Speak COMMUNICATE with CONFIDENCE

WORKBOOK

- Vocabulary
- Reading and Writing
- Video-based Listening
- Grammar

OXFORD

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Lesson 1: Vocabulary

FRIENDS & FAMILY

Lesson 1: Vocabulary

Read the conversations. What topic are they talking about? Write your answer on the line. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

school gra	nome life ades hobbies and interests	family life marriage		ersonal problem itionships
		annancii -	SHIPS I	
1			RESERVED	8 7 (886)
	o go with you, but that's a really expensive trip.	ne poibern		
B: I know,	but it will be great! You should come with us!	are 2 deb		
2	and the state of t			
Mother:	I can't believe you are getting married tomorrow!	gandese :		Air Cappasa.
Son: Oh, M	fom. I'm not a little boy anymore!			
3				
A: What's yo	our favorite movie?	neludate/		
B: That new	one. You know! The one with that handsome a is name? I can't remember it.	ctor.		@(-Ef anasto.)
4.				
Student: Ex	cuse me, Mr. Anderson.			Lesson 17-20
Teacher: Yes Student: I w stu	s? rasn't very happy with my test. What can I do to dy better?	is pulling to Video Com		
5	S. The second se			
	ny brothers and sisters do you have?		- Januar	M. Commercial
B: I have two	o, one sister and one brother. You said you have nere does she live?	a gnicest		
6				
	e do you usually get home?	and the second	DATE STO	
	0. What do you do in the evening?			
<i>1</i>	the second secon			
Was Francisco	seems angry. I don't know what to do. What do	reference of		
25 170	be you should talk to her.			
aloc Harristenson	in confismo			
	M	dal to tall of the d		2 117
Radio nnouncer:	Many people have problems. But they are afra do you talk to when you are worried? Call us Later in the show, I'll tell you who most peoply you talk with?	at 555-426-8971.	We want to hear	your ideas.
: My best fri	end. She always knows just what to do.			

Lesson 1: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.

000 From: Martin.Ruiz@commcoll.ed Subject: English E-mail Buddies Date: August 25, 2013 To: Amir.Aloub@schoolabroad.ed Hi Amir. I'm glad we are going to be e-mail buddies. It's a fun way to practice English. It's nice to "meet" you. Where are you from? I'm from Mexico. I live in a small city and go to university there. I like to play soccer. I also play a lot of video games. My friends and I go to the beach when the weather is nice. We also like to go out and listen to music. I live with my family right now - my parents, and brother and sister. My father has a small store, and my mother is a teacher. My brother and sister go to school. Sometimes they bother me a little, but in general we get along. I went to England this summer. It was a great trip. I met a lot of interesting people. Do you like to travel? Did you go on any interesting trips last year? What is your home life like? What interests do you have? I hope to hear from you soon. Martin Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

	1.	Martin and Amir are good friends.
,,	2.	Martin is from England.

- ____ 3. Martin lives with his family.
 - 4. Martin likes to play video games.
 - ____ 5. His parents both work.
- 6. He likes to go to the mountains.
 - 7. His brother and sister are younger.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Do you think this is a good way to practice English? Why or why not?
- 2. What information is good to send in this kind of e-mail?

Part 2

Write an e-mail to introduce yourself to a student in another country. Use the e-mail above as a model.

Part 3

Exchange your e-mail with a classmate. How are they similar or different?

Part 1

How do you describe people? Write the words or phrases below in each category. Then add three more to each category. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

elderly	pretty	short	tall thir	n young	good-looking	handsome	heavy	middle-aged
Loo	oks		Build a	and Height		Age		Subject Date: August 23
		53 cc	-	1104		log the	ealpsibe	
		8						
		3			nt yr whol fight is Shown no fight			
		8		t- by to to	d singlet only through	a valget out t	ALC: UNIT	militarel college
		91		to bos ato	ery yrg – w ya ca y	tiglion Lybrach	e tiof tid	
		S			त्रोद्धाः हात्र विभागिताः है। इत्यो अधानिकाम् स्ट्रिकान्य			
Part 2								
Complete th	e convers	ation wit			class, practice the			
New teacher							CHARLEST CONT.	
ίου:		373			100000000000000000000000000000000000000			2000
New teacher	: How ta	ll is she?						
ίου:	2					partite that	eD 750	stang of high
New teacher	: Does sl	ne have b	lack hair?					
lou:	3					1000		
New teacher	: Thanks	. When I	see her, I w	vill know wł	o she is.			
Part 3								
	estions. Ii	n class, pi	actice the c	onversation	s with a partner.			
		12.492.044.05.04 0 .00			S. 112.1 1 S. 11.2 S. 12.1 S.			
· ·								?
: She's in h	ner late tw	enties.						
								?
: No. he's v	very thin							

Lesson 2: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the article below.

Don't I know you?

When Greg Harper was 18, he went to college. He liked his classes and met a lot of people. One day, he went to a soccer game. One of his friends from high school was there with a young woman.

"This is Anna. She's in my biology class," his friend said. "Anna, this is Greg. We went to high school together."

Anna looked at Greg. "Don't I know you?" she asked. "But your name is Gary." Everyone was confused. Anna knew another student named Gary. Like Greg, Gary was tall and had dark hair, He wore glasses. He was young, and Anna thought he was handsome. "In fact," Anna said. "You two look like twins," It turns out they are twins! Both Greg and Gary were adopted as babies. They didn't know they had a twin. Greg and Gary still go to the same college. And they are both studying history.



Complete the sentences with words from the article.

- 1. Greg went to ______ when he was 18 years old.
- 2. He met Anna at ______
- 3. Greg is not short. He's _____
- 4. Anna thinks that Greg is ______
- 5. Greg and ______ are twins.
- 6. They both study ______.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Would you like to be a twin? Why or why not?
- Do you know anyone who looks like you?
- 3. What famous person do you think you look like?

Part 2

Imagine you are meeting someone you don't know. Write a description of yourself. Describe your hair color, height, build, and looks.

Part 3

Exchange your description with a classmate. Do you think his/her description is correct? What changes should he/she make?

Part 1

Unscramble each of the words that describe personality.

1. ______nntifedoc

4. _____ mentiipta

2. _____ lgurfteolf

5. ______ nuyfn

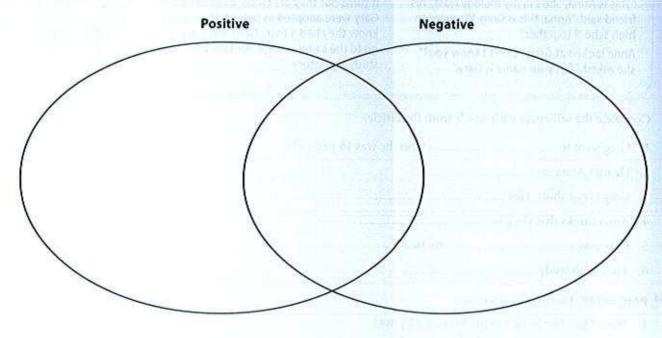
3. ______ eatverci

6. _____tunggioo

7. Which words do people use to describe you?

Part 2

Are the words in Part 1 positive, negative, or both? Write each word in the correct place in the diagram.



In class, compare answers with a partner.

A: I think confident is positive.

B: I do, too.

Part 3

Answer the questions. In class, take turns asking and answering the questions with a partner.

I. What is your friend like?

2. How would you describe one of the people in your family?

3. Do you think you are funny? _____. Why?

Part 1

Read the article below.

000

What's your personality?

For some jobs, you have to take a personality test first. Take the short quiz below. It asks some similar questions.

- Would you rather spend most of your time with people or alone?
 Of course everyone likes some of both. But some people are more outgoing.
 They feel more energy when they are with people.
- Where do you like to get your information, from details, or from looking at the "big picture"? Some people like to look at every little detail. They are also very practical. Other people like big ideas. They like to look at things in a creative way.
- 3. When you make a decision, do you think carefully or do you do what feels right? Some people like to look at all the information before they decide. They make the decision with facts, not with feelings. Others think feelings and relationships are more important than information.
- 4. Are you serious or more playful? Serious people may like things organized and certain. They are always on time. Playful people are more casual. They don't mind being late.

What is the opposite personality type for each of the following?

- likes to spend time alone ______
- 2. gets information from big ideas _____
- 3. thinks carefully about decisions ______
- 4. is very serious _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. How would you answer each question from the reading for yourself?
- 2. Do you think one question is more important for work than the others?
- 3. Do you think married couples give the same or different answers?

Part 2

Write five of your own questions to ask someone about his/her personality. Choose the questions you think are most important if you are choosing an employee, a spouse, or a friend.

Part 3

Exchange your questions with a classmate. Are any the same? Choose five that you both can agree on. Discuss your answers.

FRIENDS & FAMILY

Lesson 4: Vocabulary

Part 1

Write a word to complete each activity. If a word is not needed, write an X.

play	keep have	am	send	get	use	do	go	take
1	a pet			13	Cyl.	busy	d mov s	
2	a job			14	CHECKER !	bask	etball	
3	bowling		resignati	15	uoy la tani	game	es municipal fol	John J
4	engaged			16	DESCRIPTION OF	marı	ied	12 (2002 12) 13) (2) (2)
5	a weddin	g	ot malike	17.	diministra	a bus	S dec elect	alW. S
6	drive			18	8 20 A 74 5 E	a tax	Y Marina	eld ada
7	swimmir	ng	ly es do you	19	driver of a	yoga		mW E
8	aerobics			20	HEALEN A	danc	ing	girales).
9	hiking			21	none meit	sing		
0	social net	works		22	and flubtal	e-ma	ils	
1	texts			23	Water late of	a blo	g	
2	homewor	rk		24	lips Vel	a dia	ry	

Part 2

Complete the sentences with expressions from Part 1. Try to make sentences that are true for you. You can use the expressions more than once. In class, compare answers with a partner.

1.	I	every day.
2.	All of	
3.	Most of	and my street its recovered
4.	Many of	A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
5.	A lot of	The second provided the property of the property of the second of the se
6.	Some of	the second branch the first state of the second state of the secon
7.	Not many of	
8.	A few of	The state of the s
9.	None of	The second secon
10.	At my school,	

Lesson 4: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the article below.

000

How college students spend their time

It's August, and soon students will be going back to school. Some students are going to college for the first time. Many first-time college students (and their parents) worry. Will school be too stressful? Will they work too hard? Can they handle the pressure?

Don't worry. According to a recent study, most students aren't working too hard. How are they spending their time? Well, almost all are getting enough sleep. College students sleep more than 8 hours a day. And yes, they do go to class (3.6 hours). But they do free-time activities and sports almost as much (3.5 hours). The average college student works almost 3 hours a day, and travels about an hour and a half. That leaves eating (1 hour), personal care (0.8 of an hour) and everything else (2.3 hours). So relax. College isn't that hard after all!

How do college studen	its spend their time?	Write the correct nu	mber of hours next	to each activity.
eating	education	free-time/sports	work	Shieuro in
personal care	sleeping	travel	un bucknut Alder	

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. This information is about American college students. Do you think it is similar in your country?
- 2. Does anything surprise you about the results?
- 3. How much time do you think college students should spend on each activity?

Part 2

Write about your typical day. How much time do you spend on each of the following: sleeping, eating, school, work, free-time and sports, traveling, personal care?

Part 3

Exchange the description of your typical day with a classmate. Are they similar? What would you like to change?

Lessons 1-4: Video Cloze

Watch Meet Casey and fill in the blanks.

Maria	Eric, how can you study and	Eric:	Trust me. I am.
	at the same time?	Tom:	OK. So, what's she like?
Eric:		Jill:	Oh, yeah, uh, well. She's really
	at the same time.	their clime	into clothes. She likes to
Maria:	Hi, Tom! How's it going?	Service Name =	lots of accessories -
Tom:	Good. How are you?	of strong and a	things she herself -
Maria:	OK. Eric and I are studying. Well,		, scarves, and stuff.
	actually I'm	Tom:	So, how old is she?
Eric:	720	Jill:	She's Let me remember She's —
Tom:	Hi, Jill.	Eric:	21. The surface of the year had consulted
Jill:	Oh. Hey, Tom!	Jill:	Right. 21. Oh! I just got a text. Casey is —
Tom:	What are you doing?	Eric:	Here! side the latent Latenth produces
Jill:	Oh, I'm waiting for my	Maria:	Wow.
	She's on her way	Eric:	I know!
	from the (5)	or man add Jill:	I'm going to get her.
Tom:	022	Maria:	OK, done! I'mwith
Jill:	She's going to stay with Maria and me for	19 /4/1	my
	a couple of Her	Eric	See. I told you. Not many of us can do
	name's Casav		two things at the same time.
Tom:	Really? Where's she from?	Jill:	Everyone. This is Casey!
Eric:	Los Angeles.	Casey:	Hil area could be you continued to
Tom:	What's she like?	Tom/Eric/:	Hi Casey!!
Jill:	Oh, well, she's really fun. Anddifferent.	Maria	Page 2
	She's really	Casey:	Nice to meet you. It's cold here!
	from me!	Tom:	Let's go get something
Tom:	Different in what way?		to drink.
Eric:	Everyone. Casey's in a taxi.	Maria:	Coffee sounds good!
Tom:	How do YOU know Casey?	Jill:	Eric?
Eric:	We'refriends. She	Eric:	I can't. I have to do homework. But will
	justher status.		you guys text me what you're talking
	"I'm in a taxi, and heading to Jill's place!"		about?
Maria:	How are you studying?	Jill/Maria/: Tom	No.

Lessons 1-4: Grammar

Comparisons

Adjectives with two or mo	re syllables	inter	resting	more interesting more serious
Irregular adjectives:	good bad	better worse	Weing O	only is each continuous Part to Breas
Adjectives that end in -y:	heavy	heavier		
200 BBBBB	in -e) in two conso vel + one cor		large short big	larger shorter bigger
Forming Comparative A				
Matilda is more serious tha	n Alice.	Bruce is	taller tha	n David.
You can make comparis	ons using	compara	tive au	ectives.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective in parentheses.

