# interchange

2

Workbook

Jack C. Richards
with Jonathan Hull and Susan Proctor

Experience

Better

Learning

# interchange FIFTH EDITION

I II III EDITION

Workbook

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with Jonathan Hull and Susan Proctor

2



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1

# Good memories

#### Past tense

A Write the past tense of these verbs.

Verb	Past tense	Verb	Past tense
be <u>v</u>	vas/were	hide _	
become _		laugh	
do _		lose	
email		move	
get _		open	
have		scream	

B Complete this paragraph. Use the past tense of each of the verbs in part A.

My best friend i	n school <u>was</u> Michael. I	He and	
1	_ in Mrs. Gilbert's third-grade class	, and	
we	friends. We often		MA
crazy things in c	lass, but I don't think Mrs. Gilbert e	ever	66
really	mad at us. For example, Mic	chael	0
	a pet lizard named Peanut. Somet	imes he	The state of the s
	it in Mrs. Gilbert's desk drawer. La	ter, when	
she	the drawer, she always		65 101
loudly, and the	class After two yea	ars,	
Michael's family	to another town. \	We	
	each other for a few years, but the	en we	
	contact. I often wonder what he's	Marie Lancon Co.	
шини			
			The second secon

#### Complete the questions in this conversation.

Sarah: Welcome to the building. My name's
Sarah Walker.

Benedito: Hello. I'm Benedito Peres. It's nice to meet you.

Sarah: Nice to meet you, too. Are you from around here?

Benedito: No, I'm from Brazil.

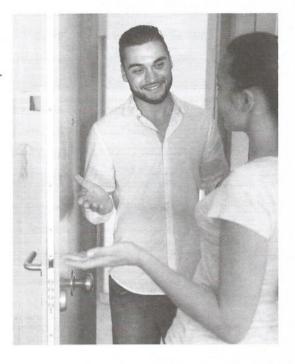
Sarah: Oh, really? Were you born in Brazil?

Benedito: No, I wasn't born there, actually. I'm originally from Portugal.

Sarah: That's interesting. So, when \_\_\_\_\_\_ to Brazil?

Benedito: I moved to Brazil when I was in elementary school.

Sarah: Where \_\_\_\_\_\_?



Sarah:	Where		
Benedito:	We lived in Recife. It's a k	peautiful city in northe	ast Brazil. Then I went to college.
Sarah:		to school in Recife?	?
Benedito:	No, I went to school in Sa	ão Paulo.	
Sarah:	And what	?	
Benedito:	Oh, I studied engineering	g. But I'm here to go t	o graduate school.
Sarah:	Great! When	?	
Benedito:	I arrived last week. I start	school in three days.	

#### Answer these questions.

- 1. Where were you born?
- 2. Did your family move when you were a child?
- 3. Did you have a favorite teacher in elementary school?

Sarah: Well, good luck. And sorry for all the questions!

- 4. What hobbies did you have when you were a kid?
- 5. When did you begin to study English?

#### Gael García Bernal

A Scan the article about Gael García Bernal. Where is he from? What does he do?

Gael García Bernal was born in 1978 in Guadalajara, Mexico. As a child, he began to act, and when he was a teenager, he became a star in television soap operas. He decided to go to London to study acting when he was 19. While he was in London, Mexican director Alejandro González Iñárritu invited him to act in the film Amores Perros. When it was released in 2000, Amores Perros immediately made Gael García Bernal known to the world.

Gael later made many other successful films. With the Mexican actor Diego Luna, he co-starred in Y tu mamá también in 2001, a film about two upper-class Mexican teenagers. In 2002, he won the Ariel, Mexico's most important film award, for El Crimen del Padre Amaro, the story of a young priest in a small town. Two years later, he worked with the Brazilian director Walter Salles on The Motorcycle Diaries, the story of a young Ernesto "Che" Guevara's journey by motorcycle through South America. That



same year, Gael worked with the Spanish director Pedro Almodóvar on Bad Education. In 2007, Gael directed his first film, Déficit, which was about people at a weekend party in Mexico.

As you can see, Gael García Bernal is an international star who works on films in different languages. One of Gael's more recent projects is Mozart in the Jungle, an American TV show mostly in English. Gael won a Golden Globe Award in 2016 for playing the lead role, the talented conductor Rodrigo.

Despite his busy career, Gael spends as much time as possible with his son Lázaro and his daughter Libertad. He also likes to sing and make music when he is not acting.

**B** Check (✓) True or False. For statements that are false, write the correct information.

	True	False
1. Gael García Bernal studied acting in Paris.		
2. A Brazilian director directed the film that made him famou	ıs.	
3. He won an award for his role in El Crimen del Padre Amar	о.	
4. He has never directed a film.		
5. He plays a singer in Mozart in the Jungle.		
6. Gael prefers not to work in foreign language films.		
6. Gael prefers not to work in foreign language films.		

