	27 Beth has an important exam today. She's so
	it was Saturday. a don't b didn't c not	a interesting b worried c interested
		28 Children get very at Christmas time.
13	I the lesson. It was boring! a not enjoy b didn't enjoy c enjoyed	a excited b worried c exciting
		29 Running a marathon is
14	'What's name of this hotel?' 'The Dorchester.'	a worried b exhausted c exhausting
	a the b - c a	30 I like The Times because it's an newspaper.
15	I live in London.	a exhausting b interested c interesting
	a - b the c a	
		SCORE

Vocabulary

2 Match a verb in A with a noun or adverb in B. (20 marks)

A	B
1 ride	a tennis
2 play	b a bike
3 eat	c healthily
4 fly	d a friend
5 phone	e a plane

A	B
6 drive	f a picture
7 paint	ga cake
8 make	h well
9 get up	iearly
10 feel	ja car

A	В
11 play	khard
12 speak French	la cake
13 sing	mfluently
14 work	n the guitar
15 eat	o beautifully

A	B
16 have	pchess
17 ride	qlate
18 watch	ra horse
19 play	s breakfast
20 get up	tTV

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	ride	fly	drive	eat
2	a bike	a plane	a car	a TV
3	fruit	sugar	flour	egg
4	milk	cheese	water	biscuit
5	a slice of bread	a glass of water	a cup of tea	chocolate
6	aspirin	shampoo	toothpaste	stamps
7	magazine	newspaper	sausages	bar of chocolate
8	sausages	stamps	chicken	steak
9	shampoo	parcel boxes	stamps	foreign money
10	post office	traffic lights	newsagent's	chemist's
11	petrol station	park	post office	bank
12	living room	dining room	garden	kitchen
13	handbag	purse	phone	pen
14	June	month	week	year
15	later	nearly	again	some

Everyday English

1		omplete the sentences with the correct words. O marks)				
	1	A Can I help you?				
		B I have an espresso, please?				
		A Of Take a seat.				
	2	A Excuse me! ask you something?				
		B What is it?				
		Atell me what 'classroom' is in				
		German?				
		B It's Klassenzimmer.				
	3	A another chocolate biscuit, please?				
		B That's your third! OK. One more.				
		A pass the plate?				
	4	A Is it your birthday week?				
		B Yes. I can't wait!				
		A Is your birthday on the first of April?				
		B Yes, I know April the is April				
		Fools' Day!				
	5	A We went to the cinema last night.				
		B see?				
		A The new James Bond film.				
		Blike it?				
		A Yes, it was great!				
	6	A Bye! Have a great!				
		A Bye! Have a great! B Thank you. And you on Monday.				
		A Did you have a birthday party?				
		B Yes, thank you. It was brilliant!				
		A Did you invite friends?				
		B Yes. I invited 15.				
	8	A Can I have a box of chocolates, please?				
	O	B want a small box or a bo	x?			
		A How are there in the small box?				
		B Twelve.				
		A Twelve is, thank you.				
	9	A I a small ice cream, please.				
	-	B What flavour? I have chocolate, strawberry,				
		vanilla, orange				
		A Orange ice cream? That's a bit different. Can I have orange one please?				
		SCORE 55				
		TOTAL				

Life in the city

- Comparative and superlative adjectives
- have got
- Compound nouns

- Prepositions
- Directions

Grammar Comparative adjectives

1 Write the comparative adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative
old	older
tall	-10544-6-546
hot	10 2,913 (14)
nice	and the American Control of the Cont
polite	
easy	= = Sut-major man
pretty	
exciting	
beautiful	
important	

- 2 Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in bold.
 - 1 It isn't very warm today. It was warmer yesterday.
 - 2 Dave isn't very funny. His brother is much
 - 3 Cats are quite friendly, but dogs are a lot
 - 4 Your homework is good, but I think you can do
 - 5 The news is bad, but it could be _____.
- 3 Complete the sentences with a comparative adjective.
 - 1 This flat is too old for me. I want somewhere more modern .
 - 2 This TV programme is boring. Is there something on another channel?
 - 3 This jumper is too small. I need a __
 - 4 My coffee is cold. Can I have a _____ one?
 - 5 This lesson is so difficult. Yesterday, it was much

4 Write four sentences about Pete and Anna using the comparative form of the adjectives from the box.

cheap expensive new old near modern big

Pete	Anna
TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PERSON	31 1113
Car £2000	Car £25,000
Flat £100,000 Town centre 5 minutes	House £300,000 Town centre 45 minutes
1 Pete's car is cheaper than	1 Anna's house is older
Anna's car.	than Pete's flat.
2	2
3	3
4	4

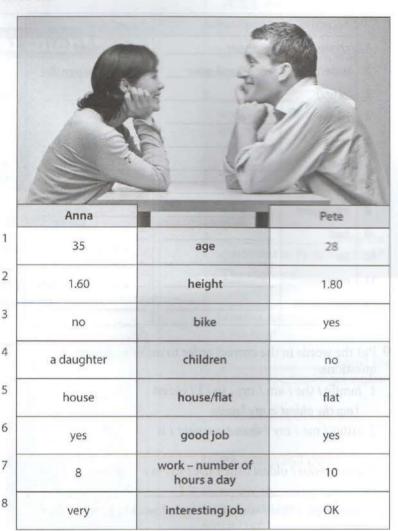
have or have got

- 5 Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of have got. 1 I have a nice flat. I've got a nice flat. 2 Does Paul have a motorbike? Has Paul got a motorbike? 3 We have two children. 4 Do you have a dictionary? 5 My parents don't have a lot of money. 6 What colour hair does she have? 7 I don't have an English lesson today. 8 You're lucky. You have a good job. do/does/have/has 6 Complete the conversations with do, does, have, or has. 1 'Have you got satellite TV?' 'Yes, I can get hundreds of channels.' he have any children?' 'Yes, one daughter.' 3 'How much milk _____ we got?' 'We haven't got any.' they have a nice house?' 'Yes, much nicer than ours.'
 - 5 'What sort of car _____ she got?' 'I'm not sure. A Mini, I think.'
 - 6 'What _____ you got on your head?' 'Oh! My glasses! There they are!'
 - 7 'What _____ you have for breakfast?' 'Tea and toast, usually.'
 - you have a shower every morning? 'Of course! Don't you?'

1 20 9.1 Listen and check.

Comparing two people

7 Use the information in 1-8 to complete the sentences about Anna and Pete.



1	Anna's <u>olde</u>		
2		taller	
3		has got a bike, but	hasn't.
4		_ a daughter, but	any children.
5	Pete's	a flat. Anna's	a house.
6	They've bot	h got	
7	Pete	longer hours	Anna.
8	Anna's	a more interesting _	Pete

Comparative and superlative adjectives

Were the comparative and superlative forms of the affectives.

- 1	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
,	cheap	cheaper	the cheapest
2	expensive	more expensive	the most expensive
3	young		
4	happy		-
5	beautiful		
6	big	EFY-	_
7	busy		
8	intelligent		
9	bad		
10	far		
11	new		194.6
12	dangerous		
	110		

- **9** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.
 - 1 family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest

 I am the oldest in my family.
 - 2 sister / me / my / than / younger / is
 - 3 class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is / ?
 - 4 passenger plane / was / Concorde / world / fastest / the / in / the
 - 5 book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book
 - 6 bought / expensive / shop / the / in / TV / most / Peter / the
 - 7 cheapest / buy / you / shop / in / the / the / did / watch / ?
 - 8 difficult / German spelling / English spelling / is / than / more / much
 - 9 weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

10 Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them, then look at the key on page 63.



1 What is <u>the longest</u> (long) river in the world? <u>The Nile.</u>



2 What is _____ (high) mountain in the world?



3 What is _____ (big) city in Australia



4 What is _____ (popular) sport in the world?



5 What is _____ (small) country in the world?



6 Where is ______ (old) university in Europe?

Big cities, tiny homes

11 Read about some of the world's smallest apartments. Write the superlative of the adjective in brackets.

The world's smallest apartments

New York, Paris, and London are famous for having some of the world's 'most expensive (expensive) homes. However, the world's '[large] and '[rich] cities also have some of the '[small] apartments in the world.





Paris is one of the 9______(beautiful) and romantic cities in the world because of its lovely old buildings. It also has one of the world's smallest apartments – but small can also be beautiful. At 8 m² it is 'petite', but pretty. It's also got one of the 10_______(spectacular) views in the city, overlooking the rooftops of Paris.

One of **London**'s ¹¹______ (tiny) apartments was once a cupboard, and is only 5.6 m². It's got a tiny kitchen, a sofa bed and a shower that is also a wardrobe. It's small, but it isn't cheap. It is worth about £250,000. That's £44,600 a square metre – and there's no window!

- 12 Complete the questions about the apartments with the correct question words.
 - 1 'Where are some of the most expensive apartments in the world?'

'In New York, Paris, and London.'

- 2 ______lives in one of New York's smallest apartments?'
 'Felice Cohen.'
- 3 '____square metres is her apartment?" '8.4 m²'
- 4 '_____ does the apartment in Paris overlook?' 'The rooftops.'
- 5 '_____ is the London apartment worth?' '£250,000.'
- 6 '_____hasn't the London apartment got a nice view?'

'Because it hasn't got a window!'

19.2 Listen and check.

- 13 Complete the sentences with has got, hasn't got, have got, or haven't got.
 - New York, Paris, and London some of the world's most expensive apartments.
 - 2 The penthouse in New York ____ an amazing view of Central Park.
 - 3 Felice ______ 8
 - 4 The three apartments in the text _____ much space.

Vocabulary

Compound nouns

1 Match a noun in A with a noun in B to make a compound noun.

town centre

A		В
1	town —	a park
2	railway	b agent
3	traffic	c centre
4	super	d office
5	car	e station
6	travel	f port
7	post	g market
8	air	h lights

- **2** Complete the sentences with the correct compound noun from exercise 1.
 - 1 Can you buy some milk and bread when you go to the
 - 2 I'm late for my train! Could you drive me to the
 - 3 London's Heathrow is one of the biggest in the world.
 - 4 We took the bus to the ______ to meet our friends at the shops.
 - 5 Happy Holidays is a great _____

Prepositions

3 Look at the pictures. Write a preposition from the box.

over	along past round	up dow	n through under
- Stalling		//	
1 <u>under</u>	the bridge	2	the river
79	977979	/	
3	the wood	4	the hill
THE STATE OF	1		
5	the hill	6	the bridge
18			(A)
7	the shop	8	the bend

Everyday English

Directions

1 Find these things on the map. Write a number.

3_ car park	farm
bridge	lake
church	wood
park	swimming poo
railway station	



2 Read the directions. Where are you?

Drive along Farm Road, past the farm and the pub, and turn left. Go down the hill and under the railway bridge. Turn left at the park, and go up the hill to the church. Turn right before the church, and go along the road until you come to the traflights. Go straight on at the traffic lights, and it's on the left

3	Now write the directions	from the pool to the pub.	
	Carl Transcription		

Go	online	for	more	skills	and	language	practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

 Write the opposites of the comparative and superlative adjectives.

Adjective	Opposite
smaller	bigger
the cheapest	
safer	
faster	
the dirtiest	
most difficult	
quieter	
more boring	
the best	
more modern	11.021.70

- 2 Correct the mistake in each sentence.
 - 1 Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is gooder.
 - Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is better.

 2 Jenny is prettiest girl in the class.
 - 3 Who is intelligent student in your class?
 - 4 Sally is older from Cathy.
 - 5 Liam's a really expensive new car.
 - 6 'Does they have a big house?' 'Yes, it's huge!'
 - 7 'How many children do you have?' 'I haven't got.'
 - 8 'Are we nearly there yet?' 'Don't worry. The hotel's just on the bend.'

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	i	n on at infront of
-		The school is on the left.
1	2	Turn right the traffic lights.
		There's a statue the main square.
4	1	There are three people the bus stop.
	5	The bus stop is the chemist's.
-	5	The river is the bottom of the hill.
	7	The wood is the top of the hill.
-	8	The Millbank Hotel is the right.
-	9	the end of the street, turn left.
10)	The mayor's office is the town hall.
)	W	hich one is different?
		airport railway station bus stop bank
		airport railway station bus stop bank
1	2	mountain river church woods
	3	where when what does
	4	flat house kitchen penthouse
	5	older taller smaller worse
1	6	funniest fastest easiest prettiest
	7	in many on at
	8	lovely disgusting beautiful pretty
	9	big huge small enormous
1	0	chemist's post office newsagent's traffic lights

Answer key for exercise 10 page 60

2 the highest (Everest) 5 the smallest (Varican City)
3 the higgest (Sydney) 6 the oldest (Bologna)
4 the most popular (football)

Go online to Check your progress.

Unit 9 · Life in the city

What are you up to?