- 1. Ana is <u>taller</u> than Yuki. (tall)
- 2. I think Alan is ______ than Grant. (handsome).
- 3. Maria is ______ than Claudia. (confident)
- 4. My brother is _____ than I am. (young) of a towards over the state of the state
- 5. Jake's hair is _____ than Rob's hair. (long) but 1805 27007 hant hadrened 2007 to
- 6. Marcus is a ______ tennis player than I am. (good)
- 7. Adam is ______ than Nick. (short)
- 8. Ahmed is ______ than I am. (funny)
- 9. The twins are ______ than their cousins. (shy)
- 10. Simon is ______ than Jemma. (forgetful)
- 11. My English class is ______ than my math class. (interesting)
- 12. Alicia is ______ than her sister. (pretty)
- 13. My mother is ______ than my father. (serious)
- 14. These jeans are ______ than my old jeans. (big)
- 15. Luis is ______ than his sister. (heavy)
- 16. I am a ______ basketball player than Gina is. (bad)

Part 1

You: 4._

You: 6. -

You: 7._

Have you ever drunk 5. .

When did you drink it?

Next to the country, write the word	
1. Vietnam	7. the United States
2. Thailand	8. China Lital South Control of the China
3. Turkey	9. Morocco
4. Brazil	10. Korea
5. India	11. Italy Transfer of the second of the seco
6. Mexico	12. Japan
Part 2	
What part of the world is each cuisin	te in Part 1 from? Write the cuisines next to the correct continent.
Africa	and story properties with the story of the contract of the story of th
	Metrose Annu Annue de materialment amontante a
Europe	
North America	the commence of the state of the administrative resistance of the administrative resistance of the state of t
South America	the ciliar statement is above. It is
Part 3	
Complete the conversation with your	own answers. In class, practice the conversation with a partner.
A: What's the most unusual food y	ou've ever had?
	Change and County Septile Appear
A: Where did you have it?	
	The state of the s
	food?

Lesson 5: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the blog below.

000

Food and emotions

My favorite snack is chocolate-covered pretzels. I like the sweetness of chocolate, but I also like something salty. I also like jelly on my potato chips. A recent study says my favorite snacks tell you about my personality.

Salty food

Some people want to eat salty food all the time. They are usually people who "go with the flow." These people don't need to control things all the time.

Chocolate

Chocolate makes many people feel good. People who like dark chocolate are more outgoing and love a party. But those who like milk chocolate are shyer. They may want to stay home and read a book.

Spicy food

Spicy food, like Mexican or Thai, makes our hearts go faster and makes us sweat. People who want spicy food like excitement. They don't like to waste time.

Sweet food

If you like sweet foods, you like pleasure. You want to reward yourself and feel good.

Sweet and salty

These people like to mix things up. They are creative and playful, but may be private. And that describes me. What kind of food do you like the most?

					2.5		-			
3.4	atch	the f	hoo	to I	he	perso	ona	itv	type.	

____ 1. Thai food

____ 2. ice cream and cake

_____ 3. potato chips

____ 4. milk chocolate

____ 5. chocolate-covered pretzels

a. likes adventure and excitement

b. creative and playful

c. likes to feel good

d. is shy and quiet

e. goes with the flow

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What is your favorite snack?
- Do you agree with the blog?
- 3. Do you know anyone who matches one of these types?

Part 2

Read the first paragraph again. Write about your favorite kind of snack. Why do you like it?

Part 3

Give your description to your teacher to read aloud. Can anyone guess who wrote it?

Lesson 6: Vocabulary

RESTAURANTS

Part 1

	to prepare food that matches the definition.
	to cook food in an oven
2	to cook over a fire or high heat
3	to cook in a pan, often with oil
4	to cook or make something warm, quickly, by using a special machine
5	to cook by putting something in hot water to cook by putting something in hot water
6	to cook using steaming hot water under the food
Part 2	the flate and a second
Answer the qu	estions. In class, compare answers with a partner.
1. How often	do you eat cake?
2. What is yo	ur favorite vegetable?
3. Do you like	fried fish or baked fish better?
4. For which	neal do you most often eat noodles?
	ally have meat for breakfast?
Part 3	Office have a second control of the second c
1. Imagine yo Include two	want to make a frozen dinner. Write the steps using first, then, after that, and finally
. In class, take	turns reading your sequences with a partner. Did you and your partner have the same

ing & Writing

Lesson 6: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the recipe on a food website below.



My favorite dish

My mother makes my favorite dish. We call it Greek chicken. It's easy to make. First, you mix together ¼ cup olive oil, the Juice of a lemon, and salt and pepper. Then you rub the mixture all over the chicken. Next, put the chicken in the oven at 350 degrees for an hour. While it is cooking, put a can of chopped tomatoes, oregano, and ½ stick of butter in a saucepan. Bring it to a boil, and then turn it to low. After that, pour the tomato mixture over the chicken. Cook it for another hour or until it's done. You can serve it with noodles or rice. I also like it with green beans or a green salad. It's even better the next day!



Number the steps in order.

 Pour	the	tomato	mixture	over	the	chicken.

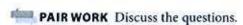
 Serve	with	rice	or	nood	les.
 Serve	with	rice	U	11000	ics.

	Put	the	chicken	in	the oven.
--	-----	-----	---------	----	-----------

		1.0				200			
 Mix	olive	oil.	lemon	iuice.	and	salt	and	peppe	er.
 				,				F-FF	

oregano,	and	Dutter	m a	saucepa	an
,	oregano,	oregano, and	oregano, and butter	oregano, and butter in a	oregano, and butter in a saucepa

Dark	· ha	ahiakan	tale	the oil	mixture.
KUD	me	cnicker	with	the on	mixture.



- What is your favorite dish?
- 2. Why do you like it?
- 3. How is it made?

Part 2

Write the instructions for how to make a dish you like. Use words like first, next, then, and after that to tell the order of steps.

Part 3

Exchange your instructions with a classmate. Are the instructions easy to follow? Do you think you can make his/her dish? Why or why not?

Lesson 7: Vocabulary

Part 1

Famous people often

eat here.

CDs, and clothes are all around the

restaurant.

A. A						
How are the prices at ea How is the food? On the compare answers with a	e second line, rank them f	them from 1 (most expensive) to 8 (least expensive). from a (most delicious) to h (least delicious). In class,				
café		snack bar				
food court		buffet restaurant				
cafeteria		fast-food restaurant				
food cart		fine dining restaurant				
Part 2						
Complete the sentences.	In class, compare answer	s with a partner.				
1. The food at		is really great.				
2. They serve a lot of fo	ood to each person at					
		is				
		is				
		has a fun atmosphere.				
		's location isn't very good, but the food is fantastic!				
Part 3		compare answers with a partner.				
The Four Seasons New York City	Hard Rock Café New York City	1. Which restaurant's prices are more reasonable?				
\$80-\$100	\$20 and under	2. What kind of food can you eat at the restaurants?				
Fine American cuisine	American cuisine					
Two dining rooms	Near Times Square Rock and roll records,	3. Which restaurant do you want to eat at?				

Lesson 7: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the restaurant review below.

Yo-Yo Sushi

Yo-Yo Sushi has a wide variety of choices and the food is excellent. It has many different kinds of sushi, but it also has noodle dishes and grilled food with a Japanese flavor. The best roll, the Yo-Yo, has tuna, crab, and avocado. The prices of all of the sushi choices are reasonable. The noodle dishes are also inexpensive, and you get large portions. However, there are not many menu options for vegetarians.

Service is good at Yo-Yo. It's not fast, but the servers know a lot about the food and give

good suggestions. They are also polite and friendly. The atmosphere of the restaurant is casual, but pleasant. The lighting is soft, but you can still read the menu. The tables are very close together, so servers sometimes bump into chairs and you can hear conversations from other tables.

- @@@ Food
- ○ Service
- Atmosphere
- OO Price

What is good about the restaurant (+)? What is not so good (-)? Complete the chart.

+	100	
		nare i

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you want to go to Yo-Yo Sushi? Why or why not?
- 2. Does the review talk about things that are important to you?
- 3. What do you want to know about a restaurant? What is most important to you?

Part 2

Write a review of a restaurant you know. Describe the food, the prices, the service, and the atmosphere.

Part 3

Exchange reviews with a classmate. Do you want to go to his/her restaurant? Why or why not?

Lesson 8: Vocabulary

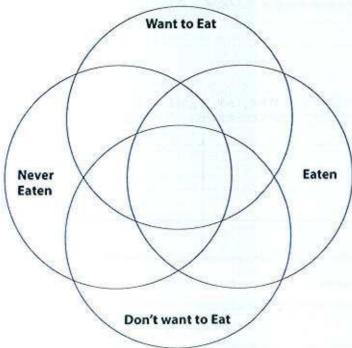
Part 1

Write one or two words to complete each food. If a word is not needed, write an X. In class, compare answers with a partner.

- 1. _____steak
- 7. ______dip
- 2. _____ cake
- 8. ______ chicken
- 3. _____ rolls
- 9. _____lasagna
- 4. _____ fries
- 10. _____ pie
- 5. _____ cream
- 11. _____cocktail
- 6. _____ rice
- 12. _____ potatoes

Part 2

Have you ever eaten the foods in Part 1? Do you want to eat them in the future/again? Write them in the diagram. Then add four more foods. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.



Part 3

Answer the questions. In class, compare answers with a partner.

- Do you usually eat an appetizer with dinner?
- 2. What is your favorite main dish?
- 3. What side dish(es) do you usually eat with your favorite main dish?
- 4. How many times a week do you eat desserts?

Lesson 8: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the letter below.

Down Home Café

Down Home Café 211 Main Street Springfield, IL 73420

Dear Manager,

I am writing to tell you about our experience at Down Home Café on 2/19/13. It was not a good experience. I ordered steak, mashed potatoes, and green beans. My wife, Linda, ordered shrimp cocktail and vegetable lasagna. The steak was raw. The mashed potatoes were cold. My wife's shrimp cocktail only had four shrimp. Her vegetable lasagna had pasta and tomato sauce, but there were no other vegetables in the dish.

I would like to get a refund for our meal. It cost \$42 with tax and tip. If you cannot give us the money, we would like a coupon for a free meal at Down Home Café. Maybe it was a bad night at the restaurant. We are willing to try it again.

Sincerely,

Matt Lee

Write the name	(Matt or	Linda)	next to	the !	food	ordered.
----------------	----------	--------	---------	-------	------	----------

	PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTICIPA	
I.	shrimp cocktail	

- 2. green beans _
- 3. steak _
- 4. vegetable lasagna _
- mashed potatoes .

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Did you have a meal at a restaurant last year that you didn't like? Why didn't you like it?
- 2. Do you think writing letters about a bad experience is a good idea? Why or why not?
- 3. What are some good ways to tell companies about a bad experience?

Part 2

Write a letter about a bad experience you have had at a restaurant or store. Include these details: What did you eat/buy? What was wrong? What do you want now?

Part 3

Share your letter with a group of classmates. Did you talk about similar problems? What problems were different?

Lessons 5-8: Video Cloze

Watch Learning to Cook and fill in the blanks.

Tom:	What time are Casey, Jill, and Maria coming	Tom: I'm sorry.
	over for dinner?	Eric: We still have time. It's not a big deal. We ca
Eric:	7:00. We have plenty of time. What should we	justin.
		Tom: I know a great place we can order
Tom:	Pasta!	from! The food is pretty good, it's fairly
Eric:	Tom, I love your pasta, but	and attracts a lot of
Tom:	I love it too. I could have it every single day.	customers.
Eric:	Exactly my point. We do have it every day. We	Eric: OKgood.
	should try something different. Let me see	Server: Hello?
Tom:	Have you tried food? No, I haven't.	Tom: Hello, can I place a
	What about food?	Server: Sure! What would you like?
	Nope.	Tom: I would like your hm
	What have you ?	Server: Tom?
Tom:	Pasta.	Tom: Yes. Roberto?
Eric:	OK. Nevermind	Server: Yes! How are you?
Eric:	Casey likes fish. So do Jill and Maria. Let's	Tom: Great!
	make a simple fish	Server: What can I get you? Is it the usual?
Tom:	// 275	Tom: Yes, but for five people.
Eric:	the	Server: Sure thing. Five of our special house pastas.
	in a pan.	Tom: Sounds delicious! And can you put extra
Eric:	Don't forget to salt	tomato sauce and cheese in one of them?
	and and olive oil.	Server: Anything for you, Tom!
	Don't pour too much,	Tom: Thank you.
Š	just a little.	Server: Have a good night!
Eric:	I have to get the phone.	Tom: What?
Fom:	Go ahead. Don't worry.	Eric: Pasta?
Eric:	Thanks, Tom.	Tom: You said something different. And it's not my
Fom:	Oh no! The!	pasta, so it's different Right?
Eric:	What's wrong?	

Lessons 5-8: Grammar A

Present perfect and simple past

The present perfect refers to actions that

- · happened sometime before now, at an unspecified time:
 - Have you ever been to Angelo's restaurant?

Yes, I've been there many times!

are unfinished or have results in the present:

I've lived here for five years. (I still live here)

Have you had dinner yet? (You might still have dinner.)

The adverbs ever, never, already, yet, and just are often used with the present perfect.

The present perfect is formed by the verb have + past participle.

Regular past participles are formed like the past tense, by adding -d or -ed.

I have stopped drinking coffee.

We have tasted every appetizer on the menu.

There are many irregular past participles.

be been eat eaten make made choose chosen go gone have had come come speak spoken take taken

The present perfect can express unfinished actions.

The simple past expresses completed actions.

Present Perfect: I've lived in New York for two months. (I still live there.)

Simple Past: I lived in New York for two months. (Now I live somewhere else.)

Part 1

Complete the sentences with the present perfect form of the verbs in parentheses.

		76 7000	Lin
TATE:	have been	to the new Vietnamese restaurant many times.	De)

- 2. Leon _____ never _____ Brazilian food. (have)
- 3. ______ you ever _____ Turkish food? (eat)
- 4. James ______ everything on the menu! (try)
- 5. I _______ to go to a Moroccan restaurant. (want)

Part 2

Complete the sentences with the present perfect or the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

- Jada has not learned to cook yet. (not/learn)
- 2. I ______ fish for dinner last night. (make)
- 3. Fabrice ______ eating fried food three years ago. (stop)
- 4. Lisa and Henry ______ a great new café last week. (find)
- 5. I ______ anything at the new food cart yet. Is it any good? (not/buy)

Discourse markers

Discourse markers add information about the speaker's feelings.

Discourse Marker

Surely you like that new café on B Street.

As a matter of fact, it's very reasonable.

I mean, it's worth a try.