#### Choose the correct word or phrase.

- 1. I used to collect \_\_\_\_\_\_ comic books \_\_\_\_\_ (hobbies / scrapbooks / comic books) when I was a kid.
- 2. My favorite \_\_\_\_\_ (pet / hobby / place) was a cat called Felix.
- 3. We used to go to (the playground / summer camp / school) for two weeks during our summer vacations. It was really fun.
- (amusement park / playground / beach) on my street. 4. There was a great We used to go there every afternoon to play.

#### Look at these childhood pictures of Allie and her brother Robert. Complete the sentences using used to.



1. In the summer, Allie and Robert sometimes used to go to summer camp .



2. They also \_\_\_\_ Their dog Bruno always used to follow them.



3. Allie \_\_\_\_\_every weekend during summer vacation. She hardly ever goes now.



4. Robert \_\_\_\_ Now they're worth a lot of money.



**5.** They \_\_\_ They don't have any pets now.

#### Look at the answers. Write the questions using used to.



1.	A:	What did you use to do in the summer?
	B:	We used to go to the beach.
2.	A:	
	B:	No, we didn't collect shells. We used to build sand castles.
3.	A:	
	B:	Yes, we did. We used to swim for hours. Then we played all kinds of sports.
4.	A:	Really? What
	B:	Well, we used to play beach volleyball with some other kids.
5.	A:	

#### How have you changed in the last five years? Write answers to these questions.

1.	what hoppies did you use to have live years ago:	
	What hobbies do you have now?	
	lused to	
	Now,	
2.	What kind of music did you use to like then?	
	What kind of music do you like now?	

3.	What kinds of clothes did you use to like to wear	?
	What kinds of clothes do you like to wear now?	

B: No, we didn't. We used to win!

#### Complete the sentences. Use the past tense of the verbs given.

Paola:	I'm an immigrant here. I	was
	(be) born in Chile and _	
	(grow up) there. I	(come)
	here in 2011. I	(not be)
	very happy at first. Thing	gs
	(be)	difficult for me.
	I(no	et speak) English, so
	I(go	) to a community
	college and	(study)
	English there. My Englis	sh
	(get) better, and I	(find)
	this job. What about you	



#### 10 Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: Are you from Toronto?
  - B: No, I'm originally from Morocco.
    - No, I'm originally from Morocco.
    - Neither am I.
- 2. A: Tell me a little about yourself.
  - B: \_\_\_\_\_
    - Sure. Nice to meet you.
    - What do you want to know?
- 3. A: How old were you when you moved here?

в: \_\_

- About 16.
- About 16 years ago.
- 4. A: Did you learn English here?

B:

- Yes, I was 10 years old.
- No, I studied it in Morocco.
- 5. A: By the way, I'm Lucy.

B:

- What's your name?
- Glad to meet you.

# Life in the city

Choose the correct compound noun for each picture.

	bicycle	lane
<b>Bernande</b>		

subway station

\_\_\_\_ taxi stand

bus stop

✓ streetlights

traffic jam





1. streetlights

2.





3.

4.





5.

6

#### Problems, problems

A Cho	pose a solution for each problem.	
Pro	blems	Solutions
1.	no more parking spaces: <u>build a public parking garage</u>	install modern streetlights
2.	dark streets:	build a subway system
3.	no places to take children:	install more traffic lights
	crime:	hire more police officers
	car accidents:	build more parks
6.	traffic jams:	build a public parking garage
	ok at these solutions. Write sentences explaining the probleme too much, too many, or not enough and the problems in pa	
1.	There aren't enough parking spaces.	
	The city should build a public parking garage.	
2.		
	The city should install more traffic lights.	
3.		
	The city should build a subway system.	
4.		
	The city should hire more police officers.	
5.		
	The city should build more parks.	
6.		
	The city should install modern streetlights.	
	d another way to say the problems in part B. Begin each sent n There should be more/less/fewer	ence
1.	There should be more parking spaces.	
2.		
3.		一



#### City blues

A Match the words in columns A and B. Write the compound nouns.

A	В	
✓ air	district	1air pollution
business	garages	2
green	hour	3
parking	spaces	4
☐ bicycle	lanes	5
public public	✓ pollution	6
rush	☐ transportation	7

**B** Complete this online post using the compound nouns in part A.

CITY FORUM HOME I			1 1
CITTONO/VI HOME	HEADLINES   LOCAL NEWS   1	nternational   busines	S   SPORTS   CONTAC
Life in this city needs to be imp	roved. For one thing, the	re are too many cars	, and there is too
much bad air, especially during	rush hour	The	
is terrible. This problem is parti	cularly bad downtown in	the	
Too many people drive their ca	rs to work. Also, the city	doesn't spend enoug	gh money on
Th	ere should be more buse:	s and subway trains s	so people don't
have to drive.			
w 1		1./	4.
We also need fewer			
that too many people drive to			
	people can relax and get		
downtown. There should also b	e more	so people	can ride to work
and get some exercise.			
Write two paragraphs about a pr	oblem in a city you know.		
First describe the problem and the			

#### Transportation in Hong Kong

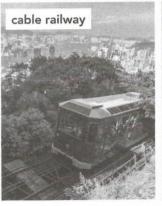
A Read about transportation in Hong Kong. Write the correct types of transportation in the article.