- Present Continuous and Present Simple
- · -ing form
- Whose/Who's

- Possessive pronouns
- Describing people
- Social expressions (2)

Grammar Present Continuous

1 Complete the sentences about what the people are doing.



1 She's learning German.



2 He's _____ tennis.



3 I'm _____ a film.



4 He _____ an email.



5 She _____ spaghetti.



6 They _____ coffee.

2 Complete the questions about the people in exercise 1.

'What's she learning	_?' 'German.'
	_?' 'Tennis.'
(_?' 'A film.'
(_?' 'An email
6	_?' 'Spaghetti
¢	2' 'Coffee'

3 Complete the	negative sentences	about	the	people	in
exercise 1.			۵		

1	She isn't learning	Greek.
2		_ golf.
3		_ the news.
4		_ a letter.
5		_ ice cream.
6		_ orange juice.

4 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A			В	
1	I'm working hard		a	she's hungry.
2	Jane's learning French.		b	we're going on holiday.
3	The baby's crying		- c	I need the money.
4	Tom's studying hard	because	d	friends are coming for dinner.
5	You're making a lot of mistakes		е	she's got a job in Paris.
6	Ken and Sally are cooking		f	he has an exam soon.
7	We're packing		g	you aren't listening.

Spelling

5 Look at the spellings of these verbs + -ing and write the -ing forms below.

eat eating	write	writing	swim	swimming
1 make		6	sit _	74 55
2 go		7	buy _	
3 drink		8	smile _	
4 do		9	run _	
5 drive				

Present Simple or Present Continuous?

6 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb once in the Present Simple and once in the Present Continuous.

speak

- 1 Listen to Fiona! What language <u>is</u> she <u>speaking</u>?
- 2 How many languages does she speak?

F030		
FORE		

- 3 I _____ a good book at the moment.
- 4 I _____ in bed every night.

have

- 5 Saira and Danny _____ a beautiful house.
- 6 This party is great! I _____ a really good time.

not eat

- 7 Clare _____ with us tonight. She isn't hungry.
- 8 Vegetarians _____ meat.

get

- 9 Brigitte is so spoilt. She always everything she wants.
- 10 Karen's not here at the moment. She the children from school.

rain

- Oh no! It _____. We can't play tennis.
- 12 It always ______ a lot in April.

think

- What ______ you ____ of the latest Bond film?
- You look worried. What _____ you _____ about?

- 7 Look at the pictures and answer the questions.
 - 1 What does Pete do?

He's a pilot.

- 2 Does he fly passenger planes? Yes, he does
- 3 Is he flying now? No, he isn't
- 4 What's he doing?

 He's going for a walk:





- 5 What does Alice do?"
- 6 Does she teach maths? Yes.
- 7 Is she teaching now?
- 8 What's she doing?

the cello.

- 9 What does Nancy do?
- 10 Does she design buildings?
- 11 Is she designing buildings now?
 Yes, _____
 a shopping centre.





- 12 What does Mike do?
- 13 Does he deliver letters?
- 14 Is he delivering letters now?
- 15 What's he doing?

10.1 Listen and check.

- 8 Underline the correct verb form.
 - 1 'Would you like some tea?' 'No, thanks. <u>I don't like</u> / I'm not liking tea.'
 - 2 'Do you like Pete?' 'I'm thinking / I think he's a really nice guy.'
 - 3 'Why don't you come out with us?' 'Sorry, I'm working / I work.'
 - 4 'Sprechen Sie Deutsch?' 'Sorry, I don't understand / I'm not understanding'.
 - 5 'Can I speak to Jo?' 'I'm afraid she has / she's having a shower.'

be or do?

- **9** Complete the sentence with *am/is/are* or *do/does/don't/doesn't*.
 - 1 'Why <u>is</u> he always late?'
 'Because he <u>doesn't</u> have a watch.'
 - 2 'Where ______ you going?'
 'I ______ going to the bank.'
 - 3 'What time _____ she have lunch?' 'At 1.00, usually.'
 - 4 'I _____looking for a pair of shoes.'

 'What size _____you take?'
 - 5 'Why _____ John eat meat?'

 'Because he _____ a vegetarian.'
 - 6 'Comment vas-tu?'
 'Sorry! I ______ speak French.'
 - 7 'What ______ you doing tonight?"

 'We _____ going to the cinema."
- 8 'Why _____ Hans studying Chinese?'
 'Because he _____ going to work in China.'

10.2 Listen and check.

-ing form as a noun

10 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with the -ing form of a verb from the box.

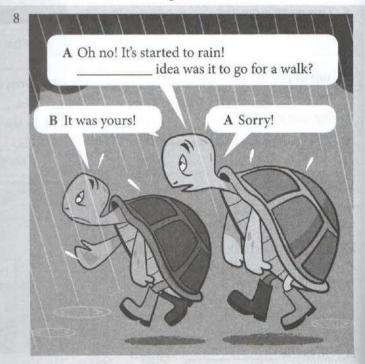
ski cycle live (x2) say run cook learn drive

- 1 **Cycling** in London can be dangerous.
- 2 ______a foreign language isn't easy.
- 3 My favourite winter sport is _____.4 _____ three times a week keeps me fit.
- 5 I prefer _____ in the town to ____ in the country.
- 6 I hate ______ goodbye.
- 7 ______too fast is really dangerous.
- 8 Your _____ is delicious.

Whose or Who's? / Possessive pronouns

- 11 Complete the sentences with whose or who's.
 - 1 A Who's coming shopping with me?
 - B I am.
 - 2 A _____ pink bag is this?
 - B It's mine.
 - 3 A _____ sitting next to Tom?
 - B Julia.
 - 4 A _____ the owner of the red car, registration MK17 DFH?
 - B Oops! Sorry! That's me.
 - 5 A _____ father comes from Canada?

 B Bill's.
 - 6 A ______ is the car outside?
 - B It's theirs.
 - 7 A _____ sitting here?
 - **B** I think Grace is. She's gone outside for a minute.



10.3 Listen and check.

12 Rewrite the sentences with a possessive pronoun.

- 1 It's my bike.
- It's <u>mine</u>.
- 2 That's your drink.
- That's _____.
- 3 It's Tom's cat.4 This is Anna's phone.
- It's
- 5 It's our dog.
- It's _____.
- 6 It's Sue and Pete's house.
- It's

Moments in time

13	It is 13.00 in	London on J	une 1.	Write the	correct city,	LA or	Tokyo, for	the times be	elow.
----	----------------	-------------	--------	-----------	---------------	-------	------------	--------------	-------

a ____ 21.00 b ____ 05.00

14 Read the text. <u>Underline</u> the correct form of the verb.



It's strange to think that when you are waking up in the morning, someone else in another part of the world is going to bed! The differences in time zones around the world can be just one hour, or twelve. We're all living the same moments, but at different times of the day!

It's 5.00 p.m. GMT on a Friday afternoon. So who is doing what, where, right now?



Darren 'lives / is living and 'works / is working in London. He's a bus driver for London Transport, and 'drives / is driving double decker buses from Monday to Friday.

It's a cold, grey afternoon in London, and Darren's bus *gets / is getting quite full because people *leave / are leaving work for the day and it *rains / 's raining. He *drives / 's driving past the Houses of Parliament, and Big Ben is chiming five o'clock.

Darren usually ⁸finishes / is finishing work at 6.00 p.m. He ⁹has / is having a dog called Molly, and he always ¹⁰takes / is taking her for a walk when he gets home.



Carrie is an actress and a waitress. She "has / is having a small apartment in Los Angeles (LA). She "wants / 's wanting to be a full-time actor, but it's difficult to find work. Today, she "works / 's working as a waitress and she "serves / 's serving customers at the Hollywood Diner in LA."

LA is eight hours behind London, so people 15 don't finish | aren't finishing work, they 16 just start | are just starting. It's nine o'clock in the morning and Carrie 17 serves | is serving breakfast. She 18 also tries | 's also trying to learn her lines for an audition in the afternoon. It's for a big part in a film. She really 19 wants | is wanting this part. She 20 doesn't like | isn't liking her job at the diner.



Keiko is an English teacher. She ²¹ teaches / is teaching at a junior high school in Tokyo. Japan is 8 hours ahead of London, so in Tokyo it's one o'clock on Saturday morning.

Keiko ²²works / is working very hard and she's very tired, but she can't sleep because there's a huge storm outside and it ²³rains / 's raining. At the moment, she ²⁴reads / 's reading a book and ²⁵listens / is listening to music. She ²⁶waits / 's waiting for the storm to finish so she can go to sleep. At least it's Saturday today and there's no school.

Complete the questions.	
1 'What?' 'He's a bus dr	river.' 7 'sheher job at the diner?'
2 'Why the bus full?'	'No, she doesn't. She wants to be an actress.'
'Because people are leaving work.'	8 ' Keiko teach?'
3 'Where?'	'She teaches at a junior high school.'
'He lives in London.'	9 ' she hard?'
4 'What time he usually work?'	'Yes, she does. That's why she's tired.'
'At 6.00 p.m.'	10 ' Keiko ?'
5 ' in a big house?'	'She's reading and listening to music.'
'No, she doesn't. She lives in a small apartment.'	
6 'What Carrie now?' 'She's serving breakfast.'	10.4 Listen and check.

Unit 10 · What are you up to?

Vocabulary

Describing people

Read and complete the descriptions using a word from the boxes.



suit coat curly boots scarf shoes short shirt hat socks



- 1 Gareth is wearing a grey 1 ____ with a white 2 ___ and a tie. He's also wearing black 3 ____ and white 4 ____. He's got dark 5 ____ hair. He's very handsome.
- 2 Val is wearing a long grey 1 _____ with black 2 ____. She's also wearing a 3 _____ and a 4 _____. She's got big eyes and 5 _____ fair hair. She's quite young.



Susie

leggings jeans fair tall jumper white black T-shirt trainers beard



Richard

- 3 Susie is wearing grey 1 ____ and 2 ___ shoes with a stripy 3 ____ . She's got long 4 ___ hair. She isn't very 5 ____ . She's quite pretty.
- 4 Richard is wearing 1 ____ and a 2 ___ 3 ___ . He's also wearing 4 ___ with black socks. He's very tall. He's got a 5 ___ and short dark hair.

Everyday English

Social expressions (2)

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A

- 1 I forgot to call you last night! Sorry!
- 2 Dave and I are getting married!
- 3 Can I speak to Jenny, please?
- 4 Can I help you?
- 5 I can't go out tonight. Sorry.
- 6 Would you like to go to the cinema?
- 7 The printer isn't working.
- 8 Have a safe journey home!
- 9 We're going out to a restaurant.
- 10 Diego told me that I'm 'guapa'.
- 11 I failed my driving test.
- 12 My goldfish died.

В	
a	No thanks, I'm just looking.
b _1	Don't worry. It doesn't matter.
c	Never mind. Maybe another time.
d	What does that mean? I hope it's good
e	Congratulations! That's great news!
f	Thanks! It was great seeing you!
g	Sorry, she's having a shower right now.
h	It's because there isn't any paper in it.
i	Have a good meal!
j	_ Oh dear! How sad.
k	Not again! That's the fourth time!
	I'd love to!

10.5 Listen and check.

2 Now continue the conversations using a line in C.

C	
m _ 1	I didn't get home until quite late anyway.
n	I'm free on Friday if that's any good.
0	Oh, I think there's some in the cupboard.
p	Yes, I think it means 'beautiful'.
q	_ Could you give her a message?
r	Well, it means I'm getting lots of practice!
5	Lovely to see you too.
t	Well, let me know if you need anything.
u	Yes, it is. I'm going to get another one.
v	Yes, we're planning it for next summer.
w	_ It starts at 7.30 so we could meet up at 7?
х	_ We will.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Underline the correct adverbs.
 - 1 Rob is having a shower often / at the moment.
 - 2 Lucy sometimes / at the moment plays tennis on Saturday.
 - 3 I'm eating my dinner now / today. Can I call you later / now?
 - 4 I never / always eat tomatoes. They're disgusting!
 - 5 The printer isn't working at the moment / this afternoon. Sorry!
 - 6 We sometimes / later / every day go to the cinema on Friday night.
 - 7 She works in the restaurant every day / today.
 - 8 Pete's in bed *today | every day* because he isn't feeling very well.
- 2 Rewrite the sentences using -ing as a noun.
 - 1 It isn't easy to learn Chinese. Learning Chinese isn't easy.
 - 2 It's fun to play tennis.
 - 3 It's important to study for your exams.
 - 4 It's interesting to go to different countries.
 - 5 It's useful to speak English.
- 3 Complete the chart with the words from the box.

his (x2) our my their yours hers mine your her theirs ours

Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
1	my	mine
you	la marta cyligh	yours
he	124660	the sales of
she		SCANDISM AUG.
we		ula they
they		which for Ladya-

- 4 Write in, at, or on.
 - 1 in bed
 - 2 the train
 - 3 _____ holiday
 - 4 _____ Sophie's house
 - 5 _____a meeting
 - 6 _____ the kitchen
 - 7 work
 - 8 the office
 - 9 ____university
 - 10 ____ his way home
 - 11 _____ hospital
- 12 ____ the airport

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

dress old fair trousers socks tall curly hair coat jacket young beard boots short shorts green eyes long hair a top

Clothes	Appearance
dress	old

Go online to Check your progress.