Anyway, it's probably not open now.

Obviously we need to find a cheaper place for coffee.

Apparently you don't like French food.

By the way, don't add salt to the eggs.

Honestly, I'm tired of eating out!

Feeling

I don't know why you wouldn't agree with me.

This is something that you might not know.

I'm trying to make this clear.

I don't care.

This is something we both know.

I can see this.

I just thought of this.

I feel strongly about this.

Discourse markers can also show a difference between statements.

I don't like to make French food. On the other hand, I love to eat French food.

French restaurants are expensive here, while Chinese restaurants are very reasonable.

Part 1

Match the feeling with the underlined discourse marker in each sentence.

- __f___1. Honestly, the service here is terrible!
- As a matter of fact, I have never had spinach dip before.
- _____ 3. Surely you like Thai food.
- 4. By the way, don't use too much olive oil in this recipe.
- Apparently they don't serve fried chicken here.
- Obviously you need eggs for this recipe.

- a. I don't know why you wouldn't agree with me.
- This is something that you might not know.
- c. This is something we both know.
- d. I can see this.
- e. I just thought of this.
- f. I feel strongly about this.

Part 2

Complete the sentences with a discourse marker that matches the meaning in parentheses.

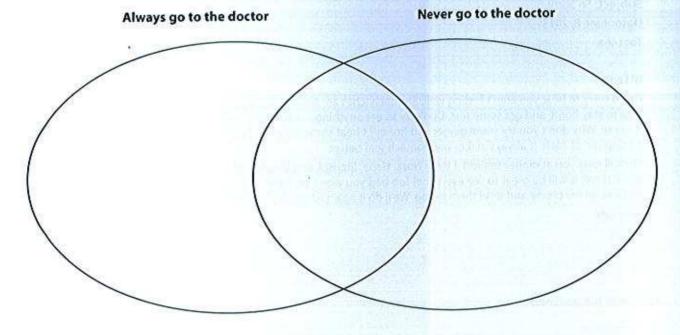
- 1. By the way , do you serve drinks here? (You just thought of this.)
- 2. The appetizers are large, ______ the main courses are small. (Show a difference.)
- I really don't eat any meat. (You are trying to make this clear.)
- 4. ______, I don't think the prices are too high here. (You don't care about this.)
- 5. ______ you like Indian food! (I can see this.)
- 6. ______, this is the worst lasagna I've ever eaten! (You feel strongly about this.)

Lesson 9: Vocabulary

Part 1

For these health problems, do you usually go to the doctor, never go to the doctor, or sometimes go and sometimes not go? Write them in the diagram. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

a cold a fever a cough a headache a sore back the flu a sore throat a stomachache dry skin



Part 2

Write the health problems from Part 1 to complete the first sentence in each conversation. Then write the second person's suggestion. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.	
A: I have	
B: Why don't you	
2.	
A: I have	
B: Try	
3.	
A: I have	
B: It's a good idea to	

Lesson 9: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.

From: Alyssa Reid Subject: So Sorry Date: June 8, 2013 To: Lena Hi Lena, I'm so sorry to hear you aren't feeling well. Stomachaches are terrible! It's a good idea to stay home and get some rest. Don't try to eat anything – it will just make it worse. Why don't you try some ginger and honey? I heat some water and put in a teaspoon of each. It always makes my stomach feel better. We will miss you at dinner tonight. I think Nora, Hana, Marisol, and Valerie will all be there. It will be great to see everyone! Too bad you won't be there. I'll take pictures on my phone and send them to you. We'll do it again when you feel better. Take care, Alyssa

Complete the sentences.

	Property (a)	I.	
1.	Lena	nas a	

- 2. She can't go to ______ with her friends tonight.
- 3. She is going to stay _____ and get some _____
- 4. Alyssa suggests ______ and _____ in some hot water.
- 5. There will be ______ people at dinner.
- 6. Alyssa is going to take ______.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- What do you do when you have a stomachache?
- 2. Do you think Alyssa's e-mail will make Lena feel better? Why or why not?
- 3. What else do you think Alyssa could do?

Part 2

One of your friends has the flu and can't come to an event. Write an e-mail to your friend. Give suggestions. Offer to do something for him/her.

Part 3

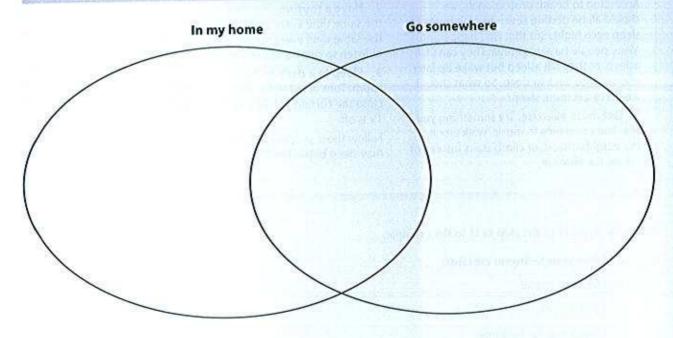
Share your e-mail with a classmate. Did you give similar suggestions? How are your e-mails different? Did you learn anything from your classmates' suggestions?

Lesson 10: Vocabulary

Part 1

Which of these can you do in your home? For which do you have to go somewhere? Write them in the diagram. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

climb stairs ride a bike do chores dance to music jump up and down play an active video game walk around the neighborhood follow a workout video rearrange the furniture



Part 2

How often do you do the activities in never. In class, talk about your ideas v	Part 1? Put the activities in order from most often to least often/ vith a partner.
	and the second s
	The state of the s

Part 3

Look at the activities in Part 1 and answer the questions with answers that are true for you. In class, compare answers with a partner.

1.	Which activity do you like the most?	
----	--------------------------------------	--

2.	Which activity uses the most energy?	
	100 March 100 Ma	

Part 1

Read the article.

Sleep well tonight

According to health professionals, we should all be getting seven to nine hours of sleep each night. But that isn't happening. Many people have insomnia. They can't fall asleep, or they fall asleep but wake up later and can't go back to sleep. So what should we do to get more sleep?

- Get more exercise. Try something you like. You can dance to music, walk around the neighborhood, or climb stairs instead of taking the elevator.
- Have a routine. You should go to bed at the same time every night and wake up at the same time every morning. Read a book or listen to calm music before bed.
- Sleep in a dark and quiet room. Turn off all lights and close the curtains. Make sure the TV is off.

Follow these simple steps. You may sleep better tonight.



Write the number of the step next to the example.

- ____ a. Close your bedroom curtains.
- ____ b. Dance to music.
- ____ c. Read a book.
- ____ d. Have a regular bedtime.
- e. Use the stairs instead of the elevator.
- ____ f. Don't sleep with the TV on.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. How well do you sleep?
- 2. Which of the steps above do you follow?
- 3. What other advice do you know to help sleep problems?

Part 2

Choose one of the health problems below or use your own idea. Write a list of suggestions and advice to help solve the problem.

a weight problem too much stress not enough energy

Part 3

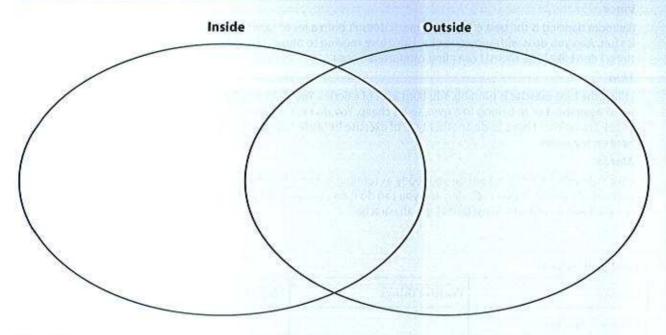
Share your advice with someone who chose the same topic. Which suggestions did you both make? Do you agree with your partner's suggestions? Make changes to your list if necessary.

Lesson 11: Vocabulary

Part 1

Do people do these activities inside, outside, or both? Write them in the diagram. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

ballroom dancing	bowling	ice skating	racquetball	running
skiing	swimming	tae kwon do	tal chi	walking



Part 2

- 1. Which activities are popular where you live or study?
- 2. Which activities aren't popular?
- 3. In class, compare your ideas with a partner.

Part 3

Complete the sentences with activities from Part 1. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

- 1. I really want to try _______ It looks cool!
 2. I'd like to ______ because ______
- 2. I'd like to _______ because _______

 3. I don't want to ______ because it seems like a lot of hard work.
- 4. I wouldn't like to learn ______ because _____
- 5. I'd never ______ because _____

Lesson 11: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the posts on a website.



What's the best form of exercise?

Vince

Ballroom dancing is the best exercise for me. It doesn't burn a lot of calories, but it's fun. And you do it with someone else. I also love moving to music. The only thing I don't like? The shoes! I can't find comfortable ones.

Tina

I think the best exercise is running. You burn a lot of calories. You don't need a lot of equipment or to belong to a gym, so it's cheap. You do need a good pair of shoes. Sometimes I have to do another type of exercise because running is very hard on my knees.

Marco

I like swimming. It's not as hard on your body as running is, but it burns a good amount of calories. It's very relaxing and you can do it on your own. All you need is a pool and a swimsuit. Sometimes I get an earache.

Complete the chart.

Activity	Positive things	Negative things
Ballroom dancing		
Running		
Swimming		THE PROPERTY OF



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Do you agree with the speakers above?
- 2. What form of exercise do you think is best? Why?
- 3. What is one form of exercise that you'd like to try?

Part 2

Write about the form of exercise you think is best. Give some reasons why it's so good. Describe any problems with the exercise.

Part 3

Share your ideas with a group of classmates. Who gives the best reasons for their favorite form of exercise?

Lesson 12: Vocabulary

Part 1

Match the sports on the left with their definitions on the right.

- baseball A. a game to try to make small white things fall over
- 2. basketball B. a sport that is riding a bike
- 3. bowling C. a sport that can also give you something to eat
- 4. boxing D. a game with teams that hit a ball with a bat
- 5. cycling E. a game with two teams hitting a ball over a net that is higher than their heads
- 6. fishing F. a sport that two teams play on ice or grass
- 7. hockey G. a sport with fighting to make the other person fall over
- 8. tennis H. a game with two or four people hitting a ball with a racquet
- 9. volleyball I. a game with teams that try to put a ball into a circle above them

Part 2

Use the sports from Part 1 to complete each conversation. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.		
A:	I think	is more difficult to play than
B:	Really? I think	
	Which is more frightening,	or and single and a least of the convente of t
3. A:	Which is more interesting to watch,	The contract of the collection
	I think so, too.	is not as interesting to watch as to play
	I love How about	you? Do you like or more

Lesson 12: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the letter.

Director of Sports

Victoria Parker Director of Sports Redford College September 12, 2013

Dear Ms. Parker,

I am writing this letter as president of the Student Sports Committee. We are asking you to replace bowling with volleyball as one of the sport choices. We think that volleyball is much more active. It also burns more calories. Players get in much better shape from volleyball. In addition, volleyball is cheaper because we don't have to go to a bowling alley. We can play in the gym. Other students will come watch because volleyball is much more interesting than bowling. We can charge for tickets to big games. That will provide money for uniforms and equipment.

I hope you will think about this idea. We think volleyball is a much better choice. Sincerely,

Lisa Chen

Mark	the statements	T (True	or F	(False)
TARGET	the atatement	o i tiide	1011	LI GISCI.

- _____ 1. Victoria Parker is the writer of the letter.
 - The writer is a college student.
- _____ 3. The committee wants to have volleyball instead of bowling.
 - 4. Volleyball players need to be in better shape than bowlers.
 - _____ 5. Volleyball is more expensive than bowling.
 - 6. More people will come watch volleyball.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How does the letter writer compare volleyball to bowling?
- 2. Which do you think is better? Why?
- 3. What sports do you think are best for college students?

Part 3

Write a letter to a gym, club, or other sports organization. Ask them to start a new sports team. Give reasons by comparing the new sport to other sports.

Part 3

Exchange letters with a classmate. Write a response to their request for a new sports team. You can agree or disagree. Give reasons.

HEALTH

Lessons 9-12: Video Cloze

Watch Eric's Health Habits and fill in the blanks.

Eric:	Help yourselves. Enjoy.	Eric:	No, I don't have to give up meat, but I
Casey/Jill:	Thank you, Thanks, Eric!		should eat more vegetables.
Jill:	So how did your doctor's	Jill:	I think you should
	go last week?		more. I exercise three times a week and I feel healthy.
Eric: Casey:	Oh, not so well, actually. That's too bad. Nothing serious I hope.	Eric	Exercise? Ifour
Eric:	Oh, no, nothing like that. I can't sleep at night and sometimes my	Casey:	times a week. Really? That's exercise.
	hurts.	Eric:	Yeah! I guess it is.
Casey:	Oh, no!	Casey:	Wow, you must be really good.
Eric:	It's OK. My said I should change my	Eric:	I beat all the other! And I also box.
Jill:	Change your diet?	Jill:	I didn't know that!
Eric:	Yeah, she said I should eat I think I eat pretty	Eric:	I box almost every day! I'm really good at it too is definitely
	healthy.		more fun than bowling.
Jill:	Um Well, it's a not good idea to eat	Casey:	Wow, you're really athletic!
1200000	46)	Eric:	Yep. And I also play
Eric:	No, of course not. The doctor said I should	Casey/Jill:	Tennis?
	stop drinking coffee. But I love It's been real hard.	Eric:	Yep. Tennis was moreto learn than
	He said I should also eat more		boxing. But I win almost every game now.
	(9)		You guys want to see me play?
Casey:	I can't see you as a vegetarian somehow.	Jill:	Like, right now?
		Eric:	Sure!

Possessive nouns, pronouns, and adjectives

Use possessive nouns, possessive pronouns, and possessive adjectives to show ownership and relationships.

Possessive Nouns

Form possessive nouns by adding 's to a singular noun or a plural noun not ending in -s, and by adding an apostrophe (') to a plural noun ending in -s.

SINGULAR:

Jill's cousin Casey

PLURAL:

the students

the students' books

the children

the children's parents

Possessive Adjectives

SINGULAR:

my

his, her, its

PLURAL:

our

your their

your

Possessive adjectives are used with the noun they describe.

Tennis is my favorite sport.

Eric should change his diet.

Possessive Pronouns

SINGULAR: mine yours his, hers, its

PLURAL:

ours yours theirs

Possessive Pronouns are used without the noun they describe.