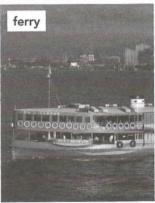
### **GETTING AROUND HONG KONG**

Hong Kong has an excellent transportation system. If you fly there, you will arrive at one of the most modern airports in the world. And during your visit, there are many ways to get around Hong Kong.









1.

These have run in the streets of Hong Kong Island since 1904. They have two decks, and they carry more than 180,000 passengers a day. You can travel on six routes, totaling 30 kilometers (about 19 miles). You can also hire one for a private party with up to 25 guests – a great way to enjoy Hong Kong!

2.

Take one of these to cross from Hong Kong Island to Kowloon or to visit one of the other islands. You can also use them to travel to Macau and Guangdong. They are very safe and comfortable, and they are one of the cheapest boat rides in the world.

3

Hong Kong's underground railway is called the MTR – the Mass Transit Railway. It is the fastest way to get around. You can take the MTR from the airport to all the major centers in Hong Kong. The MTR carries over four million passengers a day!

4.

This is found on Hong Kong Island. It pulls you up Victoria Peak, which is 552 meters (about 1,800 feet) above sea level, the highest mountain on the island. The system is nearly 130 years old. In that time, there has never been an accident. Two cars carry up to 120 passengers each.

**B** Complete the chart about each type of transportation. Where you cannot find the information, write *NG* (not given).

	cable railway	ferry	subway	tram
1. How old is it?			-	-
2. How many people use it?				-
3. How safe is it?				
4. Where can you go?				

omp	lete these conversations. Use the words in the box.		
	TM duty-free shop sign hotel schedule		
A: () B: Y A: () B: T T A: []	Could you tell me where I can buy some perfume?  You should try the _duty-free shop  Can you tell me where I can find a good place to stay?  Yeah, there is a nice  You have the next street.  You you know where I can change money?  Yehere's a money exchange on the second floor.  Yehere's also an over there.  You you know what time the last train leaves for the city?  No, but I can check the		100
<b>B</b> : 9	Could you tell me where the taxi stand is?  Fure. Just follow that  Lete the questions in this conversation at a hotel.		
iuest:	Could you tell me where the gym is	?	
	Sure, the gym is on the nineteenth floor.		
Guest:	OK. And can you		?
Clerk:	Yes, the coffee shop is next to the gift shop.		
Guest:	The gift shop? Hmm. I need to buy something for my wife.  Do you	?	
Clerk:	It closes at 6:00 P.M. I'm sorry, but you'll have to wait until tomorrow. It's already 6:15.		
Guest:	OK. Oh, I'm expecting a package.  Could you	?	
Clerk:	Don't worry. I'll call you when it arrives.		
Guest:	Thanks. Just one more thing.  Do you	?	
	J		

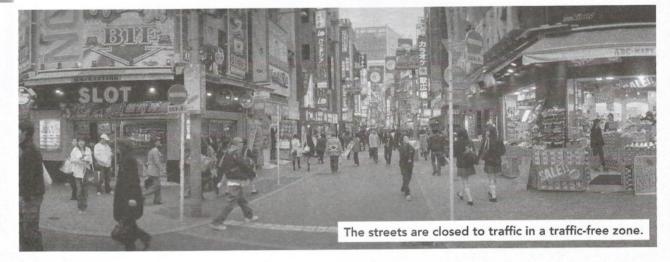
Guest: No, I don't think so. Thanks.

### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- 1. There are too many cars in this city. (fewer)

  There should be fewer cars in this city.
- 2. We need fewer buses and cars downtown. (traffic)
- 3. Where's the subway station? (Could you)
- 4. There isn't enough public parking. (parking garages)
- 5. How often does the bus come? (Do you)
- 6. What time does the last train leave? (Can you)

#### Answer these questions about your city or another city you know.



- 1. Are there any traffic-free zones? If so, where are they located?
- 2. How do most people travel to and from work?
- 3. What's the rush hour like?
- 4. What's the city's biggest problem?
- 5. What has the city done about it?
- 6. Is there anything else the city could do?

# Making changes

#### Opposites

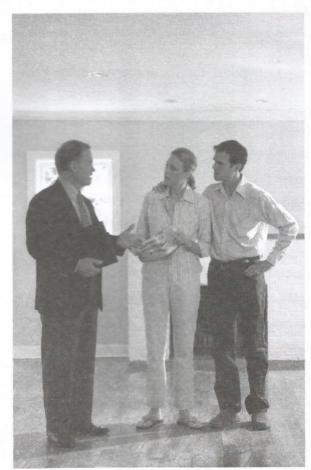
A Write the opposites. Use the words in the box.

- dark old
  expensive safe
  inconvenient small
  noisy spacious
- 1. convenient / inconvenient
- 2. cramped / \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. dangerous / \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. big / \_\_\_\_\_

- 5. bright / \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. modern / \_\_\_\_\_
- **7.** quiet / \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. cheap / \_\_\_\_\_
- **B** Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using *not . . . enough* or too and the words in part A.
  - 1. The house is too expensive.