Going for it!

- going to future plans and predictions
- Infinitive of purpose
- going to future intentions
- The weather
- Making suggestions

Grammar

going to - future plans

1 Write a sentence about what these people are going to be, using the words from the box.

chef accountant teacher athletes in a band

- Sally is great with children.
 She's going to be a teacher.
- 2 Simon loves cooking.
- 3 Alice is very good with numbers.
- 4 Janet and Mel can run really fast.
- 5 Matt is a good guitarist, and Sue has a good voice.



Questions and negatives

- 2 Write questions using the correct form of going to and the prompts in brackets.
 - 1 I'm going to a party next week. (What / you / wear?)
 What are you going to wear?
 - 2 Some friends are coming to dinner. (What / you / cook?)
 - 3 We're going to the cinema tonight. (What / you / see?)
 - 4 Pete and Val are going to Paris. (Where / they / stay?)
 - 5 Alex got As in all his exams. (What / he / study / next year?)
 - 6 They're buying a new car. (What make / buy?)

11111 Listen and check.

- 3 Answer the questions in exercise 2 with a negative sentence and a positive sentence, using the prompts.
 - 1 not a skirt / a dress

I'm not going to wear a skirt. I'm going to wear a dress.

- 2 not meat / fish
- 3 a spy film / not a comedy
- 4 Spain / not Greece
- 5 maths / not history
- 6 not Volkswagen / Toyota

going to and the Present Continuous

With the verbs go and come, we usually use the Present Continuous. We're going to Paris next week. Joe and Tim **are coming** for lunch tomorrow.

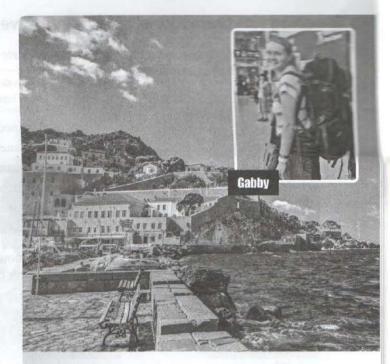
NOT We're going to go ... They're going to come ...

- 4 Gabby is going on holiday. Look at the chart. Make questions and answers about her holiday plans using going to.
 - 1 Where's she going? She 's going to the Greek islands 2 How She 3 Where's _____ ? She 4 Howlong____ She 5 What ______? She
- 5 Claire and Bill are going to Zagreb next month. Look at the chart in 4 and complete the conversation. Use going to or the Present Continuous.

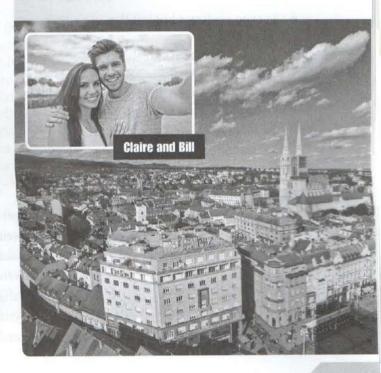
A Hi guys! Where are you going on holiday this year?

- B 'We're going to Zagreb, the capital of Croatia.
- A Wow! Sounds interesting! How 2______ to travel there?
- B By plane. There are lots of really cheap flights.
- A Where 3______ to stay?
- C We're 4 _____ at the Jadran Hotel. It's only ten minutes from Zagreb Cathedral.
- A That's nice. How long 5
- C For a week.
- C For a week.

 A And what 6______ to do when you're there?
- B Bill 7 visit all the museums and churches and I _____ the local beer!
- C We * _____ both _____ to a big music festival. There are lots of good bands playing.
- 11.2 Listen and compare.
- Complete the negative sentences.
 - Claire and Bill aren't going to Russia. They're going to Croatia.
 - They _____ by train. They're going by plane.
 - 3 They _____ with a family. They're going to stay in a hotel.
 - 4 Gabby ______ to Spain. She's going to Greece.
 - 5 She _____ by train. She's going by plane and ferry.
 - 5 She ______ visit old churches. She's going to relax.



		Gabby	Claire and Bill
1	Where/go	Greek islands	Zagreb, Croatia
2	How/travel	plane and ferry	plane
3	Where/stay	in a tent	Jadran Hotel
4	How long/stay	two weeks	one week
5	What/do	relax, swim, and read	visit St Mark's Church, go to a music festival



Unit 11 · Going for it!

going to - predictions

7 Complete the sentences with going to and a verb or phrase from the box.

> late win a lovely day miss a difficult week happen have a baby

- 1 'What time is it?' 'It's 8.00! Get out of bed! You 're going to be late!
- 2 'What's the football score?' 'Liverpool 5, Arsenal 1. And there's only another ten minutes to play. Liverpool
- 3 'Why are you working on a Sunday?' 'I have exams on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.
- 4 'Did you see the weather forecast?' 'Yes. It go for a picnic.'
- 5 'Oh dear! The traffic is really bad, and it's 20 miles to the airport. 'Oh, no! We_ the plane!'
- 6 'Are you reading a book at the moment?'

'Yes. It's a thriller. It's great - I have no idea what in the end.'

7 'Did you see Silvia last weekend? She looks really well, doesn't she? 'Yes, and she in a few months!'

11.3 Listen and check.

Infinitive of purpose

8 Complete the sentences with to and an action from the box.

watch the news open the door make an appointment learn how to drive study English buy some bread and milk

- 1 I turned on the TV to watch the news
- 2 I phoned the dentist
- 3 Jose came to England
- 4 I went to the supermarket _____
- 5 You need this key ___
- 6 I'm going to a driving school
- 9 Read about Bob's busy day, and complete the sentences below, using an infinitive of purpose.



Bob's business trip

Last Tuesday, Bob was busy getting ready to go on a business trip to Geneva. He got up early to start his packing, and then he went online and he downloaded his boarding pass. Next, he spoke to his neighbour to ask her to feed the cat. Then he went to the bank to collect Swiss francs for his trip. When he got home, he rang for a taxi to take him to the airport. Then he went to his desk to get his passport and his laptop. At eleven o'clock, he left to go to the airport. In the taxi he read his emails to check the time of the meeting the next day. When he read his emails, he realized that the meeting was at eleven o'clock that day!

- 1 He got up early to start his packing
- 2 He went online
- 3 He asked his neighbour
- 4 He went to the bank _____
- 5 He rang a taxi _____
- 6 He went to his desk _____
- 7 He read his emails ___

oing to - future intentions

Jim and Edna Biggs are from the US. They are planning a trip to Europe. Complete the text using the correct form of *going to*, and a verb from the boxes.



even countries in seven days!

start	buy	order	look	spend	take	have	fly
					37 33 3	-	1107.5

THE USA TO THE UK

They 're flying to London where they 'their European trip. They're 'their European trip. They're the first night at the Ritz Hotel where they stayed on their honeymoon, all those years ago.

'I remember the Ritz was so romantic', says Edna, 'There were red roses in our bedroom.'

"This time, I'm 4_____ a bottle of Moët et Chandon champagne, says Jim. 'Only the best for Edna.'

UK TO BELGIUM

From London, they 5______ the Eurostar train to Bruges. 'I remember Bruges was like Disneyland', says Edna, 'so pretty, with its churches and market squares. I 6_____ lots of Belgian chocolate to take home. Mmm!'

BELGIUM TO GERMANY

Then they're travelling by coach to Frankfurt and going on an evening cruise on the River Rhine. 'We

______ a romantic dinner on the cruise' says

Edna, 'I *_____ at the stars and remember our honeymoon forty years ago.'

need practise drive go have visit

GERMANY TO AUSTRIA

After that, they're hiring a car and they 9_____ along Germany's famous 'Romantic Road' through the Alps to Austria. 'I'm a bit nervous about driving in the mountains', says Jim.

AUSTRIA TO ITALY AND SWITZERLAND

From Austria, they're going to Venice, where they

coffee in the famous Piazza San Marco.

Next, Verona, where they "______ Romeo and

Juliet's balcony. Then they're going to drive to Switzerland and spend the night by the beautiful Lake Lucerne.

SWITZERLAND TO FRANCE

The next day, they're taking the autoroute to Paris. 'I

my French in Paris', says Edna. 'I'm having
French lessons at home.'

FRANCE TO THE USA

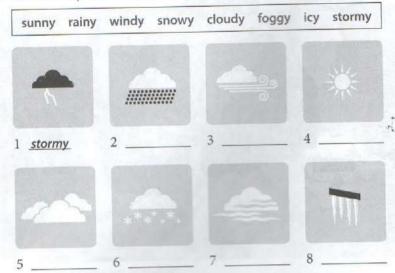
After a night in Paris it's time to go home. They

13 ______ sightseeing in the morning, before going to the airport for their flight back to Iowa.

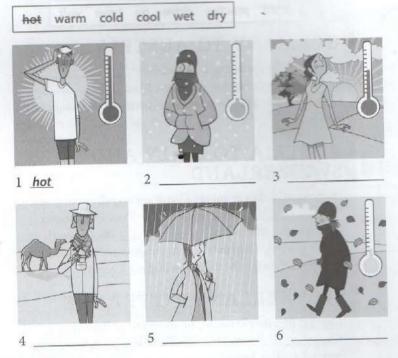
'I think we 14 _____ a holiday when we get home!', says Edna.

The weather

1 Write an adjective from the box under a picture.



2 Write an adjective from the box next to a picture.



- 3 11.4 Listen and complete the conversations.
 - 1 A What's the weather like today?
 - B It's warm and sunny.
 - 2 A What's the weather _____ where you are?
 - B It _____.
 3 A What _____ the weather like yesterday?
 - 4 A What's the weather forecast for tomorrow?
 - B It's _____ to be _____.

Unit 11 · Going for it!

Everyday English

Making suggestions



and	Lara and Tim are on holiday. Listen tick (✓) what they decide to do today.
	go into town go sailing go sightseeing go to the beach
-	go to the swimming pool go shopping have lunch in the old town go swimming
the	11.5 Listen again. Complete the lines from conversation.
	What shall we do today? Why to the beach again? I to go swimming.
	Why to the beach again? I to go
B	Why to the beach again? I to go swimming.
A A	Why to the beach again? I to go swimming. something different today! Well, we into town. Why a bus after breakfast? And I at

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences prepositions from the box.

	than from into in of (x2) at for (x2) with (x2)
1	I'm looking <u>for</u> Peter. Do you know where he is?
2	France is much bigger England.
	Our hotel is 50 metres the sea.
4	What's the longest river the world?
5	Let's go out dinner! I feel like some Italian food.
6	Look this photo me on holiday!
7	Let's go town and go shopping.
	Thank you for the present. It was very kindyou.
9	I have a problem my neighbours.
10	Can you help me this exercise?'
C	omplete the sentences with the correct answer.
	I'm going to get my hair cut tomorrow.
	a get b to get
2	I need a dictionary me with new words.
	a for help b to help
3	My daughter live in Australia.
	a is going to b are going to
4	'How are you going to to the airport?' 'By tax
	a got b get
5	I went into town my friends.
	a for to meet b to meet
6	I the party. I'm too tired.
	a not go to b 'm not going to
7	Polly went shopping some new clothes.
	a bought b to buy
8	I chocolate for a month because I'm on a diet
	a not eating b 'm not going to eat
9	I lived in France for six months French.
	a and learn b to learn
10	I go to work money.
	a for to earn b to earn

Vocabulary

1 Put the words and phrases in the correct column.

foggy ferry visiting museums taxi sightseeing eating in restaurants cloudy icy windy sunbathing stormy Eurostar bus evening cruise swimming in the sea rainy plane

Weather	Things you do on holiday	Types of transport
foggy	visiting museums	ferry
		Children,
	JISCOSTRIL	The second

2	Include one of the words	or	phrases	from	exercise	1	to
	complete the sentences.						

1	Thea	uickest	way	to	travel	15	usually	by	plane

2 It's going to be a	day. Make sure you
take an umbrella.	

3	We took the	from London to Paris.
	It's great because it takes you	right into the centre
	of Paris	

4	On city breaks, my husband loves	
	He's very interested in national history. I prefer	
	. I love trying different food.	