Your diet is healthier than hers. This tea is mine, and that one is yours.

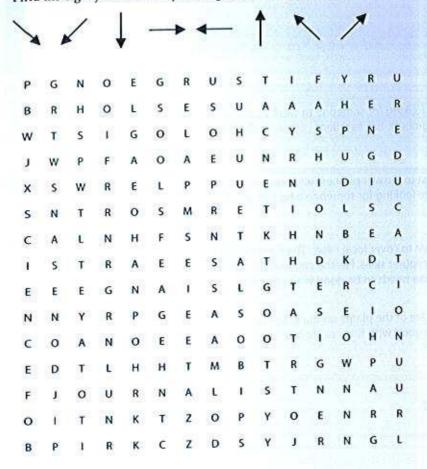
Circle the correct possessive noun, pronoun, or adjective to complete the sentences.

- 1. (Tamara's) Tamara head hurts.
- 2. Anna hurt her/hers ankle playing soccer.
- 3. The doctors/doctor's office is near my apartment.
- 4. I'm going to go to my gym because your/yours is too expensive.
- 5. I like this new sports channel. Its/It's announcers are really good.
- 6. This isn't Mike's basketball, It's ours/our.
- These tennis balls belong to me. They're my/mine balls.
- 8. We went to your neighbors/neighbor's gym last weekend.
- 9. Marta changed the childrens'/children's diet.
- My friend's/friends favorite sport is golf.
- 11. I'm going to try Janet's diet. Her/Hers looks more interesting.
- The twins went to the doctor because their/theirs skin was dry.
- 13. I'm going to take yours/your advice and get more rest.
- 14. I have my bowling shoes. Where did Mary put her/hers?
- 15. Erics/Eric's doctor gave him a diet.
- Baseball is mine/my favorite sport to watch on TV.

Lesson 13: Vocabulary

Part 1

Find the eight jobs and four job categories in the puzzle below. The words go



Part 2

Look at the letters you didn't circle. Write every 5th letter below to find the hidden message.

Υ_	0		
		-	

Part 1

Read the job listings.

000

Job listings

Office assistant part-time

We're a small, friendly company. We're looking for someone to work 25 hours a week. The ideal person is good with numbers, has excellent computer skills, and can meet deadlines.

Medical receptionist full-time

Busy doctor's office needs a receptionist to answer phones, schedule appointments, and greet patients. We're looking for someone who can speak Spanish and use a computer.

Journalist full-time

Small local newspaper needs a journalist to cover local news. The ideal candidate is good at writing and has excellent computer skills. He/she can meet deadlines and can work independently. He/she also needs to be good with people.

Gardener part-time

We are looking for a gardener to take care of the plants on our property. Should enjoy working outdoors and be good with flowers. He/she can work independently.

Write the correct job next to each quality.

1.	can speak S	panish		
	The state of	· controll		

- 2. can meet deadlines _____
- 3. can use a computer _____
- Shift was a substitute of the substitute of the
- 4. can work independently _____
- 5. is good with numbers _____
- 6. has people skills _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Which job do you like the best? Why?
- 2. What skills do you have?
- 3. Where can you find information about job openings?

Part 2

What job would you like? Write a description of that job. Follow the models in Part 1.

Part 3

Compare the job description you wrote with a partner's. Would you apply for your partner's job? What skills do you think are needed for it?

JOBS

Lesson 14: Vocabulary

Part 1

	ad the conversations. What job are they talking about? Write your answer on the line. class, practice the conversations with a partner.
1.	
	You'd need to go to college for over 10 years.
B:	And you'd have to be good at science.
2.	
	You would need to be able to work in dangerous places.
	And you shouldn't be afraid of fire!
,	
3. A:	You'd have to run to catch the bad guys.
B:	Yeah, so you'd need to be healthy and fit.
10000	The state of the s
4.	A control of the cont
	You need to know a lot about food. And you'd have to be creative to make it look good.
B:	And your have to be creative to make it look good.
5.	
	You need to travel a lot, and you'd have to be friendly since you have to give people drinks and food.
B:	That's true, but you wouldn't have to have an office.
6.	
A:	You don't need to have a college degree.
B:	That's true, but you need to be good at math to count money.
7.	
A:	You would need a good voice.
B:	And you would need to have clear skin, healthy hair, and be thin.
8.	
A:	You can't sit down all day and you have to carry heavy things.
B:	And you would need to remember what people want to eat and get it as quickly as you can.
0	
9. A:	You need to travel a lot, but you get to sit in the front of a plane.
	That's true, and you wouldn't need to have a car.
Pa	rt 2
For	which jobs in Part 1 do you think you need to have a license?
PTRAIT	(2) 1 NOTES 는 에 가입하다 (2) 1 전 시간 (2) 1 전 1 전 1 전 1 전 1 전 2 전 2 전 2 전 2 전 2 전
In ç	lass, compare answers with a partner.

Lesson 14: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the flier below.

Are you looking for a great job?

Big Katie's Catering is looking for great workers. We need delivery people, chefs, and servers.

- Delivery people need to have a driver's license and their own car or have a bicycle. They do not need experience, but it is preferred. They need to know the area.
- Chefs need at least two years of experience in a professional kitchen. They also need three references.
- · Servers also need experience, but only six months. They have to be friendly and be able to work on a team.

We offer between \$10 and \$20 an hour and a very friendly atmosphere. If you're interested, come see us at our booth at the Career Fair on 3/15. Or call (210) 999-3050 and ask for Big Katie.



Answer the questions.

1	What is the name of the catering company?	
200	Trial is the name of the cutting company?	SW

- 2. What does a catering company do? _
- 3. What three jobs are they hiring for? _
- 4. What do the delivery people need to have? _
- Which jobs need experience?
- 6. How much do the jobs pay? _
- 7. How can people find out more about the jobs? _

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Which job do you like the best?
- 2. Which job requirements can you meet?
- 3. What are some advantages of going to a career fair?

Part 2

The flier in Part 1 is a way to get people interested in jobs at a particular company. Imagine you have a company. What kind of company is it? What jobs do you have? What do workers need? Create a flier.

Part 3

Share your ideas with a group. Who has the most creative ideas? Whose flier is the most interesting? Do you have the experience needed to apply for the jobs in your group?

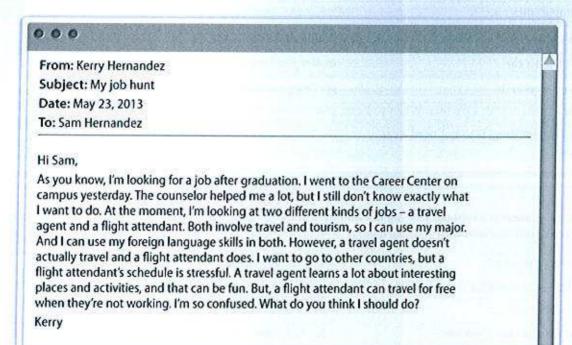
JOBS

Lesson 15: Vocabulary

Part 1	
When you choose a job, what is important to you? Rat to 6 (the least important).	nk these things from 1 (the most important)
travels for free	stands all day
doesn't need a car	makes good money
works on weekends	gets long vacations
In class, compare answers with a partner. When you can	an, give reasons for your answers.
A: The most important thing is to not need a car. B: Really? Why?	
Part 2	
In each conversation, there is a mistake. Cross it out as practice the correct conversations with your partner.	nd write the correct word(s) on the line. In class,
1. A: A pilot has a good job.	4. A: Some taxi drivers has to work on weekends.
B: Yeah. He get to travel for free.	B: But they get to meet lots of interesting people.
gets	ATTA CALL DE LA CALLANTA DEL CALLANTA DEL CALLANTA DE LA CALLANTA
2. A: A server isn't a very good job.	A: Famous journalists make good money.
B: Yeah. They get to stand all day.	B: And they can used their language skills.
3. A: Sometimes flight attendants have long hours.	6. A: I think a doctor get to long vacations.
B: Yeah, but they get to flying for free.	B: Really? I don't.
Part 3	
Look at the conversations in Part 2. Do A and B have t	the same (S) or different (D) opinions?
1 4	The state of the s
2 5	The same of the sa

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.



Complete the chart.

	Pros	Cons	
Travel agent			1701
Flight attendant			

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Why do you think Kerry is asking Sam about the jobs?
- 2. Who would you ask about jobs? Why?
- 3. What is most important to you in a job?

Part 2

Write an e-mail to someone you trust. Ask about a decision you are making (between two jobs, two classes at school, two places to live, etc.). Give the pros and cons of each option.

Part 3

Share your e-mail with a classmate. Does he/she have any questions? Did you miss anything in your description of pros and cons?

Lesson 16: Vocabulary

Part 1

Match the things on the left with their definitions on the right.

- 1. a company's reputation A. the amount of money you get to do a job
- 2. size of the company B. the start and finish time for a job
- 3. salary C. the people you work with at a job OV SOLD III CHAIW
- 4. hours D. the things you have to do a server related and do server related and do a server related and do a server related a
 - E. the things you get (not money) because you do a job
 - F. how many people work in a company
 - G. what other people think about a company
 - H. where something is

Part 2

5. location

6. benefits

8. colleagues

7. responsibilities

The conversation is out of order. Number the lines from a through m. Then answer the questions.

- 1. ____ OK, thanks, Nancy. I will. Good-bye.
- 2. ____ Yes, it is. We haven't filled it yet.
- 3. ____ Is the manager there?
- 4. ____ Hi, Nancy. My name's Leah. I saw you are looking for a server.
- 5. _____ Let me ask first. Which location is the job at?
- 6. ____ That's right. We do need a server.
- 7. ____ Hello. This is Nancy.
- 8. ____ And what would my hours be?
- 9. _____ So the job is still available?
- 10. __a Hello. Mexican Forever.
- 11. _____ The downtown restaurant.
- 12. _____ Please hold. I'll transfer you.
- 13. _____ You'd work on Saturdays and Sundays, from 3:30 to 11:00. Come in and fill out an application, and then ask to see me.
- 14. Who is talking? _____ and ____
- 15. Where does Nancy work?

In class, practice the conversation with a partner.

Lesson 16: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the online article below.

000

What's in it for you?

Finding a job is a job in itself. You have to get up early. You have to meet deadlines. You have to be organized. And you don't even get paid! You're working hard to find a job, so you have to make your hard work matter.

Salary. Think about this ahead of time. What is your time and experience worth? Can you work for a lower salary if the job is really interesting? How much money do you really need to pay your bills?

Benefits. Health and dental insurance are important benefits. Do you have a family? If so, this insurance is even more valuable. Young single workers might not need these benefits as much.

Responsibilities. Make sure you are able to do your job. If there are too many responsibilities, the job may cause you a lot of stress. On the other hand, you want a job that gives you a challenge. A job that's too easy for you would be boring.

Mark the statements T (True) or F (False).

- 1. It is sometimes difficult to find a job.
- 2. A high salary is the most important thing in finding a job.
- Workers with families don't think very much about health insurance.
- 4. Many responsibilities may cause stress.
- 5. You should choose a job that is easy for you.



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Which of the three things in the article is most important to you?
- 2. Do you agree with the writer? Why or why not?
- 3. What other factors do you think are important in choosing a job?

Part 2

Write your own job-hunting tips. What do you think is important?

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. What do you agree on? What different ideas do you have?

Lessons 13-16: Video Cloze

Watch Casey's Part-time Job and fill in the blanks.

Casey: What sort of _

Tom:	Hi, guys. I heard you might be going to	Man:	You would be helping around the office.
	Australia, Casey!	Casey:	What are the?
Casey:	Yep. I'm looking for a part-time job to save		Four times a week from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.
5/2	up. Maria is helping me.	Casey:	That sounds perfect.
Maria:	Thisis looking for a		Why don't you come in for an interview?
	9246	Casey:	Great!
Casey:	I don't speak any other languages.	The same of the sa	Hello. I'm here for the
Tom:	I wouldn'tthe job then.		for the part-time
	This coffee shop is looking for a		assistant position. Can I speak to the
	. Why not here?		manager? (but as poyating dut a tat on it)
Casey:	I would have to deal with angry	Man:	Yes. You can.
	. I also would have to	Casey:	
	workat night. Then I	Man:	What's your name?
	couldn't enjoy my stay here.	Casey:	My name is Casey!
	And tips aren't steady.	Man:	Oh, Casey. Yes.
EXC.8000 \$115	Yes. That is true too.		It's great to meet you. I just want to tell you, I
Maria:	What about this? A fashion company is	Cusey.	can write pretty well. I have a
	looking for aassistant.		blog. I'm also really
Tom:	And they need someone to start right away!	mal and	good with people. And as you can see, I'm
Casey:	That sounds perfect!		good at fashion.
Maria:	You should call them.	Man:	Sounds good.
Casey:	OK.	Casey:	I'm also reliable and a hard worker. I can do a
Man:	Fashion INC.		really good job.
Casey:	Hi! Could I speak to the manager?	Man:	Sounds like you'd be a great
Man:	This is the manager.		(14)
Casey:	My name is Casey. I was wondering if the	20	Really? When can I start?
9.5	part-time assistant position was still	Man:	Oh, I don't know. You have to interview first.
	(8)	Casey:	This isn't the interview?
Man:	Yes. We haven'tit yet.	Man:	No, let me call the, Hi,
Casev:	What sort ofis it?		Ben? This is Mike from downstairs. Casey is

here to see you.

Time clauses

Time clauses show when one event happens in relation to another event.

Time clauses can begin with before, after, when, or while.

time clause = before/after/when/while + subject + verb

when I get home

while it was raining

after we eat

before we go to class

Time clauses can come before or after a main clause.

When a time clause comes **before** a main clause, it has a comma after it. There is **no comma** if the time clause comes **after** the main clause.

While you get ready, I'm going to make a phone call.

time clause

main clause

I'll go for a run while you're studying.

main clause

time clause

Use before and after to show the sequence of events.

Call me before you go to the interview.

You shouldn't exercise after you eat.

Use when to talk about an action that happens as soon as another action finishes.

When Jan got to the office, there was nobody there.

I will call you when I have news about the job.

Use while to talk about two actions that happen at the same time.

While the family slept in the tent, a bear stole the food from their campsite.

The teacher walked around the room while the students did their pair activity.

Part 1

Circle the best words to introduce the time clauses.