The house isn't cheap enough.

- 2. The rooms aren't bright enough.
- The living room isn't spacious enough for the family.
- 4. The bathroom is too old.
- 5. The yard isn't big enough for our pets.
- 6. The street is too noisy for us.
- 7. The neighborhood is too dangerous.
- 8. The location isn't convenient enough.



2 Add the word *enough* to these sentences.

#### Grammar note: enough

Enough comes after adjectives but before nouns.

adjective + enough

enough + noun

It isn't spacious enough.

There isn't enough space.

The rooms aren't light enough.

It doesn't have enough light.

enough

- 1. The apartment isn't comfortable.
- 2. There aren't bedrooms.
- 3. It's not modern.
- 4. There aren't parking spaces.

- 5. The neighborhood doesn't have streetlights.
- 6. There aren't closets.
- 7. It's not private.
- 8. The living room isn't spacious.
- Complete this conversation. Use the words given and the comparisons in the box. (Some of the comparisons in the box can be used more than once.)

almost as ... as just as many ... as as many ... as not as ... as

Realtor: How did you like the house on Twelfth Street?

Client: Well, it's <u>not as convenient as</u> the

apartment on Main Street. (convenient)

Realtor: That's true, the house is less convenient.

Client: But the apartment doesn't have

the house. (rooms)

Realtor: Yes, the house is more spacious.

Client: But I think there are

in the apartment. (closets)

Realtor: You're right. The closet space is the same.

Client: The wallpaper in the apartment is

\_\_\_\_\_ the wallpaper in

the house. (dingy)

Realtor: I know, but you could change the wallpaper in

the house.

Client: Hmm, the rent on the apartment is

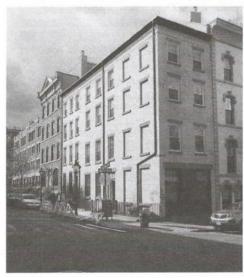
\_\_\_\_\_ the rent on the

house, but the house is much bigger. (expensive)

Oh, I can't decide. Can you show me

something else?





#### Home, sweet home

A Complete this questionnaire about where you live, and find your score below.

### How does your home measure up?

The outside	Yes No	To score:
1. Are you close enough to shopping?		How many "Yes" answers
2. Is there enough public transportation nec	rrby?	do you have?
3. Are the sidewalks clean?		16–20 It sounds like a dream
4. Are there good restaurants in the neighborhood	orhood?	homel
5. Is there a park nearby?		11–15
6. Is the neighborhood quiet?		Great! All you need now
7. Is the neighborhood safe?		is a swimming pool!
8. Is there enough parking nearby?		6–10 Well, at least guests won't
9. Does the outside of your home look good?	?	want to stay long!
The inside		0-5
10. Are there enough bedrooms?		It's time to look for a better place to live!
11. Is there enough closet space?		
12. Is the bathroom modern?		
13. Is there a washing machine?		
14. Is there enough space in the kitchen?		
15. Do the stove and refrigerator work well?		
16. Is the living room comfortable enough?		
17. Is the dining area big enough?		
18. Are the walls newly painted?		
19. Are the rooms bright enough?		
20. Is the building warm enough in cold wea	ther?	-

Write two short paragraphs about where you live. In the first paragraph describe your neighborhood, and in the second paragraph describe your home.  Use the information in part A or your own information.
Use the information in part A or your own information.

#### Wishes

A Which words or phrases often go with which verbs? Complete the chart.

guitar	happier	my own room	soccer
more free time	7 healthy	Somewhere else	To a new pla

be	play	have	move
healthy			

B Describe what these people would like to change. Use I wish and words or phrases in part A.



1. I wish I were healthy.









5.



#### Choose the correct responses.

1.	A:	I wish I had a bigger apartment
	B:	Why?

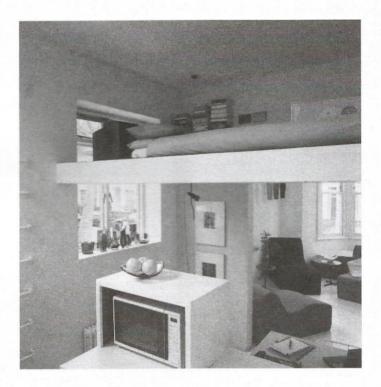
· Why? • I don't like my neighbors, either.

			791 (2)		200	0.03%
2.	A:	1	wish	١	could	retire.

- I don't like it anymore.
- I know what you mean.
- 3. A: Where do you want to move?

- Somewhere else.
- · Something else.
- 4. A: I wish I could find a bigger house.

- Is it too large?
- It's very nice, though.



#### Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- 1. There should be more bedrooms in my apartment. (enough) There aren't enough bedrooms in my apartment.
- 2. This neighborhood is safe enough. (dangerous)
- 3. My apartment doesn't have enough privacy. (private)
- 4. Our house has the same number of bedrooms as yours. (just as many)
- 5. I don't have enough closet space. (wish)
- 6. We wish we could move to a new place. (somewhere else)
- 7. That apartment is too small. (big)
- 8. I wish housework were easy. (not difficult)

A Scan the article about making wishes. Which three countries does it refer to?