5	Have you got your headli	ghts	on?	It's	so
	, I can't s				

6	We love an	down the River Seine in
	Paris. It's so romantic lo	oking at the stars.

7 A	I'll never get to the station in time.	I'm going to
	miss my train!	

B Don't worry - I'll phone for a	
----------------------------------	--

Go online to Check your progress.

Have you ever ...?

- Present Perfect and Past Simple
- · ever, never, yet, and just
- been or gone?

- · get and take
- Transport and travel

Grammar

Present Perfect and Past Simple

Read about Graham Clark, a man who loves wine.
 Underline the correct verb form.

The man who bought a vineyar II

Nine years ago, Graham Clark, a bank manager from New York, 'went / has gone on a two-week holiday to Mendoza, Argentina's main wine region. He 'didn't return / hasn't returned at the end of his holiday, and 'lived / has lived in Mendoza for nine years!

So what happened to make Graham move from New York to Mendoza?

'Well, 'I really enjoyed / have enjoyed working in a vineyard when I was a student, but I *thought / 've thought other people owned vineyards, not someone like me', says Graham.

'On my first day in Mendoza, I *met / have met Pablo and Lucia Perez. They 'owned / have owned vineyards in Mendoza for over thirty years! They *bought / have bought a small vineyard when they got married and they told me it was the best thing they've ever done! They now have one of the largest vineyards in Argentina.'

So Graham *decided / has decided to leave his life in New York. He *10 bought / has bought 250 acres of land,



and, helped by Pablo, he "opened / has opened 'Vines of Mendoza' in 2010. Since then, he '2bought / has bought even more land and now owns three vineyards. Graham produces some of the best wine in Argentina and he '3won / has won lots of awards.

'1 '4 didn't have / haven't had any regrets. Owning a vineyard '5 was / has been a wonderful experience,' says Graham. 'I was so lucky to meet Pablo and Lucia all those years ago. They 16 told / have told me to go for it – and I did!

- 2 Complete the sentences about the text with the Present Perfect or Past Simple form of the verb in brackets.
 - 1 Graham first ______ to spend two weeks in Mendoza. (plan)
 - 2 He ______ back to his life in New York. (never go)
 - 3 Pablo and Lucia Perez _____ in Mendoza for a long time. (live)
- 4 They ____ married over thirty years ago. (get)
- 5 Pablo and Lucia ______ buying a vineyard. (never regret)
- 6 Graham _____ three vineyards since 2010. (buy)
- 7 Graham _____ working in vineyards. (always enjoy)

ever and never



B.	i de	
3		ead the answers from Belle, who is from Canada. Then write destions using the prompts.
	1	ever / go to London?
		'Have you ever been to London?
		'Yes, I have. Many times.'
	2	ever / travel on underground?
		'Have you ever travelled on the underground?
		'No, I haven't! I usually take a bus or a taxi.'
	3	ever / see a play in a West End theatre?
		'Yes, I have. I love going to the theatre.'
	4	ever / have / toad in the hole?
		'No, I haven't. Is it good?'
	5	ever / go to Paris?
		'Yes, I have. I love going there because I speak French.'
	6	ever / visit Notre Dame Cathedral?
		'No, I haven't, but I want to.'
	7	ever / live in Europe?
		'Yes. When I was a student, I lived in Berlin for six months.'
	Q	12.1 Listen and check.
4	C	complete the sentences about Belle using the Present Perfect.
	1	and the second of the second o
	2	She's never been on the underground.
	3	a play in the West End.

4 ______ never _____ toad in the hole.

6 ______ never ______ Notre Dame.

5 ______ to Paris.

7 ______ in Europe.

Time expressions	
	es using the Past Simple and brackets.
1 I've seen the film. (yesterday)
I <u>saw</u> the film <u>yest</u>	erday .
2 I've met Daniel Cra	
I him	in a restaurant
	Potter books. (last year)
	n all
4 I've been to China.	
	re
	fore I came to class)
	zza
	ay in Spain. (last night)
Iit or	
7 I've lived in Paris. (
	re
8 I've done my home	ework. (after I got home)
9 I've run the Londo	n Marathon (last month)
I it	- multiplies gard
	applications (three weeks
I them	
Pronunciation	
6 12.2 Listen and ci	rcle the past participle that
sounds different.	
1 seen been (se	ent) eaten
2 told got cost	
3 brought caught	taught known
4 left dreamt	
5 <u>wri</u> tten <u>dri</u> ven	
6 won shut pu	it swum
7 grown flown	
8 stood put lo	ooked built

yet + question

7 Freddy is always late in the morning. Write his mother's questions using the prompts.





1	get	out	of	bed
---	-----	-----	----	-----

Mum Freddy! Have you got out of bed yet?
Freddy Yes, Mum!

2	get	dre	ssed

Mum
Freddy Err ... No, Mum.

3 brush your teeth

Mum ____

Freddy No, Mum.

4 make your bed

Mum ____

Freddy Yes, Mum!

5 have a shower

Mum _____ Freddy No, Mum.

6 pack your school bag

Mum ____

Freddy No, Mum.

Mum Well, hurry up! You're going to be very late for school!

12.3 Listen and check.

yet + negative

8 C	omplete the sentences about what Freddy hasn't done yet.
1	He <u>hasn't got</u> dressed <u>yet</u> .
2	teeth

	tootii	
3	breakfast	
4	shower	
-	-11b	

just

- 9 Write the words in the answers in the correct order.
 - 1 'Are Pat and Peter here yet?' just / arrived / Yes / They've

'Yes. They've just arrived.

- 2 'Why are you so tired?'
 I've / Because / just / work / finished / only
- 3 'Have you finished that book yet?' only / I've / just / No / reading / started / it
- 4 'Can I speak to Zoe?' afraid / just / out / gone / she's / I'm
- 5 'Am I too late for dinner?' sit down! / Come / No / and / just / We've / started
- 6 'Your hair's very nice!' just / I've / Thanks / had / cut / it

12.4 Listen and check.

been or gone?

- 10 Complete the sentences with been or gone.
 - 1 Anna's not here. She's gone to work.
 - 2 I've to this restaurant lots of times.
 - 3 Sorry, Diego isn't in. He's ______ to the shop.
 - 4 The office is empty. Everybody has _____ home.
 - 5 It's good to see you again! Where have you _____?
 - 6 Do you like my hair? I've just _____ to the hairdresser's.
 - 7 Sue's ______ to Paris for three weeks. She'll be back soon.

11 Read about Josie Dew, and underline the correct form of the verb.

Josie Dew - A cycling legend

When Josie Dew was young, she fell out of a car! Although she learned to drive when she was 17, she didn't have her own car until she was 41, because she preferred to cycle everywhere. She 'rode / has ridden more miles than most of us will ever drive!



The beginning

Josie was still at primary school when she decided she ²wanted / has wanted to travel. So when she was 11, she ³started / she has started to go for long bike rides, and began cycling 40 to 50 miles every day.

Josie *now cycled / has now cycled hundreds of thousands of miles. She *visited / 's visited over 50 countries and she *wrote / 's written seven books about her cycling experiences. She *also had / 's also had three children, Molly, Daisy, and Jack – Josie *was / has been a very busy woman!

Her seven books

Josie's first book, The Wind in my Wheels, °came out / has come out in 1992. In this book, Josie ¹ºwrote / has written stories about her travels across four continents and thirty-six countries, when she ¹¹rode / has ridden an amazing 80,000 miles! Josie ¹²wrote / has written another five books between 1992 and 2003.

In 2004, she ¹³ spent / has spent nine months travelling around New Zealand. In 2006, after she ¹⁴ had / has had her first child, Molly, she wrote her seventh book, Long Cloud Ride, about her incredible adventures in New Zealand.

Cycling with a family

Having three children hasn't stopped Josie from cycling – she 15 was / has been busier than ever!

When Molly ¹⁶was / has been a tiny baby, Josie cycled 3,000 miles with Molly strapped to her bike. When Daisy was born in 2010, she still ¹⁷ managed / has managed to cycle 6,500 miles! Her third child, Jack, was born in 2013, a few hours after she ¹⁸ finished / has finished a cycle ride!

The future

Josie 19 had / has had her own official website for many years now, and writes blogs for it. People are interested

in how cycling, and not driving everywhere, works with family life. This year, they **ospent / have spent the summer holidays in the Netherlands. And what about next year? Who knows? Josie is now in her fifties, but she has lots of cycling adventures still to come.



get

1 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

1	I'm still in my pyjamas. I haven't got <u>dressed</u> yet.
	My mother was quite ill, but she's gettingnow.
3	Martin and I are engaged. We're gettingnext spring.
4	I hate listening to conversations about politics. I get so
5	It rained yesterday. On my way home I got very
6	'It's time to go!' 'I'm still getting'
C	complete the sentences with get in the correct form.
1	Last night I left work at 7.00 and got home at 8.00.
2	How long does it take to to the airport?
3	My train leaves at 11.00 and to London at 2.30.
4	Have a great holiday! Give me a ring when you back
5	How many presents did you for your birthday?
W	What does get mean in these sentences? Write receive, buy,

	That does get mean in these sentences? Wind, fetch, or catch.	rite receive, buy,
1	Where did you get those jeans?	get = buy
2	What did you get for your birthday?	get =
3	I have no money, but I can't get a job!	get =
4	Sally's ill! Quick! Get a doctor!	get =
5	'Did you walk here?' 'No I got the bus'	get =

take

4 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

	easy place test t	time	off	photo	taxi	
1	The wedding took	place	in ar	old chu	irch.	
2	The quickest way he	ome i	s to t	ake a		
3	'It's very hot in here	. 'Tak	e		your	jumper.
4	We took an English			yest	erday.	
5	I took this Aren't they cute?	(of my	y kids on	holida	y last year.
6	It takes a long and years.		to	build a	busine	ss – years
7	When I'm on holida	ay, I li	ke to	relax ar	nd take	it

Everyday English

Transport and travel



Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	
1	Is our plane boarding yet?
2	Do you need to check in?
3	How many bags are you checking in?
4	Passengers in rows 11-20 please board now.
5	Does this bus go to the British Museum?
6	A return ticket to Brighton, please.
7	Can I get a day's travel card?
8	Which platform does it go from?

В	Anna is contagis a distinct
a	That's us. We're in row 12.
b	Yes, they've just announced it. Gate 17. Come on!
c	Are you coming back today?
d_	No, you need the next bus coming, the 36.
e	Platform 7. It's on the other side.
f	Yes. You can use it on the train, the underground, and on buses.
g	Just this one.
h	No, I've already done it online.

12.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart with the Past Simple and Past Participle forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	
be travel	was/were	been	
have live see	ind a Pagalant		
had been	ar a silvat of		
had make			
meet take			
buy do go	where the second		

(buy do go	San
C	hoose the correct an	wer.
1	I in Rome for a lived	two years when I was a student. b 've lived
2	We married a were	or twenty years, and we're still in love! b 've been
	'Have you b	en to New York?' 'No, never.' b ever
4	I the Chicag a 've run	marathon two years ago. b ran
	'Have you had lunc a yet	b ever 'No, I'm really hungry.'
	'Is Jill here?' 'No, si a gone	e's to the shops.' b been
	I've just a te a taken	t from Tim. He's going to be five minutes late. b got
8	and the state of t	good results in her exams. b took
9		iving test yesterday.' 'Did he pass?' b took
0		nere's no need to rush. The film doesn't start
	a Take	b Get

1 the	United States.
2	- France
3	South America
4	United Kingdom
5	Russia
6	European Union
7	National Gallery
8	Buckingham Palace
9	Mississippi River
10	Europe
11	Alps
12	Mediterranean

Vocabulary

Complete the sentences with a phrasal verb from the box.

turn on put on get up try on

	off take off look after e off look for come or	The second secon
1	What time do you get u morning?	p in th
2	Can yousecond?	_ the baby for a
3	Could you want to watch the news.	the TV? I
4	Your clothes are wet!	Visen Silver
5	It's time to go!	!
6	I'd like toplease.	this dress,
7	I can't find my keys any help me	where. Can you _ them?
8	It's time for bed. Can yo the ligh	
9	We are just driving to the plane doesn't4 pm.	
10	Please could you	the

Go online to Check your progres	s.
---------------------------------	----

books__

the table?