- I need to study computers when before can start a business.
- 2. You need a degree. You can become a teacher after/before you get your degree.
- 3. While/After Ron was working, he got a call from the manager.
- 4. While/When I got the job, I was very happy.
- 5. Rachel needs to learn French after/before she can get a job in Paris.

Part 2

Complete the sentences with before, after, when, or while.

- Before you can get a job here, you need to come in for an interview.
- I filled in the application, I gave it to the manager and he read it carefully.
- 3. _____ I was having my interview, my phone rang. I was so embarrassed!
- 4. _____ I opened the door, I saw that the room was empty.
- 5. You can work here ______ you are going to school.

FREE TIME

Lesson 17: Vocabulary

Part 1

Write a verb to complete each activity.	If a word is not needed,	write an X.	Then write	three words or
phrases about that activity. In class, talk				

1	shop	shopping mall, Saturday afternoon, clothes
2	video games	
3	to music	Paralle Manager and Control of the C
4	sports	ing et al. south only proposed was those who they would never have a local transfer. It is a local to the south of the sou
5	sleep in	The state of the s
6	read	wanted to state was a solution of the state
7	online	to has tanko paly cysis sall shotsmare di la bi tima use apuntumbe
8	TV	tains the Torrell have white time to all second steps, then I play my qua-

Part 2

How often do you do the activities in Part 1? Write the six activities that you do most often. Put them in order from most often to least often. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

Part 3

Use your ideas from Part 1 to complete the conversation. Partner 2 should show interest or ask a follow-up question each time. In class, get into groups of three and practice it.

Partner 1:	What do you do in your free time?				
You:	1		Dilya Politica		
Partner 2:	2.	out dise	invita-mental	TOUR	I II
Partner 1:	And what do you like to do in the summer?				
You:	3	340 -3			
Partner 2:	4				
You:	5	h Name of the last	BUT THE	distant	
Partner 1:	6				- 00
Dartner 2.	7				

Lesson 17: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the blog below.

000

Talk To Tina "Free" Time

My friends always complain that they don't have enough free time. It's true – everyone is busy with work and school. But research shows that we are actually mixing work with our free-time activities. Many people do homework while they listen to music. Or they check work e-mail and chat online with friends. Of course, some things you can't do at the same time, like play video games and swim. I like to make sure I have some time that is completely free. Then I play my guitar or read a good book. What do you like to do?

Comments:

I usually do two things at once. I like to watch TV and text my friends. Or go out to eat and text my friends. -Laura
I like to spend time outdoors. I enjoy hiking and bicycling. I really like to get away from computers and TV once in a while. Sometimes it's nice to "unplug." -Ben

Mark the statements T	(True	or F	(False)	
-----------------------	-------	------	---------	--

- _____ 1. Tina's blog is about work and school.
- Many people do more than one thing at the same time.
- _____ 3. Tina likes to play video games.
- _____ 4. Laura doesn't text very often.
- _____ 5. Ben enjoys outdoor activities.
- _____ 6. He always takes his phone with him.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you ever do two things at once? What?
- 2. How much time do you spend in front of a computer, TV, or other screen?
- 3. Why is it a good idea to "unplug" sometimes?

Part 2

Write a paragraph about your own free-time activities.

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. Which activities do you both enjoy? Which activities do neither of you enjoy?

Lesson 18: Vocabulary

Part 1

Write the kind of movie that matches the definition.

- These movies are exciting. You want to know what is going to happen next.
- 2. _____ These movies are usually scary.
- 3. _____ These movies often have beings or things from outer space.
- 4. _____ These are stories about things that happened in the past.
- 5. _____ These movies are funny, and a man and woman fall in love.
- 6. _____ These movies don't have people in them, but real people talk for the characters.
- 7. _____ These movies often have a hero and people driving fast.
- 8. _____ These movies often make people laugh.

Part 2

Which movies in Part 1 do you never watch?

In class, compare answers with a partner.

Part 3

Look at the chart and complete the conversation. In class, practice the conversation with a partner.

N	low Showing
Aliens from Beyond	Love Forever and Ever
imile, Laugh, Have Fun	Americans Abroad

			WORLD AND SANCTION OF THE SANCTION OF
*	The state of the s	to see a movie	Alita Catara Jane
A -	Do you want	to see a movie	this Samraave

You: 1.

A: What kind of movies do you like?

You: 2._____

A: OK. Well how about 3.

You: Actually, I really want to see 4.

A. Financia

A: 0.

You: Let's meet at 6.

A: 7.____

Lesson 18: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the article below.

Movie Watch

If you have free time this weekend, check out the In-D Film Fest. Local filmmakers show their work. See highlights below.

Bear Foot

In this new take on a horror movie, two friends find a bear foot in the woods. They go looking for the rest of the bear with surprising and scary results. 2 p.m. Saturday.

Brainstorm

This science fiction thriller takes place in the near future. A crazy scientist has invented a way to wipe out people's memories using weather events. Our hero and his team must stop the scientist before he sells his secrets to the bad guys. 7 p.m. Saturday

Dear Mr. Ed

One day a young woman is reading an online advice column. She disagrees strongly with the advice given. She posts her own response with different advice, but pretends she is an older man. To her surprise, the website offers her a job. In this very funny comedy, she tries to write good advice while keeping her real identity a secret. 3 p.m. Sunday

Write the movie next to the in	normation.
--------------------------------	------------

	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY.	
1	a comedy	

2. a thriller _____

- 3. a horror movie _____
- 4. about a scary search _____
- 5. about a fake identity _____
- 6. about a crazy scientist _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What is a film festival?
- 2. Which movie sounds the most interesting to you?
- 3. Which is most important to you in a movie: the actors, the type of movie, or the story?

Part 2

Write a paragraph about a movie you like. What kind of movie is it? Who is in it? What is the summary of the plot or story?

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. Do you like the same kind of movies?

Lesson 19: Vocabulary

Part 1

Put the words into the correct place in the puzzle.

coffee shop mall beach movie theater library museum theme park park pool bookstore

Part 2

Across

Write a clue for each word. In class, compare answers with a partner.

7. _____

8. _____

Down

2. _____

3.

4. ______

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.

000 From: Jack Lee Subject: RE: An Invitation Date: May 7, 2013 To: Anna Song Hi Anna, Thank you so much for the invitation. I'd love to go but I can't. I have to work on a project tomorrow night. It does sound really interesting. Have fun! Jack ----Original Message-----From: Anna Song Sent: Monday, May 07, 2013 5:42 PM To: Lee, Jack Subject: An Invitation Hi Jack, There is going to be a really interesting speaker tomorrow night at 7 p.m. at the library. He is a travel writer, and he's going to talk about Morocco. I am going with my mother and a friend. If you want to go, we can save you a seat. Anna

Comp	lete t	he sentence	S.
------	--------	-------------	----

1.	wrote the invi	tation.
2.	There is going to be a speaker at	tomorrow night at 7 p.m.
3.	The speaker will talk about	
1.	Anna is going with	and a friend.
5.	Jack has to	tomorrow night so he can't go.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. What kind of events do libraries have in your town or city?
- 2. How do you usually invite people to things?

Part 2

Write an e-mail invitation. Ask someone to an event you plan to go to in the next two weeks. Include the type of event, the place, the time, and who will be there.

Part 3

Exchange invitations with a classmate. Is the invitation clear? Will you accept the invitation?



Lesson 20: Vocabulary

Part 1

Write one word to complete each ac	tivity. If a word is not needed, write an X. Then match each
The one has been a	
activity with its definition.	

- 1. broke _____
- 2. stuck _____
- 3. ran _____
- 4. lost track _____
- 5. needed _____
- 6. couldn't find _____

- A. be unable to
- B. suddenly met or hit
- C. stopped working
- D. had to
- E. looked for something but didn't see it
- F. didn't pay attention to

Part 2

- Which excuses in Part 1 have you used?
- 2. When did you use the excuses? _
- 3. Who did you use the excuses with?

In class, compare answers with a partner.

Part 3

Use the ideas from Part 1 to complete the apology in each conversation. Then write the response for the second person. Use a different response for each. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.

Yumi: I'm really sorry.

Ray: __

2.

Jun: I'm so sorry.

Casey:

3.

Lisa-rose: I'm sorry I'm late.

Heidi: _

Part 1

Read the blog post below.

Chess Nut

My apologies!

If you follow this blog, you know I play chess in Downtown Park every afternoon from 3 to 5 p.m. Yesterday was a big day. There was a tournament for the top 16 local players. And I missed it. I'm so sorry that I wasn't there.

Here's what happened.

I left my house early because I decided to drive. That was a bad idea. I got stuck in traffic. Then my car broke down. I forgot my phone at

home so I couldn't call anyone. I wasn't far away, so I decided to run over to the park. On my way, I got a bee sting, and I'm allergic to bees! I went to the hospital right away.

Anyway, I'm really sorry. I hope to play in the next tournament. -Sue

Comments:

Don't worry about it. I'm just glad you're OK.

That's OK. I won!

-Tom

-Bridget

Put the events in order.

	Sug ran	NAME OF THE OWNER, WHEN	de	
-	Sue ran o	over to	tne	park.

She left her house early.

She got a bee sting.

She got stuck in traffic.

Her car broke down.

She went to the hospital.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Who do you think reads this blog?
- Have you ever had a bad day like Sue's?
- 3. What could she do differently next time?

Part 2

Write an apology to someone for something you missed or something you didn't do. Give reasons.

Part 3

Share your apology with a friend. What kind of reasons did each of you give?

Lessons 17-20: Video Cloze

Watch Waiting for a Friend and fill in the blanks.

Eric:	Oh, good! You're here.	Eric:	Hey, we're going to a
Casey:	Hi. I don't know where Jill is. She said she was coming.		join us? Do you want to
Eric:	I'm sure she'll be here shortly.	Maria:	I'd love to, but I can't. I have
Casey:	So, what do you like to do in your, Eric?	Eric:	Too bad. Maybe
Eric: Casey:	I like to study and exercise! Right. I remember you play tennis,	Maria:	Next time. Bye.
	bowl, and box.	Casey/Eric:	Bye!/See ya.
Eric:	I'm thinking of maybe starting	Eric	We'reto be late.
	too!	Casey:	We have some time. We should be OK
Casey:		Jill:	guys!
Eric:	Of course.	Jui:	I'm so sorry. I know. I'm
Casey:	I mean in the park, with a		. I, um, had to the dog.
Eric:	No. But with video games, you can play	Casey/Eric:	You don't have a dog.
	anywhere. Even the park! It's almost the same thing.	Jill:	Right. I, um theis just awful.
Name of the last o	Manager reservance	Eric:	What? You live right
Casey:	I don't think it is.	Lite.	What: Tou live right
Eric:	Hi, Maria! Have you seen Jill?		(13)
Maria:	Yep! She said she was on her way down.	Jill:	really get! So we should or we'l

Lessons 17-20: Grammar A

Need, want, would like, and like

Need, want, would like, and like have similarities and differences in meaning. Need and want both indicate the desire for something. However, need implies that the thing desired is very important or required. I want to take a vacation. We need money for a vacation. Need and want can both be used with a noun or an infinitive. Kira wants to go shopping. He needs to go to the bookstore. Dave wants a new book. She needs a ride to the mall. Would like and like have different meanings. Would like has the same meaning as want. Would like is more polite than want, but want is commonly used. A: We would like you to come to the park with us today. B: OK. When do you want to go? Like means that someone always or usually enjoys something. She likes vacations in sunny places.

Jack would like to go skiing someday.

Would like means that someone wants something now or in the future.

Dart 1

Jack likes the snow.

Part 1			
Use the informati	on in parentheses to compl	ete the senter	nces with want, would like, or need.
1. We can't go to	the museum now. We	need	to buy tickets first. (required)
2. 1	you to come with	us to the bea	ch this weekend. (very polite)
3. Sara	us to come to	the beach wit	th her this weekend. (less polite)
4. Mary	to do her hor	nework befor	e she can go to the mall. (required)
5	you	to see	a movie this weekend? (more polite)
6	you	to see	a movie this weekend? (less polite)
Part 2			
Use the information	on in parentheses to comple	te the senten	ces with would like or like.
1. James really	likes travelin	g. (He enjoy:	s it.)
2. James	to go to Hawa	aii someday. ((He wants this in the future.)
3. Jen	snowboarding. (She enjoys th	nis,)
4. Jen	to go snowboard	ling next win	ter. (She wants this in the future.)
5. Rick and Lisa _	to go	to the gym th	is weekend. (They want this in the future.)
6. Rick and Lisa _	going	to the gym o	n the weekends. (They enjoy this.)

Lessons 17-20: Grammar B

Using but

Use but to show contrast between two clauses.

- · I'd love to go to the movies tonight, but I have to study.
- Karim loves Indian food, but Monica prefers Mexican food.

Sometimes the verb phrase that comes after but is shortened.

- I want to go to the beach, but I can't go. → I want to go to the beach, but I can't.
- Shawna likes to dance, but Marcus doesn't like to dance. → Shawna likes to dance, but Marcus doesn't.

Part 1

Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

- We'd like to go to the museum, but we have don't have tickets.
- 2. Karen wants to go snowboarding but she hates/loves to be cold.
- 3. George doesn't go to concerts, but his brother doesn't/does.
- 4. I'd love to come to the party, but I have to/don't have to work this weekend.
- Jenna loves to go shopping, but her boyfriend really likes/doesn't enjoy it.
- 6. Harry wanted to play soccer, but he hurt his ankle/wants to play this weekend.
- I really don't like horror films, but I know you do/don't.
- 8. The twins like pizza, but they like/hate spaghetti.
- We go to the movies often, but we're going/not going this weekend.
- 10. I got stuck in traffic, but I wasn't/was late.

Part 2

Shorten the underlined verb phrase after but in the following sentences.

- 1. James enjoys Thai food, but Kira doesn't enjoy it. but Kira doesn't
- 2. I can't play basketball, but Marcus can play it.
- 3. Lisa doesn't like to cook, but Ken does like to cook.
- 4. Kerry likes skiing, but Rob doesn't like it.
- 5. Rick went to the mall last weekend, but Lee didn't go.