### MAKING WISHES

All over the world, people have always wished for things such as peace, love, good health, and money. Over hundreds of years, people in different countries have found different ways to make wishes. Here are some interesting examples.

The Trevi Fountain in Rome, Italy, is a place where many people go to make a wish. The water from the fountain flows into a large pool of water below. To make a wish, visitors stand facing away from the fountain. Then, they use their right hand to throw a coin into the pool over their left shoulder. They believe this will bring them luck and bring them back to Rome one day. The coins in the fountain, several thousand euros each day, are given to poor people.





A very different way of making wishes happens in Anhui province in eastern China. Huangshan (which means "Yellow Mountain") is famous for its beautiful sunrises and sunsets. That's why people think it is a very romantic place. Couples go there to make a wish that they will stay together forever. Each couple buys a "love lock," or padlock, with a key. Next, they lock their padlock to a chain at the top of the mountain. Then they throw the key down the mountain so that their lock can never be opened.

In Turkey and some neighboring countries, May 5th is a special day for making wishes. People believe that each year on that day two wise men return to Earth. They come to help people and give them good health. In the evening, there are street food markets selling different kinds of seasonal food and musicians playing traditional music. People write their wishes on pieces of paper and then attach the paper to a tree. Nowadays, however, some people go online and send their wishes to special websites.



B Read the article. Check ( ) the statements that are true for each place.

	Rome	Huangshan	Turkey
1. People make wishes only once a year.			
2. You need a lock and key.			
3. You put your wish on a tree.			
4. You need a coin to make your wish.			
5. Wish-making is only for couples.			
6. The money from the wishes goes to poor people.			
7. Some people make their wishes on the Internet.			

4

# Have you ever tried it?

1	Complete	the	conversation	with	the	correct	tense.
1000 360							

/largo:	I went to Sunrise Beach last week.
	Have you ever been
	(Did you ever go / Have you ever been)
	to Sunrise Beach, Chris?
Chris:	Yes, It's beautiful. (I did / I have)
	(Fala / Friave)
	(Did you go / Have you gone)
	to the restaurant on the beach?
Margo:	Yeah, I
	Yeah, I (did / have)
	(went / have gone) on Saturday.
	the sea snails.  (I had / I've had)
Chris:	Wow! sea snails! (I never ate / I've never eaten)
	(Triever ate / Tve riever eaterl)
Margo:	Oh, they were delicious. On Sunday
	(got / have gotten)
	to the beach early to see the sun come up.  a sunrise on a beach, Chris?
	(Did you ever see / Have you ever seen)
cl .	**************************************
Chris:	No,(I didn't / I haven't)
viargo:	Then I swimming around 6:00, (went / have gone)
	but there were some strange dark shadows in the water.
	of sharks at Sunrise Beach?
	(Did you ever hear / Have you ever heard)
Chris:	Yes a news report about sharks last summer.
0	Yes, a news report about sharks last summer. (I did / I have) (heard / have heard)
Margo:	Wow! Maybe I a lucky escape on Sunday morning!
J	Wow! Maybe I a lucky escape on Sunday morning! (had / have had)
	Why don't you come with me next time?
Chris:	Are you kidding?

2 Have you ever . . . ?

A	Look at this list and check (✓) five things yo	u have done. Add other activities if necessary.
	ride a motorcycle	
	go horseback riding	
-	cook for over 10 people	
	eat raw fish	
ĺ	go to a classical music concert	
	✓ have green tea ice cream	
ĺ	read a novel in English	
Ì	take a cruise	
1	travel abroad	
i	try Indian food	
i		
i	<u> </u>	
-		
-		
	<ol> <li>Have you ever had green tea ice cream</li> <li></li></ol>	
	5	
1	1. Yes, I have. I had some in a Japanese res	
3		
4		
5	5	

A Scan the article. What can cause allergies?

### **ALLERGIES**

ANDREW was sneezing all of the time. He took an aspirin every morning for a week before he decided to see a doctor. She told him that he had hav fever, an allergy to the pollen from the juniper trees that grew in the area where Andrew lived. The doctor suggested an anti-allergy medicine that he had to take three times a day. But Andrew didn't get completely well until he also bought an air filter to clean the air in his apartment.





MARIANA loved her cat Lucy very much, but her eyes were always red and irritated. She discovered she had an allergy to her cat! She tried to pet Lucy less, but that didn't work. Her friends advised her to give Lucy away, but Mariana couldn't do that. Instead she changed where Lucy could go. Lucy was no longer allowed in Mariana's bedroom. Mariana made a little bed for Lucy in the garage. Mariana played with her cat outside because fresh air is best for cat allergies.

It was a very sad day when ERIC'S mother told him he shouldn't eat his favorite food anymore. He had a food allergy, she said, and peanut butter was the problem. Peanuts made his skin very red with a painful itch. Eric tried to eat less peanut butter, but he still itched. Now Eric eats almond butter. cashew butter, and tahini, which is also called sesame butter. A lot of his friends also eat these foods since Eric's school no longer serves peanut butter because of peanut allergies.