Stop and check Units 9-12

Grammar

Choose the correct answer. (30 marks)	
1 Rick's car is mine.	15 Jack meat because he's a vegetarian.
a more fast than b the fastest c faster than	a not eats b doesn't eat c isn't eating
2 Pippa's house is Anna's.	16 I I'll go to bed. I'm really tired.
a moderner than	a m thinking b think c I'm not thinking
b more modern than	17 'Why Misa look so sad?' 'Because she failed her exa
c the most modern	a is b has c does
3 you got a dog?	18 ' blue coat is this?' 'It's mine.'
a Do b Are c Have	a Whose b Who's c Who
4 they have any children?	19 'I'm really thirsty!' 'I you a glass of water.'
a Do b Does c Have	a 'll get b do get c get
5 Who is person in your family?	20 'What are Chris and Lisa doing at the weekend?'
a the taller b the most tallest c the tallest	'They a 21st birthday party. a go to b 're going c 're going to
6 Arabic is one oflanguages to learn.	- 100 mm - 1
a more difficult than	21 Sharon went shopping some bread and milk. a to buy b for to buy c for buy
b the difficultest	
c the most difficult	22 The children really like new teacher.
7 The bank is the right.	a there b their c they're
a in b at c on	23 I think it's Ian and Sheila's cat. It looks like
8 The bus stop is the end of the High Street.	a their b theirs c ours
a at b in c on	24 My mum helped me my homework.
9 Go the bend and the station is opposite you.	a about b for c with
a through b down c round	25 They in London for five years, now. They love it!
10 'Where's Lara?' ' a meeting.'	a 've lived b lived c are living
a In b At c On	26 I to bed at ten o'clock last night.
11 My son is university.	a went b 've gone c gone
a in b at c on	27 I'm really hungry. I for hours.
12 It outside. Take your umbrella.	a didn't eat b I'm not eating c haven't eaten
a 's raining b rains c does rain	28 Have you ever to Australia?
13 Be quiet, please! I to watch TV.	a gone b went c been
a try b tried c 'm trying	29 Have you had dinner at that new restaurant?
14 Sara today because she's not feeling very well.	a just b yet c ever
a not playing tennis	
b doesn't play tennis	30 Julian for a walk. He'll be back in 5 minutes.
c isn't playing tennis	a has been b is gone c has gone
c isn't playing tennis	SCORE 30

2 Match the comparative adjective with its opposite. (10 marks)

comparative	opposite
1 cheaper	a dirtier
2 newer	b easier
3 faster	c worse
4 safer	d more expensive
5 more difficult	e slower
6 better	f more boring
7 cleaner	g older
8 more interesting	h further
9 colder	i warmer
10 nearer	j more dangerous

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

-	_	indication the mor	a or princer	,	
	1	big	expensive	more modern	clever
	2	in	on	at	through
	3	block of flats	house	church	mountain
	4	roundabout	traffic lights	pedestrian crossing	statue
	5	airport	bus stop	railway station	university
	6	pilot	actor	postman	sister
	7	Tokyo	London	France	Los Angeles
	8	dress	shoes	trainers	boots
	9	scarf	gloves	coat	shorts
	10	curly	fair	tall	long
	11	good looking	handsome	pretty	old
	12	ferry	plane	train	car park
	13	warm	icy	sunny	hot
ŀ	14	wet	snowy	rainy	dry
	15	get up	have a shower	get dressed	get ready

Everyday English

1	A	Excuse me, is there a chemist's near here?
	В	Turn right the traffic lights and it's the right, opposite the bank.
2	A B	Where's the petrol station? Go the bend, the hill, and it's at the bottom.
3		Can I you? No thanks. I'm just
4		I'm married!! That's fantastic news!
5		What's the weathertoday?
6	(67.00	It's cold and wet. What's the weather forecast
		tomorrow? Itto be hot and
	D	sunny.
7	A	Have you been to New York?
	В	Yes, I have. It's an amazing city.
8	A	Is George here?
	B	Yes, he's just arrived.
9	A	How many bags are you?
	В	Just the one.
10	A	A ticket to Manchester, please.
	В	Are you coming back today?

SCORE	40
TOTAL	70

Answer key

Unit 1 Nice to meet you! Vocabulary

- 2 We're Chinese
- 3 She's Italian
- 4 They're Egyptian
- 5 I'm Spanish
- 6 He's Brazilian
- 7 They're French

Grammar

- 1 1 A Hello. My name's Lisa. What's your name?
 - B Gabriel.
 - A Where are you from, Gabriel?
 - B I'm from Brazil.
 - A Oh! Where in Brazil are you from?
 - B From Rio de Janeiro.
 - A Rio de Janeiro's amazing! Well, nice to meet you, Gabriel.
 - B Thank you. And you.
 - 2 A Hello. What's your first name?
 - B My name's Carla.
 - A And what's your surname?
 - B Perkins.
 - A How do you spell that?
 - B P-E-R-K-I-N-S.
 - A And where are you from, Carla?
 - B I'm from Oxford.
 - A Thank you very much.

2 1 Carla

- A What's her surname?
- B Perkins.
- A What's her first name?
- B Carla.
- A Where's she from?
- B She's from Oxford, England.
- A How old is she?
- B She's 25.
- A What's her phone number?
- B 01764 293880.
- A What's her email address?
- B cperkins@mailsnet.com
- A Is she married?
- B No, she isn't.

2 Gabriel

- A What's his surname?
- B Santos.
- A What's his first name?
- B Gabriel.
- A Where's he from?
- B He's from Brazil.
- A How old is he?
- B He's 19.
- A What's his phone number?
- B 934 298 701.
- A What's his email address?
- B gsantos@mails.com
- A Is he married?
- B No, he isn't.
- 3 3 I'm
 - 4 I'm not
 - 5 They're
 - They aren't
 - 7 It's
 - 8 It isn't

- 4 2 mother's
 - 3 sister's
 - 4 brother's

6 is

7 P

Down

2 aunt

6 niece

12 parents

13 father

14 uncle

1 mother

4 husband

grandmother

grandfather

- 5 cat's
- 3 is
 - 4 P
 - 5 is
- 3 go
- 4 live
- 5 live
- 6 go have
- 8 like

Vocabulary

- 1 Across
 - 3 brother 8 sister

 - 9 wife
 - 10 son
 - 11 nephew
- 15 children
- 2 2 cold
 - 3 old
 - 4 good
 - 5 young
 - 6 easy
 - small
 - 8 nice
- 3 1 sunny
 - 2 difficult
 - 3 friendly
 - 4 beautiful
 - interesting 6 lovely
- 4 2 houses
 - 3 Ellie
 - 4 76

 - 6 Marganne
- 8 like
- 2 Joe
 - 3 George
 - 4 Sandra

Everyday English

- 1 2 school
 - 3 Can 4 day
 - 5 help
 - 6 this
- 7 on 8 Sleep
- 2 4
- 3 5
- 4 8

REVIEW

Grammar

	Short form	Negative	Question
lam	l'm	I'm not	Am I ?
You are	You're	You aren't	Are you ?
He/ She is	He's/ She's	He isn't/ She isn't	Is he/ she ?
We are	We're	We aren't	Are we?
They	They're	They aren't	Are they

- 2 2 my
 - 3 Her
 - 4 their
 - 5 Their
 - 6 His
 - 7 your
 - 8 our

Vocabulary

- 1 A day
 - E tea
 - I Hi!
 - O no U vou
 - R car
 - G me
 - day Q you
 - my Z bed
- 2 1 ALICE
 - 2 BISHOP
 - 3 KELLY
 - 4 LIZJONES
 - 5 pnash@tmail.com
 - 6 jennyblack@bz.com
- 3 2 a French name
 - 3 an English university
 - 4 an international language
 - 5 an Italian city
 - 6 a Japanese TV

Unit 2 Work and family life

Grammar

- 1 1 He travels a lot.
 - 2 She works in a hospital. She wears a
 - uniform. 3 He interviews people. He writes news
 - She works in a kitchen. She cooks Italian food.
 - 5 She studies history. She goes to classes every day.
 - 6 He works outside. He lives in the country.
- 2 2 lives

- 3 works
- 4 writes
- 5 earns
- 6 has
- goes
- 8 does
- 9 studies
- 10 plays
- 11 watches
- 12 finishes
- 3 1 plays
- 2 teaches, writes
 - 3 works, finishes
 - does, lives 4
 - 5 has, watches
 - 6 goes, studies

/s/	/z/	/1Z/
writes	earns goes does has lives studies	watches finishes

- 5 2 What time
 - 3 What
 - 4 Who
 - 5 How
 - How many
 - 7 How old
 - 8 Why
- 6 2 has a shower
- 3 gets dressed
- 4 has breakfast
- goes to work
- starts work
- has lunch
- 8 finishes work
- 9 gets home
- 10 has dinner
- 11 watches TV 12 goes to bed
- 7 2 does she have 3 does she work
 - 4 does she start
 - does she have
 - 6 does she do
- 8 2 She doesn't have coffee for breakfast. She has tea.
 - 3 She doesn't start work at 10.00. She starts work at 9.00.
 - She doesn't have lunch with her sister. She has lunch with her friend.
 - 5 She doesn't watch sport on TV. She watches Netflix.
 - She doesn't go to bed at 10.30. She goes to bed at 11.00.
- 9 2 stop
 - 3 Eat
 - 4 drink
 - 5 watch
- 10 3 starts
 - 4 takes
 - 5 don't go 6 earns
 - 7 works

 - 8 don't go

- 11 2 do, they do
 - What time 3
 - 4 How many, does
 - Does, doesn't
 - How long
 - Where do

 - 8 Does, speak, doesn't, speaks
 - 9 How much
 - 10 What, go

- 1 1 fireman
 - singer
 - 3 hairdresser
 - 4 doctor
 - 5 teacher
 - 6
 - pilot
 - dentist 8 architect
 - 9 lawyer
 - 10 waiter
- 2 2 -er
 - 3 -or
 - 4 -er
 - 5 -or
 - 6 -or
 - 7 -er
 - 8 -er
 - 9 -er
- 10



- 2 speak
 - 3 wash
 - wear
 - 5 play
 - 6 drive
 - have
 - 8 write
 - 9 earn 10 tell
- 11 do 12 walk

Everyday English

- 1 2 2.15
 - 3 ten o'clock
 - quarter past three
 - 5 half past eight
 - 6 twenty to two
 - six thirty
 - 8 ten past twelve
- 2 1 about
 - 2 just after
 - 3 nearly

- 3 2 10.10
 - 3 9.20
 - 4 4.45

 - 5 5.05
 - 6 11.25

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 has
 - does
 - 4 's/is 5 does
 - 6 does

 - 7 ls
 - 8 's/is
 - 9 Does 10 has
- 2 2 doctor
 - 3 finishes
 - 4 earn 5 an
 - 6 Where
 - on
 - 8 studies

Vocabulary 3 verbs: goes, has, finishes, writes nouns: office, breakfast, ferry, weekend adjectives: beautiful, delicious, clever, interesting

Unit 3 Time off!

Vocabulary

Across Thursday Wednesday Friday

Down Sunday Saturday Tuesday

Monday Grammar

- 1 1 comes
 - 2 works
 - 3 flies
 - 4 earns
 - 5 doesn't have

 - 6 go
 - 7 watch 8 have
 - 9 don't take
 - 10 collects 11 has
- 12 love
- 2 2 do, work
 - 3 do
 - 4 do, fly
 - 5 do, earn
 - 6 do, go
- 7 does, do 8 do, have
- 3 2 doesn't
 - 3 don't
 - 4 aren't
 - 5 don't
 - 6 doesn't 7 don't
- 8 doesn't

- 4 2 mean
 - 3 want
 - 4 come
 - 5 understand
 - 6 live
 - 7 know
 - 8 love, love
 - 9 prefer
 - 10 like
- 5 2 I sometimes go to the cinema.
 - 3 We often go on holiday to France.
 - 4 I never drink coffee in the morning.
 - 5 I usually start work at 9.00.
 - 6 Liz is often late for school.
 - 7 My dogs are always hungry.
- 6 2 He usually goes to work by bus.
 - 3 He sometimes has
 - 4 He never works
 - 5 He often goes

- 1 2 d
- 4 a 5 b
- 3 e 2 3 go
 - 4 go

 - 5 play
 - 6 play
 - 7 play
 - 8 go

 - 9 play 10 go
- 3 Seasons: summer, autumn, winter
- 4 Donna: summer

Bjorn: spring Aroon: winter

- 1 to the beach. 2 with her dad.
 - 3 on the beach.
- 4 Norway.
 - 5 December, January and February.
 - 6 skiing.
 - 7 3.
 - 8 February.
 - 9 They sing and dance.
- 6 2 delicious
 - 3 thirsty
 - 4 interesting

 - 5 happy
 - 6 hungry busy
 - 8 bored
- 7 2 to/by
- 3 with/in
- 4 for/in
- 5 of/on/in
- 6 to
- 7 for
- 8 on
- 9 at/on 10 in

Everyday English

- 2 dm
- 3 aj
- 4 el
- 5 fp

6 gn ck

8 ho REVIEW

Grammar

	Positive	Negative	Questions
1	live	don't live	Do I live?
You	live	don't live	Do you live?
He/She	lives	doesn't live	Does he/ she live?
We	live	don't live	Do we live?
They	live	don't live	Do they live?