Lesson 21: Vocabulary

TRAVEL

-			-	-
D		-		-
	a			

In class, ta	se activities you can d alk about your ideas s	o in new places from 1 (the most interesting) to 9 (the least interesting).
	o shopping	visit markets
	ake tours	— try local food
g	o to the theater	see sporting events
337	o to museums	take photos and another than a reason that a sead with the
- 277	e historical sights	The second of the barrier and the second of
Part 2		
(or want to	are in your own town town town odo) and write them with a partner.	n, do you do the activities in Part 1? Choose four that you do in order from the most often to the least often. In class, talk about
		Visited by Sales and Sales
		the state of the s
		in the all the analysis demonstration of the second state of the s
Part 3 Use your ide	eas from Part 1 and o ns with a partner.	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation	ns with a partner.	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where o	eas from Part 1 and o ns with a partner. did you go for vacatio	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1,	did you go for vacatio	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1,	ns with a partner. did you go for vacatio	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1 A: Really? B: 2	did you go for vacatio	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1 A: Really? The conversation is a second or conversation in the conversatio	did you go for vacatio When did you get bac I you go with?	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1 A: Really? The conversation A: Who did b: 3	did you go for vacatio When did you get bac I you go with?	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1 A: Really? The conversation A: Who did b: 3 A: Cool! Ar	did you go for vacatio When did you get bac I you go with?	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the
Use your ide conversation A: Where of B: 1, A: Really? If B: 2, A: Who did B: 3, A: Cool! Ar B: 5,	did you go for vacation When did you get bace I you go with?	other ideas to complete the conversation. In class, practice the

Lesson 21: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.

000 From: Kristina Subject: Peru trip Date: June 18, 2013 To: Tania Hi Tania, How are you? I'm sorry I didn't respond earlier. I just got back from a trip to Peru. I was gone for two weeks. I'm just now catching up on e-mails. What a great trip! First, I visited friends in Lima. They live in a district with a lot of shops and art galleries. They are also near the ocean. I stayed there a few days, then I flew to Cusco. It is very high in the mountains. The air is thin, so I had to rest for a day or two. There are interesting ruins of Incan buildings around the city. I took a bus tour to see them. I went to two museums. The weather in Cusco was sunny and cool. Then I took a train to the town near Machu Picchu, Machu Picchu is amazing! There were a lot of people there, but it didn't seem crowded. It is a very interesting historical place. There are great views. I took a lot of pictures. More later, Kristina

Match the adjective to the noun.



- 1. Would you like to go to Machu Picchu?
- 2. What famous places have you been to?
- 3. Do you like to do the same things Kristina did when you travel?

Part 2

Write an e-mail about a trip you took. What did you do? How was the weather?

Part 3

Share your e-mail with a group. Which place sounds the most interesting? Why?

Lesson 22: Vocabulary

Part 1

Complete each vacation option by writing one or two words at the end of each phrase. If a word is not needed, write an X. On the second line, write two or three words or phrases about that kind of vacation. In class, compare your ideas with a partner.

1.	. a camping trip	outdoors, tent, campfire
	an adventure	
		197037050000 80000000000000000000000000000000
6.	a bus	
	art 2	
Ra	ank the vacation options in Pa our ideas with a partner.	rt 1 from 1 (most expensive) to 6 (least expensive). In class, compare
_		The second state of the second
_		The first are represented to the property of the first and the second of
		a contract to total calculat 1 3 450 May given send to only be broadly and broadly and
-		
_		and the state of t
P:	art 3	
		nd of vacation are they talking about? Write your answer on the line.
Ín	class, practice the conversation	ns with a partner.
1	9	
		ns. I can take everything I need in my backpack.
	How long do you go?	The control of the co
	26 36 320	The second secon
2.	I like sitting in a chair and wa	atching the water on hy
	It sounds kind of boring to n	1673 - 1674 - 1745 - 1
		Bi
4:	I'd like to go on a trip where	I can bungee jump, surf, and scuba dive.
3:	That kind of trip isn't for me, or worry about how to get fro	It sounds too dangerous. I prefer to see lots of sights, but I don't want to drive om one place to another.

Lesson 22: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the ads below.

Dream Vacations

Italian Adventure

Come join us as we bike through Tuscany. You'll have a great time visiting museums and walled cities. You'll carry everything you need on your bike: your clothes, a sleeping bag, and a tent. The group will camp out most of the time, but you'll stay in a youth hostel in Florence.

Villa Extravaganza

Would you like to live a life of luxury? See what it is like to live in your very own Italian villa. On this trip, you will stay in the most beautiful villas in Tuscany. You'll tour all of the art museums in Florence, drink coffee on a piazza in Siena, and stroll along the river in Pisa. You can also take a cooking class or attend an olive oil tasting.



Circle the answer. You can circle more than one.

1. Which vacation involves exercise?

Which one has nicer rooms?

Which offers a cooking class?

4. Which includes camping?

5. Which goes to Tuscany?

6. Which do you think is cheaper?

Italian Adventure

Italian Adventure

Italian Adventure

Italian Adventure

Italian Adventure

Italian Adventure

Villa Extravaganza

Villa Extravaganza

Villa Extravaganza

Villa Extravaganza

Villa Extravaganza

Villa Extravaganza

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How do you generally like to travel?
- 3. What is your dream vacation?

Which vacation do you prefer? Why?

Write an ad for your dream vacation. Where will you go? Where will you stay? What will you do?

Part 3

Part 2

Share your ad with a classmate. Are your ideas similar?

Lesson 23: Vocabulary TRAVEL

Part 1

When do you need these things? Write them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.

lock travel pillow first-aid kit electricity adaptor medicine passport hair dryer portable stove Never need A camping trip A cruise An adventure holiday

Part 2

Use the things in Part 1 or your own ideas to complete the sentences. In class, take turns reading your sentences with a partner.

1. I can't travel without -2. You must take _ to a spa resort. 3. You have to on an adventure holiday. 4. You don't have to on a bus tour. 5. You need to have _ on a backpacking trip. 6. You don't have to . on a backpacking trip. 7. You're not permitted to take _ on a cruise.

Lesson 23: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the website below.

000

Study abroad in Spain

If you plan to study abroad in Spain next year, you must follow the guidelines below.

Passport. You must have a passport. It cannot expire until after you return home. It can take six weeks to get a passport, so start your process soon.

Visa. You'll need a visa if you're going to stay more than 90 days. Some programs last only 85 days. You don't need a visa if you return when the program ends,

Flights. Some group flights are less expensive. Talk to a travel agent. You must be on time for the start of your program.

Packing. Don't bring too many clothes. You need some clothes for cool weather (a jacket, sweaters, etc.). People don't wear shorts and T-shirts very often in Spain. You should have casual but nice clothing.

Food and drink. The water is usually safe to drink in major cities. In smaller towns, buy bottled water just to be safe. You have to try the food in Spain – it is delicious. People do not eat quickly in Spain. They enjoy their food. Many restaurants are closed on Sundays.

Mark the statements T (true) or F (false).

I Americans need a passport to	09 (to Spain	1.
--------------------------------	------	----------	----

- 2. You can usually get a passport in a week.
- 3. You don't need a visa if your visit is only two months.
- 4. A travel agent can save you money on flights.
 - _____ 5. Spanish people usually wear shorts and T-shirts.
- _____ 6. You don't need to bring nice clothes.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- In what country would you like to study abroad?
- 2. What are some possible problems students might have when they study abroad?

Part 2

Write a list of tips for students who are coming to study in your country. Will they need a passport or visa? What should they pack? What other advice can you give?

Part 3

Share your tips with a classmate. Are your tips similar? If not, how are they different?

Lesson 24: Vocabulary

Read the conversations. What place or thing are they talking about? Circle your answer. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1. (fare / flight)

Ticket agent: The train from London to the airport will be four pounds twenty.

A: Here you are.

2. (platform / subway)

A: Where can I get on the train to Cambridge?

B: Over there. Number 2.

3. (train / gate)

Announcement: Thai Airways 431 will be departing from number 13.

B: Did she say 13 or 30?

4. (first-class ticket / airport)

A: Excuse me, How much is it from Boston to Orlando?

B: \$495.

A: That's kind of expensive. How much is a cheaper ticket?

5. (ticket / price)

A: Would you like a one way or a round trip?

B: A round trip, please.

6. (gate / station)

A: What time does this train get to Matsue?

B: At 7:11.

(airport / luggage)

Mom: That's kind of big. What do you have in there?

Son: Clothes, books, snacks, my sports shoes. I'm going to be gone two weeks!

8. (train / boarding pass)

A: Here you are. You need this to get on.

B: Thanks.

9. (depart / one way)

Announcement: Because of rain, Flight 324 will leave an hour late.

B: Let's go get a snack.

10. (round trip / subway)

Announcement: Next stop, Causeway Bay. Get off here for Victoria Park.

11. (arrive / ticket)

A: What time is our flight?

B: At 2:55. Don't worry. We have plenty of time now that we are here.

a service from listing or a

Lesson 24: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the letter below.

A Terrible Flight

Brendan Young Customer Service Airlines Singapore October 23, 2012

Dear Mr. Young,

I am writing to request a refund for my last flight on your airline. The trip was disastrous. I was at the gate very early, but no one was there to help passengers. When someone finally arrived, the boarding area was very crowded and disorganized. We boarded the plane an hour late. Then we sat on the plane for five hours. The flight only takes 45 minutes. They did not let us go back into the terminal. The bathrooms were broken. We didn't have any food or water. When we arrived in Bangkok, we were hungry, thirsty, and unhappy. My luggage was lost. Now, I am sick because the woman next to me had the flu.

I am sending my ticket with this letter.

Sincerely, Ted Burnham

Complete the sentences with	a word or	phrase f	rom t	he text.
-----------------------------	-----------	----------	-------	----------

1	wrote the letter.
1	

- 2. He had a problem on his last ______.
- 3. He got to the gate ______ but no one from the airline was there.
- 4. They boarded the plane ______late.
- 5. The passengers sat on the plane for _____
- 6. They didn't have any _____ or ____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Have you ever had a bad flight? What happened?
- 2. Which form of transportation do you prefer to take? Why?
- 3. What do you do when you have problems with transportation?

Part 2

Write a letter to complain about problems you had on a trip. You can write to an airline, a train service, a taxi company, a hotel, or other travel service. Explain what happened. Ask for a refund.

Part 3

Share your letter with a group. Who do you think deserves a refund?



Lessons 21-24: Video Cloze

Watch Tom's Travels and fill in the blanks.

Tom:	Good day, mate!	Casey:	Wow. It almost looks like real gold. Did you
Casey:	Tom? Why are you	Tom:	get around by? No. Actually, Itraveling
Tom:	I'm crocodile Tom and this is Tommy. We're taking a to Tom's travels in Australia. I brought (3) for you!		by Australia is a huge country, so bus trips take too long. By bus it takes about 8 hours to get from Sydney to Melbourne.
Casey:	I didn't know you went to Australia!	Casey:	Oh yeah. That's long. So what else did you do?
Tom:	I was there last year.	Tom:	I went up the coast and went scuba
Casey:	How long were you there? Did youalone?		in the Great Barrier Reef. You must go there!
Tom:	I was there about two weeks. My cousin	Casey:	Absolutely!
	lives there. I have friends in Sydney, so they showed me around.		Oh, and this was the best part of the trip. I went to the most amazing park — Kakadu
Casey:	Whatdid you visit?		National Park.
Tom:	200.17	Casey:	That's gorgeous.
	That's where my cousin lives. We went to an amazing old there —	Tom:	You can camp there, go, and even make new friends! Casey? Can you
	Queen Victoria Market. They had all sorts		do me a favor while you're in Australia?
	of stuff!	Casey:	Yeah. Sure. What is it?
Casey:	Oh, wow. That looks great. How was the there? Was it cold?	Tom:	Well, I met a cool friend at Kakadu National Park. Will you say hi?
Tom:	Yeah, it was a little	Casey:	Sure. How will I find your friend? Do you have an e-mail address?
	went to Sydney. Look here. You have to take	Tom:	No, but he lives at the park. Take this.
	a boat trip to the harbor.	Casey:	Tom!
Casey:	That looks nice.	Tom:	What?
Tom:	After that I went to the Gold Coast. That's north of Sydney. There are beautiful	-38	That's a crocodile!
12	there.	Tom:	His name's Tommy. I named this after him. Please say hi!

Lessons 21-24: Grammar A

Impersonal pronouns

An impersonal pronoun is used to mean people in general or an unspecified person or group.

Excuse me, how do you get to the library?

You go out this door and down the street to the left.

The Impersonal pronouns, one and you, can refer to any single person or people in general. One is more formal, and you is more common.

A person learns many new things by traveling.

T

One learns many new things by traveling.

4

You learn many new things by traveling.

Notice the form of the verb that follows one and you.

They is used as an impersonal pronoun in spoken or very informal English. It means people in general or an implied group of people.

They get some very hot weather in the desert.

(They refers to people who live in the desert.)

Circle the correct impersonal pronoun to complete the sentences.

- 1. You/One They often lose luggage on this airline, don't they?
- Remember, you/one/they aren't allowed to bring liquids on the plane.
- 3. You/One/They often feels nervous in a new city.
- 4. How do you/one/they get to the museum?
- You/One/They sell travel pillows at the airport.
- 6. You/One/They charge you for your second suitcase on this airline.
- You/One/They should always keep one's mind open when traveling.
- 8. You/One/They have great trains in this country, don't they?
- 9. Where do you/one/they get the 8:15 train to New York?
- 10. You/One/They have rainy weather in Portland, don't they?
- 11. How does you/one/they say "Thank you" in French?
- 12. Where do you/one/they get the bus for the city tour?
- 13. You/One/They don't give you meals on this flight.
- 14. You/One/They often meets interesting people while traveling.
- 15. When do you/one/they usually eat dinner in Spain?

Reflexive pronouns

A reflexive pronoun is used when the object of a verb and the subject of the verb are the same person.

different subject and object: I am going to buy you a bus ticket.

Barry is going to Portland with me.

same subject and object: I need to get myself a new bag.

Kerry will travel to Argentina by herself.

Singular Plural

(I) myself (we) ourselves (you) yourself (you) yourselves (he) himself, (she) herself, (it) itself (they) themselves

Part 1

Circle the correct reflexive pronoun to complete the sentences.

- 1. We're going to take ourselves yourselves on a nice trip this summer!
- 2. Rob bought him/himself a guidebook before he went to Mexico.
- 3. The girls are going to travel to France by themselves/herself this summer,
- 4. I got yourself/myself a room in a nice hotel.
- 5. You and your brother prefer to travel by yourselves/themselves, don't you?
- 6. Teresa got her/herself a visa before she went on her trip.