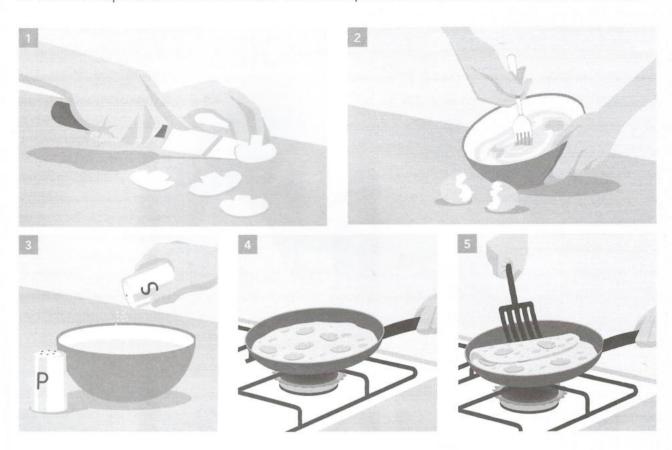
B Read the article. What problem did each person have? Complete the first column of the chart.

	Problem	What didn't work	What worked
Andrew			
Mariana			
Eric			

C Read the article again. What didn't work? What worked? Complete the rest of the chart.

#### Eggs, anyone?

A Here's a recipe for a mushroom omelet. Look at the pictures and number the sentences from 1 to 5.



- After that, pour the eggs into a frying pan. Add the mushrooms and cook.
- Then beat the eggs in a bowl.
- \_\_1\_ First, slice the mushrooms.
- Next, add salt and pepper to the egg mixture.
- Finally, fold the omelet in half. Your omelet is ready. Enjoy!
- B Describe your favorite way to cook eggs. Use sequence adverbs.

HOW TO COOK EGGS:	

### Complete the conversation. Use the past tense or the present perfect of the verbs given.



Alexa:	lwent	(go) to a Thai restaurar	nt last night.	
Pedro:	Really? I	(never eat) Tha	i food.	
Alexa:	Oh, you should try	y it. It's delicious!		
Pedro:	What	you	(order)?	
Alexa:	First, I	(have) soup with _ (try) pad thai. It's noodle		
	a spicy sauce.			
Pedro:	Ī	(not taste) pad thai bet	ore	_ (be) it very hot?
Alexa:	No. It	(be) just spicy end _ (eat) bananas in coconu		
Pedro:	Mmm! That sound	ls good.		
Alexa:	It was.			

6	Choose	the	correct	word.
100-405				

1.	We had delicious	guacamole dip	and chips on Saturday night while we	watched TV.
	It was a great	snack	(dinner / snack / meal).	
2.	I had a huge lunch	n, so l	(ordered / skipped / trie	d) dinner.
3.	What	(арр	petizers / ingredients / skewers) do	
	you need to cook	crispy fried no	odles?	
4.	First, fry the beef	in oil and curry	powder, and then	(pour / mix / toast)
	the coconut milk	over the beef.		
5.	We need to leave	the restaurant	now. Could we have the	
		(check / re	ecipe / menu), please?	

Yuck! That sounds awful.	☐ That sounds wrong.	Mmm! That sounds good.
	out an hour and then cook	
A: Here's a recipe called E for an hour, but this say		
B: A: Look at this dish – frog B:	s' legs with bananas! I've n	
se the simple past or	present perfect of the	ese verbs to complete the sentence
✓ ride □ take □ b	ring do	
Have you ever <u>ridden</u>		The state of the s
I all the in		
you eat a		
We my m	other to the new Chilean r	estaurant.
give decide	eat  be	NX
I haven'ta	a birthday gift to my father	yet.
We have never	to a Chinese restaura	ant.
I have never	snails. What are they lik	:e?
Have you	what kind of pizza you wo	uld like?
make break	buy skip	/ Suggest
I this chick	ken sandwich for \$5.	22000
Oh, I'm sorry. I just	a glass. What a r	ness!
Victor	gi gui for dinner.	
. Victor go		eakfast.
	ng, so I br	
. I wasn't hungry this morni	drive  try	

# Hit the road!

Vacation	plans			

a camper camping something exciting long walks a lot of hiking some fishing	a condominium on vacation sailing lessons a car swimming a vacation		
take	do	go	rent
long walks			
	olan to do on your next va A or your own informatio		o and
he information in part Vacation plans	A or your own informatio	n.	o and
the information in part  Vacation plans  1.		n.	o and
he information in part  /acation plans  1  2	A or your own informatio	n.	o and
the information in part  Vacation plans  1.  2.  3.	A or your own informatio	n.	o and
the information in part Vacation plans  1  2  3  4	A or your own informatio	n.	
he information in part  /acation plans	A or your own informatio	on plans. Use <i>will</i> with	maybe,
Acation plans  I. 2. 3. Write four sentences a probably, I guess, or I	A or your own informatio	on plans. Use <i>will</i> with	maybe,
Vacation plans  1. 2. 3. Write four sentences a probably, I guess, or I Possible plans	A or your own informatio	on plans. Use <i>will</i> with	maybe,
the information in part Vacation plans  1 2 3 4 Write four sentences a	A or your own informatio	on plans. Use <i>will</i> with	maybe,