- 2 2 is/s
 - 3 are
 - 4 am/m
 - 5 does
 - 6 is/s
- 3 2 He never goes to bed early.
 - 3 She sometimes works late. /Sometimes she works late.
 - 4 I'm always hungry in the morning.
 - 5 Tusually get up at seven o'clock.
- 4 2 do you
 - 3 They live
 - 4 do you
 - 5 She likes
- 5 3 -
 - 4 an
 - 5 a
 - 6 a,-

 - 9 -
 - 10 -

Vocabulary

- Seasons: winter, summer, spring
- Days: Tuesday, Monday, Friday, Saturday, Wednesday
- Months: June, August, October, March,
- September Activities: running, cycling, skiing, playing
- tennis, surfing Adverbs: sometimes, often, never, usually

Unit 4 Somewhere to live

Vocabulary

- 1 1 bathroom
 - 2 bedroom
 - 3 kitchen
 - 4 living room
- 12 h 2 2 p 13 g 3 1 14 j 4 c 15 o 5 r 16 6 a 17 t 7 n 18 d 8 s 19 q

20 1

10 e 11 k

9 m

- Grammar
- 1 3 There's
 - 4 There's
 - 5 There aren't

 - 6 There's
 - 7 There's
 - 8 There isn't
- 2 2 Are there
 - 3 There are
 - 4 Is there
 - 5 there's
 - 6 Are there
 - 7 there aren't 8 there are
 - 9 Is there
 - 10 there is
 - 11 Is there
- 12 there isn't
- 13 there's
- 3 2 outside
 - 3 in
 - 4 below
 - 5 on
 - 6 next to
 - opposite
 - 8 above
 - 9 near
- 4 2 any, any, some
 - 3 any, a lot of
 - 4 any, some
 - 5 any, some
 - 6 any, some
- 5 2 that
 - 3 This
 - 4 those
 - 5 These 6 those
- 7 1 Washington DC
 - 2 200
 - 3 The President and his family live
 - 4 is
- 821
 - 3 X The Oval Office has three windows.
 - 4 X The desk isn't a gift from Queen Elizabeth. It was a gift from Queen
 - Victoria. X There aren't more kitchens than bathrooms. There are five kitchens and 35
 - 61
- 9 3 Yes, there is.
 - 4 No, there isn't. 5 Yes, there are.
 - No, there isn't.
 - Yes, there are. 8 No, there isn't.
- **Everyday English**
- 1 b 70
 - c 68 d 20
 - e 260
 - f 810 q 2,000
 - h 15,000

2 a one		17	b 22 b		5	We can look after ourselves very well.
b thirteen		18				I can sing really well.
c seventy-three		19				They can't ski at all.
d eighty-nine		20				I can understand Arabic a little bit.
e a hundred and fifty		21				
f One thousand, five hu	ndrad and twalva	-				lamps
i One thousand, live nu	nured and twelve	2 1	autumn			TV
3 a 308		2	December		3	glasses
b 51		3	chef		4	table
c 28		4	student			500.00
d 670		5	summer			£99.99
e 1,500		6	winter			£379.99
f two and a half		7	January			£65
		8	play		4	£410
4 b £10		9	flight attendant		7 1	were
c £6.50			go		1,575	was
d 80p		11	October			were
e €100		12	walk	7		was
f €58			farmer			Was
g \$450			do		8 2	Could
h \$12			teacher		3	couldn't
		1.5	cacher		4	couldn't
5 2 The book is £7.99.		3 1	bedroom			couldn't
3 The TV is \$499.		2	bath			could, Could
4 The shoes are €145.		3	bed			
5 The sunglasses are £39	9.	4	fruit		9 2	couldn't
6 The magazine is £1.75		5	Italy		3	was
REVIEW			Paris		4	can't
KEVIEW		7	Germany		5	weren't
1 2 are		8	parents		6	can't
3 isn't			sister		10 -	*
4 ls			women			wasn't
4 15		11	boring			wasn't
2 2 any, aren't			September		4	was
3 those			difficult		5	Were
4 that					6	weren't
5 These			go to bed		7	weren't
6 a lot of		15	going to work		8	was
=		4 1	How, And you /How are you		9	was
3 4 at			help, just		10	was
5 at		3	from, Nice/I'm pleased		11	was
6 in			have, just		12	was
7 in			time, rush		13	could
8 at		6	help,What's		14	was
9 on		7	your, yours			
10 in	Library and L.	8	cold, idea			musician
4			Have, Same			student
4 2 sofa			really, pleased			three
3 fruit		10	really, pleased			the earth went round the sun
4 diary		11.0	+ E Cupor III		6	at home
5 lipstick		Uni	t 5 Super U!		7	see
6 lamp		1 2	can't ride, can't do		12 1	Italian.
7 key			can bake, can't play			An astronomer and philosopher.
8 garden		4	can speak, can't play		3	1564.
9 tea pot		5	can't ride, can't			The University of Padua.
10 clothes			can ride a motorbike			No, he wasn't.
5 3 lovely		7	can bake cakes			
4 horrible		8	can do card tricks		0	Moons going round the planet Jupiter
5 bad		0	can do cara areas			and the planet Venus going round the
		2 2	can		- 70	Sun.
6 fantastic			can't		1	Because they were different from the
7 fabulous		4	Can			ideas in the Bible.
8 terrible			can't		13 2	and
9 really bad		6	Can			but
10 wonderful			can, can't		4	
Stop and check Units	1-4	8			5	
4					6	
1 1 b	9 b		Can Peter run, he can		7	
	10 c	3			8	and
	11 b	4		TO A TO	0	
4 c 1	12 b	5	Can you do, can			
5 a 1	13 a	1 2	I can speak German quite we	all		
6 b 1	14 c	~ 3	He can speak Russian a little	hit		
	15 c	4	rie can speak nussian a little	DIC.		
8 a 1	16 a					

1	A	cross	De	own
•	3		1	fly
	5	play	2	jump
	7	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	4	eat
	8	speak	5	phone
		sing	6	dance
	10	cook	7	walk
	12	drive	8	5wim
		paint	9	sleep
		MR CONTRACT	11	run

- 2 2 watch
 - 3 cooks
 - 4 swim
 - 5 rides
 - 6 don't eat
 - sleep
 - 8 play
- 3 2 petrol station
 - 3 sun glasses
 - 4 motorway
 - 5 handbag
 - 6 bus stop

 - 7 car park
 - 8 business woman
 - traffic lights 9
 - 10 book shop / book store

Everyday English

- 1 could you, Of course
- Could I, Of course, Could you
- 3 Can I, Could you, the problem
- 4 could I, Can you, Can I have

REVIEW

Grammar

- 2 She can't speak English.
- 3 Can you play chess?
- 4 They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 He can't cook at all.
- 6 She could play the piano when she was

Vocabulary

ride: a horse, a motorbike run: a marathon, a race send: a text, an email make: dinner, a cake do: your homework, an exam play: chess, football, the piano, the guitar

Unit 6 Lessons in life

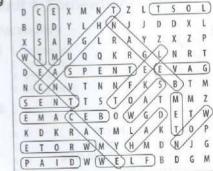
- 1 2 loved
 - 3 started
 - 4 looked
 - 5 needed
 - 6 worked

 - 7 asked
 - 8 offered 9 moved
 - 10 missed
 - 11 scored
 - 12 received
- 2 2 did he love
 - 3 did he start
 - 4 did his father work

- 5 did he need
- 6 did he receive
- 3 2 didn't play
 - 3 didn't look
 - 4 didn't work
 - 5 didn't stay

/t/	/d/	/1d/
looked watched talked stopped liked worked	offered played received moved agreed scored opened stayed enjoyed travelled died	started needed visited

- 5 2 watched
 - 3 moved
 - 4 wanted
 - 5 started
 - 6 earned
 - 7 talked 8 died
- 6 2 yesterday afternoon
 - 3 last year
 - 4. last week
 - 5 yesterday evening
 - 6 last September
 - 7 last Friday
 - 8 yesterday morning
- 7 1 two minutes ago
 - 2 this morning
 - 3 yesterday evening
 - 4 the day before yesterday
 - last winter
 - 6 ten years ago
 - 7 in 1996
- 3 the
- 4 the
- 5 -
- 6 the
- 7 the, the
- 8 the 9 -
- 10 the
- 11
- 12 the
- 0 D



- 10 2 met
 - 3 left
 - 4 saw
 - 5 bought

 - 6 sent made
 - 8 had
- 11 2 went
 - 3 became
 - 4 sang 5 saw
 - 6 told
 - met
 - 8 took 9 got
 - 10 had

 - 11 sent
 - 12 couldn't/could not
- 12 2 he was 17
 - 3 1960
 - 200 concerts
 - 5 Abbey Road
 - 1970
 - 7 Central Park
- 13 2 did his mother die
 - 3 did John go
 - 4 did The Beatles start
 - did they first go
 - 6 did they stop
 - did John marry 7
 - 8 did they move
 - 9 did John and Yoko write
 - 10 did Mark Chapman shoot

Vocabulary

- 1 2 annoyed
 - 3 excited
 - 4 bored
 - 5 tired
 - worried
 - 7 frightened 8 exhausted
- 2,3 2 dr

 - 3 an
 - 4 fq
 - 5 bp
 - 6 gm
 - 7 il
 - 8 eo
 - 9 hj
 - 3 bored 4 boring
 - 5 excited
 - 6 exciting
 - 7 annoying 8 annoyed
 - 9 worried
 - 10 worrying 11 exhausted

12 exhausting **Everyday English**

- twenty-fifth 1 25th 10th tenth
 - first 1st nineteenth 19th

3rd	third
9th	ninth
5th	fifth
12th	twelfth

- 2 2 5 June 2010
 - 3 23 February 1968
 - 4 12 October 2018
 - 5 19 May 2000
 - 6 27 November 1980
 - 4 August 1975
 - 8 15 March 2015
- 3 2 March the tenth
 - 3 May the fifteenth
 - June the second
 - 5 the fourteenth of July

 - the third of August
 - the eighth of September
 - 8 the fifth of November

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Regular: visit / visited, enjoy / enjoyed, paint / painted, travel / travelled, stay stayed

Irregular: write / wrote, leave / left, buy / bought, do / did, see / saw, go / went, take / took, have / had, come / came, meet / met

- 2 2 was
 - 3 Did
 - 4 didn't
 - Were
 - 6 did
 - 7 didn't
 - 8 Were
 - 9 had
 - 10 Did
 - 11 had
 - 12 do
 - 13 Does

Unit 7 Remember when ...

- 1 The Clipper Race is a sailing boat (yacht) race round the world.
- 2 took
- 3 wanted
- 4 started
- 5 was
- 6 left
- began
- arrived 8
- 9 felt
- 10 slept
- 11 applied 12 did
- 13 thought
- 3 2 did ... take
 - 3 did ... start
 - 4 did ... leave did ... arrive
 - did ... feel 6

 - did ... do
 - 8 did ... think
- It didn't leave from Southampton. It left from Plymouth.
 - They weren't all men. There were women too.

- 4 He didn't sail to South Africa. He didn't have enough money.
- He didn't meet his wife when he was eighteen. He met her when he was eight.
- 6 He didn't have two children. He just had one daughter.
- He didn't win £6,000. He won £5,000.
- 8 He didn't win his second solo race. He came fourth.
- 5 2 f 8 i 3 C 9 a
 - 4 h 10 g/e 5 d 11 k 12 j 6
- e/g 7 1
- 2 What time did you get up this morning?
 - What did you have for dinner last night? 3
 - How did you travel here today?
 - 5 How long did it take?
 - Who was the girl I saw you with/with you yesterday
 - Why did you go home early?
 - 8 How much did your phone cost?
- 2 Did you
 - did you have 3
 - 4 Was it
 - was it
 - 2 How many
 - 3 did Alison wear
 - Did you have 4
- 8 2 in
 - 3 -
 - 4 in
 - 5 at
 - 6
 - 7 on
 - 8 in
 - 9
 - on 10 in
- 11 on
- 12 in 13 at
- 14
- 15 in
- 2 5 minutes ago
 - 3 days ago
 - 13 days ago
 - 5 5 months ago
 - 6 a/one week ago
 - 7 10 years ago
- 10 2 did, Pittsburgh, 1905
 - 3 were, 4,000
 - 4 did, half an hour
 - 5 did, Bible
- 11 2 Why, the sunshine and scenery
 - What, Westerns 3
 - 4 When, 1914
 - How many, About 800
 - Which, Charlie Chaplin
 - When, 1927 7
 - 8 Who, Judy Garland

Vocabulary

- 1 3 bad
 - 4 badly
 - 5 carefully

- 6 careful
- 7 slowly
- 8 slow
- 9 beautiful
- 10 beautifully
- 2 2 early
- 3 late
 - 4 fast
 - 5 well

Everyday English

- B Happy, Year
 - A Goodbye, new
- 2 B card
 - B party
 - A came, presents
 - B a present, Here, birthday
- 3 A big day
 - B in
 - A ring
 - B like it
 - A invitation, hello
- 4 B surprise
 - A your
 - A flowers
 - A my

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 didn't go
 - 3 didn't pass
 - 4 didn't stay 5
- didn't have 6 didn't enjoy
- 2 2 What time did you get up this morning?
 - 3 I wrote some emails this morning.
 - 4 I didn't go to work last week because I was on holiday.
 - 5 My parents got married in 1983.
 - 6 Where did you go to school?
 - We didn't go to Tim's party because we were too tired.
 - I went to university in the 1990s.
 - 9 Why did you go to the shops? 10 We didn't live in a big house when I was young.
- 3 2 didn't go
 - 3 badly
- 4 on 5 did
- 6 were
- slow 8 didn't work

Vocabulary

Adjectives: bad, beautiful, fast, glamorous, rich, American, exciting

Adverbs: slowly, early, fast, carefully, quietly

Nouns: cinema, actor, birthday, movie, Hollywood

Time expressions: on Saturday, at six o'clock, last year, in 2019, on 20th May

Unit 8 Love it or hate it!