Part 2

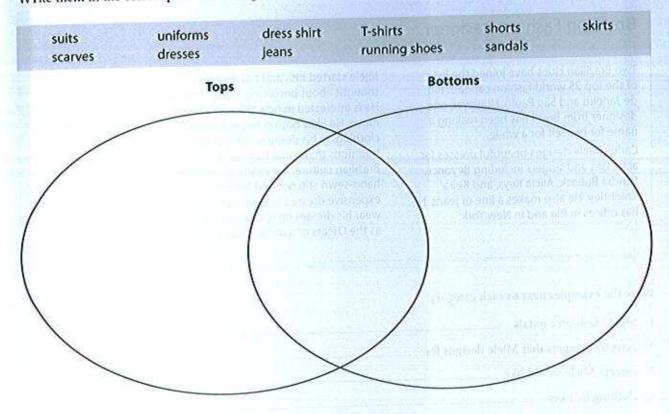
Write the correct reflexive pronoun to complete the sentences.

1.	1. The man with the camera took a pi	cture of himself at the Grand Canyon.
2.	2. Jenny is only 18, and she traveled a	ll over South America by!
3.	3. Jenny, how do you feel about your t	rip? You must be very proud of!
4.	4. The twins taught	a little Spanish before they went to Mexico.
5.	5. When I look at	in the trip photos, I remember how much fun I had.
6.	6. The light in the hotel hallway turns	off during the day.
7.	7. Max told that	he wasn't going to forget anything, but he forgot his toothbrush.
8.	8. You and James should buy	some new suitcases.
9.	9. We kept fit or	our trip by walking a lot.
0.	0. Sue looked at	in the mirror and decided she needed a haircut before the trip.

Lesson 25: Vocabulary

Part 1

Are these clothes tops (things you wear on the top part of your body), bottoms, or both? Write them in the correct place in the diagram.



Part 2

Add three more kinds of clothes to the diagram in Part 1. In class, compare your ideas with a partner.

Part 3

Complete the sentences with words from Part 1. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.

- 1. I almost never wear _____
- and _____ when it's hot. 2. People wear _____
- 3. People in my country generally wear ______ and _ ____ to weddings.
- to weddings. 4. People in my country generally don't wear _____
- 5. Students in my country normally wear _
- 6. I generally wear ______ and _____ ____ on weekends.
- 7. I normally don't wear ______ to school.
- 8. I tend to wear ______ or __

Part 1

Read the article below.

Brazilian Fashion Designer

Two Brazilian cities have joined the list of the top 25 world fashion capitals: Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo. However, one designer from Brazil has been making a name for himself for a while.

Carlos Miele designs beautiful dresses for actresses and singers including Beyoncé, Sandra Bullock, Alicia Keys, and Keira Knightley. He also makes a line of jeans. He has offices in Rio and in New York, Miele started his career as an artist. He also thought about becoming a film director. He is interested in how things look and move. He likes both modern and traditional clothing. In his designs, Miele uses many traditions that come from all areas of Brazilian culture. For example, he uses hand-sewn stitches and leatherwork in his expensive dresses. His clients, like Beyoncé, wear his dresses on special occasions such as the Oscars or a music awards show.

Write the example	s next	to each	category.
-------------------	--------	---------	-----------

 top 25 fashion capitals 	
---	--

- 2. actresses/singers that Miele designs for _
- 3. careers Miele would like
- 4. clothing he likes
- 5. traditions he uses
- 6. special occasions

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- What fashion designers do you know about?
- 2. Do you think fashion design is interesting? Why or why not?
- 3. What kinds of skills do you think fashion designers need?

Part 2

Write about someone you know. What does he/she do? What does he/she like? What does he/she use in his/her work? Give examples.

Part 3

Share your description with a classmate, Who did he/she write about? Do you know anyone like that?

Part 1

Do these things make clothes more expensive? Write them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.

Make more expensive

Doesn't make more expensive

Part 2

Which of the things in Part 1 are most important to you? Write the three most important ones. Then write a reason for each. In class, talk about your ideas with your partner.

1.	TO STANDARD A MOREOUS AND ACTION OF THE	
•		
Z.		-

3.

Part 3

Complete the sentences with information that is true for you. In class, compare answers with a partner.

1.	My favorite brand is	****	
2.	I care about	more than	
3.	Many of my clothes are made	out of	
4.	I think comfort is	important than	

5. A popular design last year was _____

Lesson 26: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the blog and posts below.

000

Jane's Sidewalk Fashion Bad Choice

So, I'm walking to work today and what do I see? A woman is wearing a really huge, really long dress. It's a man-made material. The material shows every stain. The dress is also not good quality. It has a tear in the back. I wanted to throw a sweater over her. Why don't people make good fashion decisions?

Oh, that's terrible. That has happened to me. Once I was going to a party. I borrowed a dress. The design was nice, but the quality was not. I got a tear in it as I left the cab. I walked around all night with a jacket around my waist.

Lidia

Price and comfort are important to me. Unfortunately, other things can be important too. My sister invited me to a dinner. So I wore an old pair of shorts and some sneakers. I bought a new shirt on sale. It was very soft. It said, "I'm with Stupid." My sister had other quests for dinner. She didn't like my clothes at all.

Jeremy

Mark the statements T (true) or F (false).

100	200000000	4 - 4 - 7	1000		980898PS ERBOOKS
	lane	liked	the	woman	's dress.

- _____ 2. The woman's dress was too large.
- _____ 3. Jane told the woman her opinion.
- _____ 4. Lidia thinks the woman is terrible.
- _____ 5. Lidia tore the borrowed dress.
- _____ 6. Jeremy likes expensive clothing.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- What mistakes did the people make?
- 2. Have you ever made a fashion mistake? What was it?
- 3. What is most important to you when you buy clothes?

Part 2

Write about a time when someone wore the wrong clothes. What did he/she wear? Why was it a mistake?

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. Who did he/she write about? Do you agree that it was a mistake? Why or why not?

STYLE & FASHION

Lesson 27: Vocabulary

Part 1

What room are these things usually in? Write them in the diagram. In class, with your partner talk about why you put each one where you did.

Living Room

Living Room

Bedroom

Bathroom

Part 2

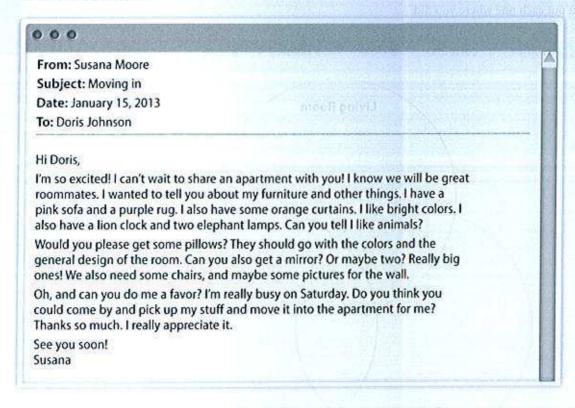
Write a sentence to agree to each request. Agree in a different way each time. In class, practice the conversations with a partner,

1.	*			
Ai: Can you do i	me a favor?			
Randy:				
2.				
ay: Would you	hand me that pen, please	?		
CJ:				
).				
Margaret: Do you	u mind picking up some	chocolate when you	are at the store?	
oseph:				

Lesson 27: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the e-mail below.



Write the name of the person who has or is bringing the object.

١.	sofa	-			

- 2. chairs _____
- 3. mirrors
- 4. rug _____
- 5. lamps _____
- 6. pillows _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- Would you like to be Susana's roommate? Why or why not?
- 2. What kind of problems do roommates sometimes have? What do you want in a roommate?

Part 2

Pretend you are going to move in with a new roommate. Write an e-mail. Say what you will bring with you,

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. What things do you both have? What things do you still need?

STYLE & FASHION

Lesson 28: Vocabulary

Pa	
Wł	t does each person do with his/her smart phone? Write it on the line.
1.	Smart phones are great because books are so heavy.
2.	I like my phone because I can show my friends pictures any time.
3.	My phone is great when I have to wait for the train. Last week I watched Avatar again.
1	My phone is great when I don't know whether to take an umbrella to school.
5.	I use my phone to talk to people, but since we see each other, it's more interesting!
6.	It's great when I don't know how to get to a new place.
7.	I can check and respond to messages even when I'm away from my computer.
8.	It's fun to play against my friends when I have some free time.
Da	t2
tall	about your ideas with a partner.
	t3
Co	plete conversations with your own ideas. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.
1.	A second self-accels of all breat of an access an about four contra-
A:	What can you use a widescreen TV for?
B:	EartNethage Strong Atomy Atomy Annual Atomy Annual Atoms and all
2.	
A:	What is a printer used for?
B:	
3.	
A:	What do you use your computer for?
B:	
4.	
	What is the most interesting feature of editing software?
_	THE THE STATE AND A STATE OF THE STATE OF TH

Read the article below.

000

Household robots

Robots have existed in science fiction for a long time, but they are just now moving into our homes. Some robots have only a few uses. For example, one robot, called the Roomba, just vacuums your room. It measures the size and shape of the room. Then it vacuums. You don't have to do anything. Another kind of robot, the Rovio, is best for security. It connects to your wireless Internet. Then you can program it to move around your house. It has a camera so you can watch your house while you are at work. The Wakamaru robot has more uses. It was designed to help elderly and disabled people. It can recognize voices and faces. It has a built-in dictionary and knows 10,000 words. It is constantly connected to the Internet. If it notices a problem, the robot can call or e-mail for help. The Uniqlo store in New York used the Wakamaru robot to greet customers.

Programme and the second	A construction of the construction	
Mark the statements T	(true) or F	(false).

- The Roomba is a robot used to vacuum your home.
- The Rovia can recognize faces.
- The Rovia has a camera so you can watch your house.
- The Wakamaru robot can do more things than the other two.
- 5. It can recognize 10,000 words.
- The Uniqlo store in New York used it to clean the floors.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Which of the three robots would you like to own? Why?
- 2. Why do you think there aren't more robots available?
- 3. Which tasks do you think robots should be used for?

Part 2

Write a description of a robot that you design. What can it do? How will people use it? How much will it cost?

Part 3

Share your ideas with a group. Whose robot do you like the best?

Lessons 25-28: Video Cloze

Watch P	acking Light and fill in the blanks.		reserving lengths on any
Jill:	That's all you're?	Casey:	No But I have my tablet. I use it to play, watch movies, read
Casey:	Yes. Ito pack light.		books just about everything!
Jill:	OK, What do people usually wear in Australia?	Eric:	What if the battery runs out?
	It depends. Students generally wear	Casey:	
	and, if it's warm.	Eric:	See? Then you won't have anything to do. Don't worry! I have plenty of books you can borrow.
Casey:	In that case, I think I have all the	Casev:	OK by by good and a second second second
	[']] need.		I'll go get them.
Casey:	Still. You never know. I have a thick	Tom:	OK. And I have some things you will definitely need - including a kit.
Caran	. You can (6) mine. OK. Thanks, Jill.	Casev:	Right Here Casey!
Contract of the second	Do you have boots for hiking?	Casey:	Oh!
	I don't know if I'll go hiking. But I do have boots!	Casey:	It will be warm there. I don't know if I need all of this.
Casey:	What do think? Isn't thenice?		Of course you do! OK, thanks Jill.
	I would get something more practical.	Eric:	Hey, Casey! You're going to love these books! And I found something
Casey:	I have great hiking		you might need! Huh?
Casey:	I don't know if I'll have room.	Eric	These books are great! And you'll need the snorkel and flippers when you go in the water.
	Hi, guys! What are you doing?	Casey	: Geez. Thanks Eric.
	We'reCasey pack. Sounds like fun! Do you have ato read for the plane?		: No problem! : Hey, Casey. Lucky you! I found everything!
	(11) to read for the plane.		: Oh!
		Casey	: Oh, boy.

Prepositional phrases

A prepositional phrase consists of a preposition followed by an object.

at the store

by William Shakespeare

in class

about my experiences

from Cuba

under the blanket

The object can be a noun, pronoun, gerund, or clause.

noun:

on the table

pronoun:

with him, for you

gerund:

after eating

clause:

before we go on vacation

You can use a prepositional phrase as an adjective to describe a noun.

The jacket with the zipper has the best design. (describes the jacket)

The teachers at my school are very nice. (describes the teachers)

You can also use a prepositional phrase as an adverb to describe an action.

I ate lunch at the new restaurant.

I stay healthy by eating well.

Part 1

Circle the preposition and underline the prepositional phrase in each sentence.

- The woman in the white dress is the bride.
- 2. The man from Scotland is wearing a hat.
- 3. Let's read the ads before we go shopping.
- 4. Dave found some shoes at the department store.
- 5. The lamp with the white shade is perfect!
- 6. Lara found a better smartphone for you.

Part 2

Underline the prepositional phrase. Then circle "adjective" or "adverb".

1.	I choose my	clothes	by reading	fashion	magazines.	
----	-------------	---------	------------	---------	------------	--

adjective

(adverb)

2. The tablets at the new electronics store are the nicest.

adjective

adverb

The man in the black jacket is my uncle.

adjective

adverb

4. We found a great sofa at the new furniture store.5. You can get better prices by shopping online.

adjective adjective

adverb adverb

6. I think the pillows with the pattern look best.

adjective

adverb

Choose the best word or phrase to complete each conversation. In class, practice the conversations with a partner.

1.

Yuko: Hi, Mao. How was your weekend?

Mao: It was great. I saw that new movie.

Yuko: What (did / were) you think of it?

Mao: The acting (could / would) be better.

Yuko: What about the story?

Mao: It was kind of (confusing / confused).

Yuko: That's too bad.

2.

Anders: Oh! You're reading that new book. How do you (liking / like) it?

Kim: The characters are (interested / interesting), and I'm really (excited / exciting) to see what is going to happen next.

3.

Fran: Hi, Andy. How's your video editing class?

Andy: It's alright, but it's kind of (frustrating / frustrated). I already knew everything.

4.

Meg: How was the concert, Massimo?

Massimo: (I / It) was boring. I almost fell asleep!

Part 2

In each conversation, there is a mistake. Cross it out and write the correct word on the line. In class, practice the correct conversations with your partner.