### Complete the conversation. Use be going to or will and the information on the notepads.

Scott: So, Elena, do you have any vacation plans? Elena: Well, <u>I'm going to paint my apartment</u> because the walls are a really ugly color. What about you? paint my apartment - yes Scott: and take a catch up on my studying - probably long drive. relax on the beach - yes Elena: Where are you going to go? Scott: I'm not sure. I haven't seen her in a long time. Elena: That sounds nice. I like to visit my family, too. Scott: Yes, and Scott for a few days. I haven't been hiking in months. How about you? Are you going to do anything else rent a car - yes on your vacation? visit my sister Jeanne - probably Elena: . I have a lot of go to the mountains - maybe work to do before school starts. Scott: That doesn't sound like much fun. Elena: Oh, I am planning to have some fun, too. . I love to go surfing! Travel plans A Look at these answers. Write questions using be going to. 1. A: Where are you going to go? **B:** I'm going to go someplace nice and quiet. 2. A: B: I'm going to drive. B: I'm going to stay in a condominium. My friend has one near the beach. B: No, I'm going to travel by myself. B Use the cues to write other answers to the questions in part A. Use be going to or will. 1. I'm not going to go to a busy place. (not go / busy place) (maybe / take the train) (not stay / hotel) (I think / ask a friend)

#### Travel ads

A Scan the travel ad. Where can tourists see beautiful nature scenes?

http://www.holidayofalifetime.com

## THE PERFECT SOUTH AMERICAN VACATION • SEE TWO EXCITING CITIES AND ONE OF SOUTH AMERICA'S NATURAL WONDERS • 11 DAYS FOR \$1,199 + AIRFARE!

#### **BUENOS AIRES**

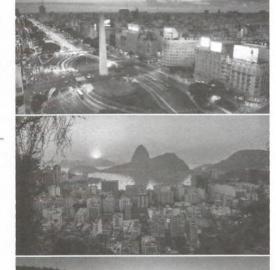
In this unique city of art, culture, and history, there are over 150 parks, 42 theaters, and museums and shops everywhere. You must visit Avenida 9 de Julio, the widest avenue in the world. The food is excellent, and you simply have to try the steaks! The home of the tango also offers great nightlife - all night long!

#### **RIO DE JANEIRO**

There's a lot to do in this exciting city! There's opera and ballet as well as museums, churches, parks, and great beaches. Just outside of the city, there are the Sugarloaf and Corcovado Mountains. Dining starts late in Rio, around 9:00 P.M., and dancing in the clubs begins around 11:00 P.M.

#### IGUAÇU FALLS

Bigger than Niagara Falls, this is truly an unforgettable wonder. For a real adventure, you ought to take a boat ride. And you must explore the national parks near the falls.



#### **Book with FLIGHT and SAVE!**

Reserve online, or call 1-800-555-TRIP for more information.

B Read the ad. Check (/) True or False. For the statements that are false, write the correct information.

	True	False
1. People have dinner late in Rio de Janeiro.		
2. Buenos Aires has the longest avenue in the world.		
3. Niagara Falls is bigger than Iguaçu Falls.		
4. Both Rio de Janeiro and Buenos Aires have exciting nightlife.		
5. Buenos Aires and Iguaçu Falls have great beaches.		

#### 5 Circle the correct word or words to give advice to travelers.

- 1. You ought (check / to check) the weather.
- 2. You should never (leave / to leave) cash in your hotel room.
- **3.** You need (take / to take) your credit card with you.
- 4. You have (pay / to pay) an airport tax.
- **5.** You should (let / to let) your family know where they can contact you.
- **6.** You'd better not (go / to go) out alone late at night.
- **7.** You must (get / to get) a vaccination if you go to some countries.



	Part of the last o			AGAINST THE PARTY OF	
6	Take	it	or	leave	it?
. ~ 40	101120				

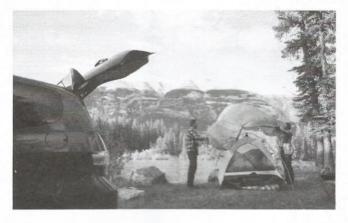
Check (/) the most important item to have	3. A sailing trip
1. A vacation to a foreign country	a hotel reservation
a carry-on bag	The state of the s
✓ a passport	a first-aid kit
a driver's license	an ATM card
2. A mountain-climbing vacation	4. A visit to a beach
a suitcase	a credit card
a visa	a swimsuit
hiking boots	a plane ticket
Give advice to these people. Use the words the items in part A. Use each word or phras	
the items in part A. Use each word or phras	had better ('d better)
the items in part A. Use each word or phras	had better ('d better)
ought to need to should  1. Martina is going on a vacation to a forei	had better ('d better) gn country.
ought to need to should  1. Martina is going on a vacation to a forei She'd better take a passport.	had better ('d better) gn country. n-climbing vacation.