Vocabulary

1 Vegetables: onion, peas, broccoli, carrot Meat: beef, bacon, ham, sausage Fruit: banana, orange, tomato, strawberry, raspberry

Dairy products: cheese, butter, yoghurt

chicken, yoghurt, sausage, pasta

broccoli, strawberry, raspberry

potato, tomato, banana

10 U 3 2 C 3 U 11 C 4 C 12 U 5 13 C 14 U 6 U 7 C 15 C 8 C 16 U

9 U

2 an 3 some 4 a, a

5 some, a

6 a some

8 some

9 an, a 10 some, an

Grammar

1 2 likes going

3 eating, likes cooking dinner

4 likes swimming, likes sightseeing

5 like reading

2 2 d

3 a 4 c

5 f

6 g

7

8 h

2 would you like to drink

would you like to go 3

4 would you like to

5 would you like to see

6 would you like

1 a

2 a

3 b

4 a

5 b 6 a

2 'd like

3 I'd like

4 Would ... like

5 We like

6 She'd like

7 He likes

2 any

3 any

4 some

5 any

6 any

7 any

8 some, any

9 some

10 any

7 2 some ice

some petrol

4 any stamps

5 any eggs

6 some chips

some friends

8 any food

8 2 How much

How much

4 How many

5 How much

6 How many

9 He uses so many bad words.

4 likes

5 likes

6 loved

'd like 7

8 A lot of

9 like

10 likes

11

doesn't like

12 some

11 2 many

does, like, meals 3

4 did, A lot of

5 many, about

some

recipes, a lot of

Vocabulary

1 2 battery

3 envelope

4 magazine

5 notebook

6 shampoo 7 plaster

8 aspirin

9 toothpaste

10 chocolate 11 scissors

12 pencil

2	X	Z	R	В	(A	5	P	1	R	1	N)	10	Q
	H	(5	C	1	5	S	0	R	5	P	0,	N	(
	R	N	P	Q	K	J	K	L	T	0	/x/	E)	Н
	R	Υ	V	1	L	(C	T	B)	1	/1/	K	0
	М	T	J	M	A	Ţ	B	/E,	19	15/	G	R	C
	E	P	10	В	N	(3)	(1)	1,	A	1	5	M	0
	N	P	0	R	B	0	(T)	P	14)	1	Н	X	L
	٧	P	1	A	W	/ĸ,	币	Œ	R	0	A	P	A
	E	E	M	1	P	(T)	/F/	(E)	(R)	X	M	Z	T
	L	N	N	M	0	X	(T	M	Y	W	P	F	E
	0	c	X/	0	/H/	1	$\stackrel{\checkmark}{\circ}$	R	В	K	0	Q	X
	P	1	(T)	K,	/A)	N	6	R	R	P	0	K	T
	E	L	D	B	R	M	A	G	A	Z	1	N	E
	100												

Everyday English

1 mean, understand, much

2 large, many, too, enough

Review

Grammar

1 3 -

4 some

5 -

6 a/some

7 -

8 an/some

2 2 is made from milk.

3 is full of vitamins.

4 come from chickens.

5 comes from Scotland.

3 2 How many

3 How much

4 How many

5 How many

6 How much

7 How many

4 3 likes cooking

4 'd like to

5 like

6 'd like

Stop and check Units 5-8

1 1 b 2 a 17 b 3 c 18 a 19 b 4 a 5 a 20 c 6 b 21 a 7 b 22 c 8 c 23 a 9 c 24 c 10 c 25 b 11 a 26 b 12 b 27 b 28 a 13 b 14 a 29 c

15 a 2 1 b 2 a

30 c

12 m

13 0

14 k

15 |

16 5

17 r

18 t

19 p

20 q

11

3 c 4 e

5 d 6

7 f 8

9 10 h

3 1 eat 2 aTV 3 fruit

4 biscuit 5 chocolate

6 stamps

7 sausages 8 chicken

9 shampoo 10 traffic lights

11 school 12 garden

13 handbag 14 June

15 some

- 4 1 Can, course
 - May I/Could I/Can I, Could you
 - 3 Could I have, Could you
 - this/next, first
 - What did you, Did you
 - 6 time, See you
 - good, many
 - Do you, large, many, enough
 - 9 'd like, an

Unit 9 Life in the city

Grammar

- 1 taller
- hotter
- nicer
- more polite
- easier
- prettier
- more exciting
- more beautiful
- more important
- 2 funnier
 - 3 friendlier
 - 4 better
 - 5 worse
- 3 2 more interesting
 - 3 bigger
 - 4 hotter/warmer
 - easier
- 4 Possible answers:
 - Pete's flat is more modern than Anna's house.
 - Pete lives nearer the town centre than Anna. Pete's flat is nearer the town centre than Anna's house.
 - Pete's car is older than Anna's car.
 - Pete's flat is cheaper than Anna's house.
 - Anna's car is more expensive than Pete's car.
 - Anna's car is newer than Pete's car.

 - Anna's house is bigger than Pete's flat. Anna's house is more expensive than Pete's flat.
 - Anna lives further from the town centre than
 - Anna's house is further from the town centre than Pete's flat.
- 5 3 We've got two children.
 - 4 Have you got a dictionary?
 - My parents haven't got a lot of money.
 - What colour hair has she got?
 - I haven't got an English lesson today
 - 8 You're lucky. You've got a good job.
- 6 2 Does
 - 3 have
 - 4 Do
 - 5 has
 - 6 have do
 - 8
- 7 2 Pete's taller than Anna
 - 3 Pete has got a bike, but Anna hasn't.
 - 4 Anna's got a daughter, but Pete hasn't got any children.
 - Pete's got a flat. Anna's got a house.
 - They've both got good jobs.
 - Pete works longer hours than Anna.
 - Anna's got a more interesting job than

- 8 3 younger, the youngest
 - happier, the happiest
 - 5 more beautiful, the most beautiful
 - bigger, the biggest
 - busier, the busiest
 - 8 more intelligent, the most intelligent
 - 9 worse, the worst
 - 10 further, the furthest
 - 11 newer the newest
 - 12 more dangerous, the most dangerous
- 9 2 My sister is younger than me.
 - Who is the oldest in the class?
 - Concorde was the fastest passenger plane in the world.
 - Your book is more interesting than my book. / My book is more interesting than your book.
 - Peter bought the most expensive TV in the shop.
 - Did you buy the cheapest watch in the shop?
 - English spelling/German spelling is much more difficult than German spelling / English spelling.
 - The weather today is much better than vesterday.
- 10 2 the highest (Everest)
 - the biggest (Sydney)
 - the most popular (football)
 - the smallest (Vatican City)
 - 6 the oldest (Bologna)
- 11 2 largest 3 richest
 - 4 smallest
 - 5 most luxurious
 - 6 best
 - 7 lowest
 - 8 nicest
 - 9 most beautiful
 - 10 most spectacular
 - 11 tiniest
- **12** 2 Who
 - 3 How many
 - What
 - How much
 - 6 Why
- have got 13 1
 - 2 has got
 - 3 hasn't got
 - 4 haven't got

Vocabulary

- 1 2 railway station
 - 3 traffic lights
 - 4 supermarket
 - 5 car park
 - travel agent
 - post office
 - 8 airport
- supermarket
 - 2 railway station
 - 3 airports
 - town centre
 - 5 travel agent
- 2 along
 - 3 through
 - 4 up

- 5 down
- 6 over
- 7 past
- 8 round

Everyday English

- 1 1 swimming pool
 - 2 church
 - 3 car park
 - 4 park
 - 5 railway station
 - bridge
 - 7 wood
 - 8 lake
 - 9 farm
- 2 You are at the swimming pool.
- 3 Go out of the swimming pool. Turn right. Drive along until you get to the traffic lights. Go straight on past the park and turn left. Go past the school and under the bridge. Turn right. It's on the right.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 the cheapest the most expensive safer - more dangerous faster - slower the dirtiest - the cleanest the most difficult - the easiest
 - quieter louder/more noisy more boring - more interesting the best - the worst
- 2 Jenny is the prettiest girl in the class.
- 3 Who is the most intelligent student in your class?
- 4 Sally is older than Cathy.

more modern - older

- Liam's got a really expensive new car.
- 'Do they have a big house?"Yes, it's huge!'
- 'How many children do you have?'
- 'I haven't got any.' 'Are we nearly there yet?' 'Don't worry. The hotel's just round

Vocabulary

the bend.

- 1 2 at
 - 3 in
 - 4 at 5 in front of
 - 6 at
 - 7 at
 - 8 on
- 9 At
- 2 1 bank 2 church
 - 3 does
 - 4 kitchen worse

 - fastest many
 - disgusting small 10 traffic lights

Unit 10 What are you up to?

Grammar

- 1 2 's playing
 - 'm watching
 - 's writing
 - 's eating
 - 6 're drinking
- What's he playing
 - What are you watching
 - What's he writing
 - 5 What's she eating
 - 6 What are they drinking
- 3 2 He isn't playing
 - 3 I'm not watching
 - 4 He isn't writing
 - 5 She isn't eating
 - 6 They aren't drinking
- 2 e
 - 3 a
 - 4 f
 - 5 g
 - 6 d
- 1 making
- - 3 drinking
 - 4 doing
 - driving
 - 6 sitting
 - buying
 - 8 smiling
 - 9 running
- 3 'm reading
 - 4 read
 - 5 have
 - 6 'm having
 - 7 Isn't eating
 - 8 don't eat
 - 9 gets
 - 10 's getting
 - 11 's raining
 - 12 rains
 - 13 do you think
 - 14 are you thinking
- 7 5 She's a teacher
 - 6 she does
 - No, she isn't 7
 - She's playing
 - She's an architect
 - 10 she does
 - 11 she's designing
 - 12 He's a postman
 - 13 he does
 - 14 he isn't
 - 15 He's cooking
- 8 2 Ithink
 - 3 I'm working
 - 4 I don't understand
 - 5 she's having
- 9 2 are, 'm
 - 3 does

 - 4 'm, do
 - doesn't, is/'s
 - 6 don't
 - 7 are, 're
 - 8 is/'s, 's/is

- 10 2 Learning
 - skiing
 - 4 Running
 - 5 living, living
 - 6 saying
 - 7 Driving
 - 8 cooking
- 11 2 Whose
 - 3 Who's
 - Who's
 - 5 Whose
 - 6 Whose

 - 7 Who's 8 Whose
- **12** 2 yours
 - 3 his
 - 4 hers
 - 5 ours
 - 6 theirs
- 13 a Tokyo 21.00
 - b LA 05.00
- 14 Darren:
- 1 lives
 - 2 works
 - 3 drives
 - 4 is getting

 - 5 are leaving
 - 6 's raining
 - 7 's driving
 - 8 finishes
 - 9 has 10 takes
 - Carrie:
 - 11 has
 - 12 wants
 - 13 's working
 - 14 's serving
 - 15 aren't finishing
 - 16 are just starting
 - 17 is serving
 - 18 's also trying
 - 19 wants
 - 20 doesn't like
 - Keiko:
 - 21 teaches
 - 22 works
 - 23 's raining
 - 24 's reading
 - 25 is listening
- 26 's waiting
- 15 1 does, do 2 is, getting
 - does, live
 - does, finish
 - 5 Does, live 6 's, doing

 - Does, like
 - 8 Where does
 - 9 Does, work
 - 10 What's, doing now

Vocabulary

- 1 Gareth:
 - 1 suit
 - shirt 3 shoes
 - 4 socks 5 curly

- 2 Val:
 - 1 coat
 - 2 boots

 - 3 hat
 - 4 scarf
 - 5 short

3 Susie:

- 1 leggings
- 2 black
- 3 jumper
- 4 fair
- 5 tall

4 Richard:

- 1 jeans
- 2 white
- 3 T-shirt
- 4 trainers 5 beard

Everyday English

- 2 e 8 f
- 9 i 3 g 4 a 10 d
- 5 c 11 k 12 j
- 6

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 sometimes
 - 3 now, later 4 never
 - 5 at the moment
 - 6 sometimes
 - 7 every day 8 today
- 2 2 Playing tennis is fun. Studying for your exams is important.
 - Going to different countries is interesting. 5 Speaking English is useful.

Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
1	my	mine
you	your	yours
he	his	his
she	her	hers
we	our	ours

- they
 - 2 on
 - 3 on
 - 4 at
 - 5 at 6 in

 - 8 in 9 at
 - 10 on 11

in 12 at

Vocabulary Clothes: trousers, socks, coat, jacket, boots,

shorts, a top Appearance: fair, tall, curly hair, young, beard, short, green eyes, long hair

Unit 11 Going for it!

Grammar

- 1 2 He's going to be a chef.
 - 3 She's going to be an accountant.
 - 4 They're going to be athletes.
 - 5 They're going to be in a band.
- 2 2 What are you going to cook?
 - 3 What are you going to see?
 - 4 Where are they going to stay?
 - 5 What's he going to study next year?
 - 6 What make are they going to buy?
- 3 2 I'm not going to cook meat. I'm going to cook fish.
 - 3 I'm going to watch a spy film. I'm not going to watch a comedy.
 - 4 They're going to go to Spain. They're not going to go to Greece.
 - 5 He's going to study maths. He's not going to study history.
 - 6 They're not going to buy a Volkswagen. They're going to buy a Toyota.
- 4 2 How's she going to travel? She's going to travel by plane and ferry.
 - 3 Where's she going to stay? She's going to stay in a tent.
 - 4 How long's she going to stay? She's going to stay for two weeks.
 - 5 What's she going to do? She's going to relax, swim, and read.
- 5 2 are you going
 - 3 are you going
 - 4 're staying / going to stay
 - 5 are you staying
 - 6 are you going
 - 7 's going to, 'm going to drink
 - 8 're both going
- 6 2 aren't going
 - 3 aren't going to stay
 - 4 isn't going
 - 5 isn't going
 - 6 isn't going to
- 7 2 is / are going to win
- 3 's going to be a difficult week
- 4 's going to be a lovely day
- 5 're going to miss
- 6 's going to happen
- 7 's going to have a baby
- 8 2 to make an appointment
- 3 to study English
 - 4 to buy some bread and milk
 - 5 to open the door
 - 6 to learn how to drive
- 9 2 to download his boarding pass
 - 3 to feed the cat
 - 4 to collect money/Swiss francs for his trip
 - 5 to take him to the airport
 - 6 to get his passport and his laptop
 - 7 to check the time of the meeting
- 10 2 're going to start
 - 3 to spend
 - 4 going to order
 - 5 're going to take
 - 6 'm going to buy
 - 7 're going to have
 - 8 'm going to look

- 9 're going to drive
- 10 're going to have
- 11 're going to visit
- 12 'm going to practise
- 13 're going to go
- 14 're going to need

Vocabulary

- 1 2 rainy
- 3 windy
- 4 sunny
- 5 cloudy
- 6 snowy
- 7 foggy
- 8 icy
- 2 2 cold
- 3 warm
- 4 dry
- 5 wet
- 6 cool
- 3 2 like, 's cold and wet
 - 3 was, was cloudy and cool
 - 4 going, hot and sunny

Everyday English

- 1 go into town
 - go shopping
 - have lunch in the old part of town
 - go to the beach
- 2 B don't we go
 - A 'd like
 - B Let's do
 - A could go
 - B don't we catch
 - A I'd like to look
 - B we can go
 - A Let's go

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 2 than
 - 3 from
 - 4 in
 - 5 for
 - 6 at, of
 - 7 into
 - 8 of
 - 9 with
 -
- **2** 2 b 3 a
 - 4 b 5 b
- 8 b 9 b 10 b
- 6 b
- Vocabulary
- 1 Weather: cloudy, icy, windy, stormy, rainy Things you do on holiday: sightseeing, eating in restaurants, sunbathing, evening cruise, swimming in the sea Transport: taxi, Eurostar, bus, plane
- 2 2 rainy
 - 3 Eurostar
 - 4 sightseeing, eating in restaurants
 - 5 foggy
 - 6 evening cruise

Unit 12 Have you ever ...?

Grammar

- 1 2 didn't return
 - 3 has lived
 - 4 really enjoyed
 - 5 thought
 - 6 met
 - 7 have owned
 - 8 bought
 - 9 decided
 - 10 bought
 - 11 opened
 - 12 has bought
 - 13 has won
 - 14 haven't had 15 has been
 - 16 told
- 2 2 never went
- 3 have lived
- 4 got
- 5 have never regretted
- 6 has bought
- 7 has always enjoyed
- 3 3 Have you ever seen a play in a West End theatre?
 - 4 Have you ever had toad in the hole?
 - 5 Have you ever been to Paris?
 - 6 Have you ever visited Notre Dame Cathedral?
 - 7 Have you ever lived in Europe?
- 4 3 She's seen
 - 4 She's never had
 - 5 She's been
 - 6 She's never visited
- 7 She's lived
- 5 2 met him in a restaurant two years ago
 - 3 read them all last year
 - 4 went there in 2004
 - 5 had a pizza before I came to class
 - booked it online last night
 - 7 lived there when I was 20
 - 8 did it after I got home
- 9 ran it last month10 wrote them three weeks ago
- , 0 11101
- 2 told
- 3 known
- 4 heard 5 drawn
- 6 put 7 lost
- 8 built
- 7 2 Have you got dressed yet?
 - 3 Have you brushed your teeth yet?
 - 4 Have you made your bed yet? 5 Have you had a shower yet?
- 6 Have you packed your school bag yet?
- 8 2 He hasn't brushed his teeth yet.
 - 3 He hasn't had breakfast yet.4 He hasn't had a shower yet.
 - 5 He hasn't packed his school bag yet.
- **9** 2 Because I've only just finished work.
 - No, I've only just started reading it.
 I'm afraid she's just gone out. /She's just gone out I'm afraid.

- 5 No. Come and sit down! We've just started.
- 6 Thanks. I've just had it cut.
- **10** 2 been
 - 3 gone

 - 4 gone
 - 5 been
 - 6 been 7 gone
- 11 2 wanted
 - 3 started
 - 4 has now cycled
 - 5 's visited
 - б 's written
 - 7 's also had
 - 8 has been
 - 9 came out

 - 10 wrote
 - 11 rode
 - 12 wrote
 - 13 spent
 - 14 had
 - 15 has been
 - 16 was

 - 17 managed
 - 18 finished
 - 19 has had
 - 20 spent

- 1 2 better
 - 3 married
 - 4 bored
 - 5 wet
 - 6 ready
- 2 2 get
 - 3 gets
 - 4 get
 - 5 get
- 3 2 receive
 - 3 find
 - 4 fetch
- 5 catch
- 4 2 taxi
 - 3 off
 - 4 test
 - 5 photo
 - 6 time
 - 7 easy

Everyday English

6 c 7 f 8 e

2	h
3	g
4	a
5	d

REVIEW

Grammar

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
be	was/were	been
travel	travelled	travelled
have	had	had
live	lived	lived
see	saw	seen
make	made	made
meet	met	met
take	took	taken
buy	bought	bought
do	did	done
go	went	been

2	1	a	6	a
	2	b		b
	3	b	8	a
	4	b		b
	5	3	10	a

4 the 5 -6 the 7 the 8 -9 the 10 -14 the 12 the

Vocabulary

- 2 look after
- 3 turn on
- 4 Take them off
- 5 Come on
- 6 try on
- 7 look for
- 8 turn off

Stop and Check Units 9-12

1 1	1 6	16	b
1	2 6	17	C
3	3 €	18	a
	s 4	19	a
-	5 6	20	
1	6 c	21	a
1	7 c	22	b
1	8 a	23	b
-	9 c	24	C
10	0 b	25	a
1	1 b	26	a
1.	2 a	27	C
1.	3 c	28	C
1	4 c	29	b
1.	5 b	30	C

2	1	d	6	C
_	2	g	7	a
	3	6	8	f
	4		9	i
	5	b	10	h

3 1 clever 2 through 3 mountain 4 statue 5 university 6 sister 7 France 8 dress 9 shorts

10 tall 11 old 12 car park 13 icy 14 dry 15 have a shower

9 checking in

10 return

4 1 at, on 2 round, down 3 help, looking 4 getting, Congratulations 5 like 6 for, 's going ever 8 yet

Irregular verbs

ase form	Past Simple	Past participle	Base form	Past Simple Pa	st participle
be	was/were	been	hurt	hurt	hurt
become	became	become	know	knew	known
begin	began	begun	learn	learned/learnt	learned/learnt
bite	bit	bitten	leave	left	left
break	broke	broken	lie	lay	lain
bring	brought	brought	lose	lost	lost
buy	bought	bought	make	made	made
can	could	been able	meet	met	met
catch	caught	caught	pay	paid	paid
choose	chose	chosen	put	put	put
come	came	come	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
cost	cost	cost	ride	rode	ridden
cut	cut	cut	ring 🚉	rang	rung
do	did	done	run	ran	run
drink	drank	drunk	say	said	said
drive	drove	driven	see	saw	seen
eat	ate	eaten	sell	sold	sold
fall	fell	fallen	send	sent	sent
feed	fed	fed	shut	shut	shut
feel	felt	felt	sing	sang	sung
fight	fought	fought	sit	sat	sat
find	found	found	sleep	slept	slept
fly	flew	flown	speak	spoke	spoken
forget	forgot	forgotten	spend	spent	spent
forgive	forgave	forgiven	steal	stole	stolen
get	got	got	swim	swam	swum
give	gave	given	take	took	taken
go	went	been/gone	teach	taught	taught
grow	grew	grown	tell	told	told
have	had	had	think	thought	thought
hear	heard	heard	understand	understood	understood
hide	hid	hidden	wear	wore	worn
hit	hit	hit	win	won	won
hold	held	held	write	wrote	written

Phonetic symbols

Con	sona	nts							doc me	MANY N	Page 100 makes
1	/p/	as in	pen /pen/	9	/s/	as in	son /sʌn/	17	/w/	as in	want/wont/
2	/b/	as in	big/big/	10	/z/	as in	zoo/zu:/	18	/0/	as in	thanks /θæŋks/
3	/t/	as in	tea /ti:/	11	/1/	as in	live /lrv/	19	/ð/	as in	the /ðə/
4	/d/	as in	do /du:/	12	/m/	as in	my/mai/	20	/ʃ/	as in	she /ʃi:/
5	/k/	as in	cat/kæt/	13	/n/	as in	near/nia/	21	/3/	as in	television /'telavian
6	/g/	as in	go/gau/	14	/h /	as in	happy /'hæpi/	22	/tJ/	as in	child /t∫aɪld/
7	/f/	as in	four /fo:/	15	/r/	as in	red /red/	23	/d3/	as in	German /'dʒ3:mən/
8	/v/	as in	very /'veri/	16	/j/	as in	yes/jes/	24	/ŋ/	as in	English /'ɪŋglɪʃ/

Vov	rels						No. of the Land
25	/i:/	as in	see /si:/	32	/5:/	as in	morning /'mɔ:nɪŋ/
26	/1/	as in	his /hɪz/	33	/u/	as in	football /'futbo:1/
27	/i/	as in	twenty /'twenti/	34	/u:/	as in	you/ju:/
28	/e/	as in	ten/ten/	35	/1/	as in	sun /sʌn/
29	/æ/	as in	stamp /stæmp/	36	/3:/	as in	learn/ls:n/
30	/a:/	as in	father /'fa:ðə/	37	/a/	as in	letter/'letə/
31	/D/	as in	hot /hpt/				

Dipl	Diphthongs (two vowels together)					
38	/eɪ/	as in	name /neim/			
39	/au/	as in	no /nəu/			
40	/a1/	as in	my/mai/			
41	/au/	as in	how/hau/			
42	/10/	as in	boy/boi/			
43	/19/	as in	hear/hia/			
44	/eə/	as in	where /weə/			
45	/uə/	as in	tour /tuə/			



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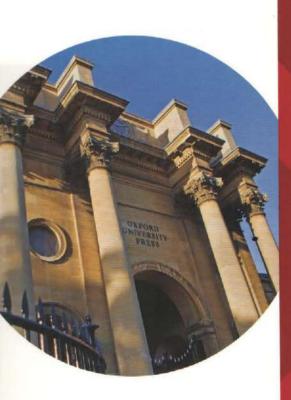
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