- 1. A: How is your new computer?
 - B: I was kind of confusing at first.

confused

2. A: What kinds of movies do you like?

B: I are interested in science fiction ones.

3. A: Tell me about a time when you were boring.

B: Well, last Saturday I stayed home all day.

- 4. A: What frustrates you?
 - B: Well, yesterday I am frustrated with a movie that didn't have a good story.
- 5. A: What do interesting to you?

B: Learning about different cultures.

6. A: Do you ever go excited?

B: Not really.

1	•		
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Lesson 29: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the article below.



Try it out

I've been reading the guest blogs on this site, and wanted to "Try it out" myself. I thought the sport of rowing could be interesting. First, some basics: The front of the boat is the bow and the back of the boat is the stern. The left side is port, and the right side is starboard. I knew all of these terms because I go sailing. So the vocabulary should be easy, right? Wrong! It was actually very confusing. When you row, you face backward, so port is on your right, not your left. Every time the coach gave a direction, I did the wrong thing. Also, I was in a boat with seven other rowers. Being on a team should be fun, but I was frustrated. When one person does something wrong, the whole boat gets unbalanced. I didn't want to swim by mistake. I almost gave up.

Anyway, after a few weeks, we had a practice race. We won. It was really exciting! I've decided to give rowing another try.

Match the adjective with the noun.

- 1. the sport of rowing
- _ 2. the vocabulary
- ___ 3. I (the writer)
- 4. the boat
- 5. the race
- 6. being on a team

- a. frustrated
- b. confusing
- c. unbalanced
- d. interesting
- e. fun
- f. exciting



PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Why did the writer try rowing?
- 2. Have you tried something new recently? What was it?
- 3. What is a sport or activity you'd like to try?

Part 2

Write about something new that you tried. What was it? How did you feel? How was your experience? Would you do it again?

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. Who had a better experience? Why?

Lesson 30: Vocabulary

Part 1

What action is described? Write it on the line.

to not tell the truth

2. to say "I'm sorry"

3. _____ to talk with other people

4. _____ to decide someone or something is good or bad, most often bad

5. _____ to continue to say different opinions during a conversation

6. _____ to say many bad things about someone who is not with you

7. ______ to say "It's OK" after someone says "I'm sorry"

Part 2

In each conversation, there is one mistake. Cross it out and write the correct word or phrase on the line. In class, practice the correct conversations with your partner.

A: Sometimes it's OK to say a lie.

B: I'm not sure about that.

tell

2. A: You should never gossip for a friend.

B: I completely agree with you.

3. A: Judging people with their looks isn't good.

B: I feel exactly the same way.

4. A: Children should never argue to their parents.

B: I agree.

5. A: I don't think people should apologize.

B: I'm not sure about it.

A: In my opinion, it's sometimes OK to judged others.

B: I don't feel that way at all.

Part 3

Look at the conversations in Part 2. Do A and B have the same (S) or different (D) opinions? In class, talk with a partner about which opinions you agree with.

1. ____

4. ____

2. ____

5.

3. ____

6. ____

Read the tips below.

Best friends forever

People with strong friendships live longer, healthier lives. It's important to make friends and to keep them. Follow these tips to be a better friend.

- Communicate honestly. If your friend does something that bothers you, say something. But say it in a nice way. Focus on how you feel, not on the person's actions.
- Apologize when necessary. We all make mistakes. When you do hurtful things, say you're sorry. And say it quickly.
- Forgive. Sometimes your friend will hurt your feelings. He or she will apologize. Then you should forgive them. Friendship is almost always more important than being right.
- Don't judge. Your friend will not always make the same choices you do.
 Sometimes he or she will do something that you would never do. Your job is to help him or her deal with the consequences.

Answer	the o	questions.
--------	-------	------------

- Why are strong friendships important?
- 2. What should you do when your friend says something that bothers you?
- 3. When should you apologize?
- 4. Why should you forgive friends?
- 5. What should you do when your friend makes a bad choice?

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- 1. Do you agree with the tips? Why or why not?
- 2. What do you think makes a good friend?
- 3. Who is one of your best friends?

Part 2

Write four more tips on how to be a good friend.

Part 3

Share your ideas with a classmate. Which tips were similar? Did you have different ideas? Do you agree with your classmate's tips?

Lesson 31: Vocabulary

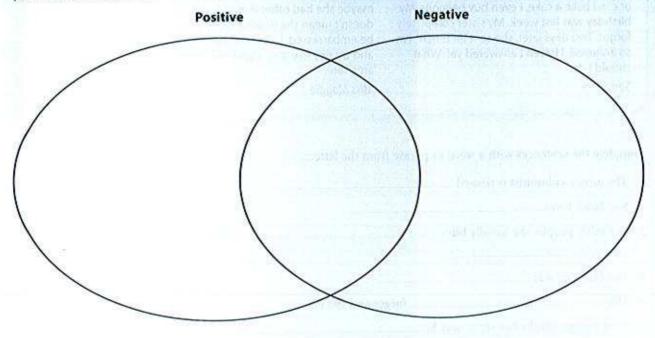
Part 1

Unscramble each of the feelings.

- 1. ______deyaonn
- 2. ______ irwerdo
- 3. _____ ptseu
- 4. _____ rceoenncd
- 5. _____ rasrabdmees
- 6. _____zeldzup
- 7. _____ dhtlelri
 - 8. _____ srevuon

Part 2

Are the feelings in Part 1 positive, negative, or both? Write them in the diagram. In class, talk about your ideas with a partner.



Part 3

Answer the questions. In class, take turns asking and answering the questions with a partner.

- What would you do if you forgot your homework?
- 2. How would you feel if your friend forgot your birthday?
- 3. How would you feel if your friend was gossiping?
- 4. How would you feel if you won a contest?
- 5. How would you feel if you couldn't find your cell phone?
- 6. How would you feel if your friend lied to you?

OPINIONS

Lesson 31: Reading & Writing

Part 1

Read the advice letters below.

Miss Maggie Says...

Dear Miss Maggie,

This might sound like a silly problem, but it's really bothering me. I love birthdays. Whenever one of my friends or relatives has a birthday, I make a really big deal of it. I buy presents for them. I decorate their desk or car. I bake a cake. I even buy balloons. My birthday was last week. My sister completely forgot. Two days later, she sent an e-mail. I'm so annoyed. I haven't answered yet. What should I do?

Sad Sister

Dear Sad Sister,

I wish you were my friend. I like birthdays too, and would love to get a cake and balloons. However, not everyone feels the same way. I wouldn't be so upset. Maybe your sister doesn't care about birthdays. Or maybe she had other things going on. It doesn't mean she doesn't love you. She may be embarrassed. I would answer her e-mail, and try not to worry about the problem anymore.

Miss Maggie

Complete the sentences with a we	ord or phrase from the letters.
----------------------------------	---------------------------------

- The advice columnist is named ______.
- 2. Sad Sister loves
- 3. For other people, she usually buys ______ and bakes a
- 4. Her birthday was _____
- 5. Her ______ forgot and she is ______.
- 6. Miss Maggie thinks her sister may be _____

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How do you feel about birthdays? Are you like Sad Sister?
- 2. Do you agree with Miss Maggie's advice?
- 3. What problem would you want advice about?

Part 2

Write a letter about a real or imagined problem. Ask for advice.

Part 3

Exchange letters with a classmate. Give advice for his/her problem.

Lesson 32: Vocabulary

Part 1

Put the qualities and values into the correct place in the puzzle.

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90										
			8			T				
		1					Lacker of the			

Part 2

Write a clue for each word. In class, compare answers with a partner.

Across	
2	
5	
6	
7	
8	
Down	
1	
3	
4	

Read the story below.

Money can grow on trees!

One day Adam Cordoba went outside to mow his lawn. He was sleepy, so at first he didn't notice anything strange. Then he saw the money. Dollar bills were everywhere. Some were in the trees. Others were blowing around the yard. After he saw the money, he called to his wife, Marie. He asked her to get some



trash bags. Adam and Marie collected all the money in the bags. They filled three trash bags. Adam called the police. Two officers came to the house to get the bags of dollar bills. They said some robbers had stolen the money from a bank. They put the money in the trunk of their car, but didn't realize the trunk was open. All the money blew out of the trunk when

The manager of the bank was very happy. She said that Adam and Marie were very honest. She gave them a generous reward—\$1000. Adam and Marie gave the reward to the local library. They love to read.

D .			OF STATE	
Put	Ine	event	SID	order

 The manager	of	the	bank gave	them a	reward
 The manager	UI.	uic	Dalik gave	mem a	reware

Adam found money in the trees and on the grass.

Adam called the police.

— Adam and Marie gave money to the library.

— Adam asked Marie to get some trash bags.

— Two robbers stole the money.

they went over a big bump.

Adam and Marie collected the money.

PAIR WORK Discuss the questions.

- How would you describe Adam and Marie? Do you think they did the right thing?
- 2. Have you ever found money or something else valuable? What did you do?

Part 2

Write about a time that you or someone you know did the right thing. What happened?

Part 3

Share the story with a group. Who do you think did the most difficult thing? Would you have done the same thing?

Lessons 29-32: Video Cloze

Watch Casey's Amazing Story and fill in the blanks.

Casey, Hello: Hello; Can you hear me;	Life, from mach was a.				
Jill/Maria/: Hi, Casey!!	Casey: Around 3,000 U.S. dollars. What would				
Tom	you do if you found all that money?				
Casey: Hi, everyone!	Tom/Jill: Wow. That's a lot of money.				
Jill: How do you like Sydney?	Maria: If I were you, I'd give it to the police.				
Casey: I love it! I think it's an amazing city. Everyone is really nice and the city is just beautiful.	Tom: I'm not sure I You could stay at a nicer hotel! Jill: I don't know what I would do.				
Tom: Did you go to Kakadu National Park yet?	Eric: I would be honest and give it to the				
Casey: I just got here.	Maria: I feel the same way.				
Maria: How's the weather? Casey: It's during the day and at night. But I have lots of sweaters, thanks to Jill.	Casey: OK. So, guess what I did? Jill: You kept it! Tom: You spent it!				
Jill: Yay! Casey: I have to tell you guys something that	Casey: Nope. I did what Eric and Maria would do and gave it to the police. And guess what? Jill/Tom/: What? Eric/Maria				
Maria: What happened?	Casey: As soon as I turned it in, the man who lost				
Eric/Tom: Tell us! What?	the wallet contacted me! It turns out that				
Jill: Sure! Casey: I got to my hotel,	heone of the best hotels in Sydney!				
I was really But when I got to my hotel, I felt awful! It was nothing like the pictures.	Tom: No way! Casey: Yes way! So I get to stay for free! Eric: That's!				
Jill: Oh no!	Tom: Wow!				
Casey: I complained, but they wouldn't give me my money back.	Maria: See, it pays to be Casey: I have to go, I have a tour, but I'll see you				
Maria: That's terrible.	guys again soon!				
Casey:that, I left to find another hotel. I was walking around	Eric/Tom/: Bye, Casey! Travel safe! Be careful! Maria/Jill				
I noticed something.	Tom: Can I see Tommy?				
Tom: What? What?	Casey: Bye, guys!				
Casey: I found a wallet. There was a lot of money	Eric/Tom/: BYE! Maria/Jill				

Lessons 29-32: Grammar A

Gerunds & infinitives

Gerunds and Infinitives have similarities.

They are both formed from verbs.

Gerund: working Infinitive: to work

They can both function as nouns.

Watching movies is fun.

The most important thing in life is to love.

They can both follow certain verbs, for example:

continue hate like love prefer start try

We continued watching the movie.

We continued to watch the movie.

However, there are some verbs that can only be followed by either a gerund or an infinitive, for example:

Gerund only:

avoid discuss dislike enjoy finish go practice quit stop.
When it stops raining, we can finish planting the flowers and go swimming.

Infinitive only:

agree decide expect forget plan want

We decided to go to the supermarket, but we forgot to buy milk.

Part 1

Choose the correct verb forms to complete the sentences.

- 1. Sherry dislikes gossiping/to gossip.
- 2. Max enjoys watching/to watch movies online.
- 3. We decided apologizing/to apologize to our parents.
- 4. I don't want arguing/to argue with you.
- 5. Mary and Jack stopped communicating/to communicate with us.

Part 2

Write the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

- 1. Rob, you should avoid ______ to the teacher. (lie)
- 2. I expect ______ an argument about money with my brother. (have)
- 3. We forgot _______ you a happy birthday! (wish)
- 4. My friend stopped ______ me, and I feel sad. (call)
- 5. After Sam finished ______ the story, we were amazed. (tell)
- 6. I broke your phone, and I plan _______ you a new one. (buy)

Lessons 29-32: Grammar B

Using gerunds

Gerunds act like nouns, but they name things such as activities or behaviors.

Playing basketball is good exercise.

We love to go skiing in Switzerland.

Crying doesn't help solve the problem.

Working teaches a person responsibility.

A gerund can be a subject or an object in a sentence.

Playing basketball is good exercise.

subjec

I'm excited about trying this new English pronunciation program.

object of a preposition

I think we will love using it.

object of a verb

Certain verbs typically use gerunds as their objects.

appreciate av enjoy fir

avoid finish consider keep delay practice discuss

dislike

quit

stop

You should avoid getting into trouble.

We can delay coming to an agreement.

The verb go is usually followed by a gerund when describing recreational activities.

My friends love to go skiing in the winter.

Our family goes camping every summer.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

1.	. Mara is embarrassed aboutf	orgetting Bill's birthday. (forget)
2.	. Brian is going	_ this weekend for a new mobile phone. (shop)
3.	. I really dislike	_ with my parents. (argue)
4.	In my opinion,	is a bad habit. (gossip)
5.	Sara is planning on	that new movie at the Rialto Theater. (see
6.	to your friends is not a good idea. (lie)	
7.	Do you really want to go	this winter? (snowboard)
8.	a movie you don't like can be very boring! (watch)	
9.	I'm worried about	my tuition next year. (pay)
10.	Ramsay is worried about	the exam next week. (take)
11.	Jake and Marta rewarded the man	for their lost cat. (find)
12.	money from friends is never a good idea. (borrow)	
13,	Ana is interested in	for that big computer company. (work)
14.	In my opinion,	_ is the best way to solve problems. (talk)
15.	a gift that you don't like is OK, in my opinion. (return)	

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- Jack C. Richards

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