#### You don't need to take that!

Your friends are planning to drive across North America and camp along the way. What advice can you give them? Write sentences using the expressions in the box and some of the cues below.

You don't have to . . . You ought to ... You should . . . You have to . . . You must . . . You shouldn't . . . You'd better . . . You need to . . .

bring cooking equipment buy good quality camping equipment buy maps and travel guides forget a first-aid kit forget your passport or identification get a GPS device for your car



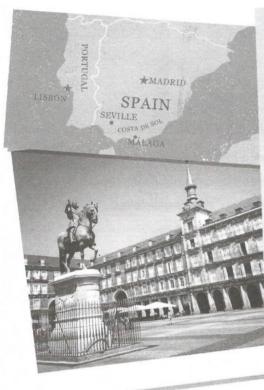
pack a lot of luggage remember to bring insect spray remember to bring a jacket take a credit card take a lot of cash take your driver's license

1. <u>Y</u>	ou have to bring cooking equipment.
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
0	

- Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.
  - 1. I'm not going to go on vacation on my own. (alone)
  - 2. I don't want to travel with anyone. (by myself)
  - 3. You ought to travel with a friend. (should)
  - 4. It's necessary to get a vaccination. (must)

#### I'm going on vacation!

A Read these notes, and then write a description of your vacation. Use be going to for the plans you've decided on. Use will with maybe, probably, I guess, or I think for the plans you're not sure about.



- arrive in Lisbon, Portugal, on July 6
- check in at the Tivoli Hotel
- · go shopping (not sure)
- spend three days in Lisbon sightseeing
- take a tour bus across the border to Seville in Spain
- visit the cathedral (not sure)
- see some flamenco dancing in the evening
- rent a car and drive to Málaga on the Costa del Sol
- visit the old city center (not sure)
- spend time on the beach (not sure)
- bly to Madrid on July 19
- visit some museums (not sure)
- take a tour of the city and see the sights
- go home on July 22

1 199 1 1		
ien maybe I'll go shopping.		
	The second secon	

- B Write four more things you need to remember before you go on vacation.
  - 1. I have to check the weather.

# Sure! I'll do it.

1	Write	responses	to	these	requests.	Use	it or	them.

1. Please ta	ke out the	trash.
--------------	------------	--------

OK, I'll take it out.

- 2. Please put the dishes away.
- 3. Hang up the towels.
- 4. Turn off the lights, please.
- 5. Turn on the radio.



#### Two-part verbs

A Use the words in the box to make two-part verbs. (You may use words more than once.)

away down off on out up

- 1. clean \_\_\_\_up
- 2. hang \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. let \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. pick \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. put \_\_\_\_\_

- 6. take \_\_\_\_
- 7. take \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. throw \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. turn \_\_\_\_
- **10.** turn
- **B** Make requests with the two-part verbs in part A. Then give a reason for making the request.
  - 1. Please clean up your room. It's a mess.

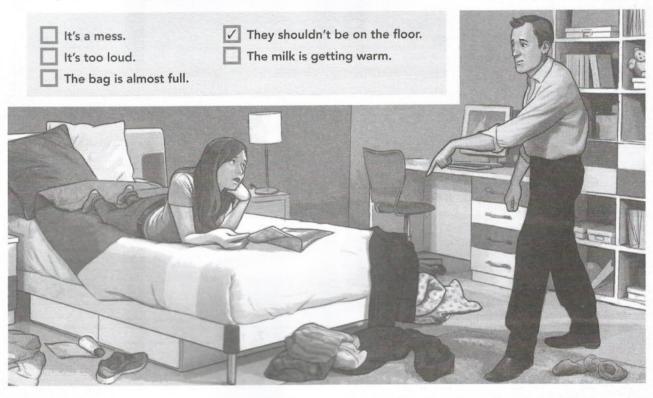
  - .
  - 4
  - E
  - 6.

#### Choose the correct word.

- 1. Hang up your <u>coat</u>. (books / coat / trash)
- 2. Take out the \_\_\_\_\_\_. (groceries / trash / yard)
- **3.** Turn down the \_\_\_\_\_\_. (garbage / TV / toys)
- 4. Pick up your \_\_\_\_\_\_. (lights / things / yard)
- 5. Put away your \_\_\_\_\_\_. (clothes / microwave / dog)
- 6. Turn on the \_\_\_\_\_\_. (magazines / mess / radio)

#### 4. What's your excuse?

A Complete these requests. Use the sentences in the box.



- 1. Pick up your clothes, please. They shouldn't be on the floor.
- 2. Please put the groceries away.
- 3. Take the garbage out.
- 4. Clean up the kitchen, please.
- 5. Turn down the music.
- B Write an excuse for each request in part A.
  - 1. Sorry, but there isn't enough room in my closet.
  - 2.
  - 3.
  - 4.

A Scan this article. What is different about the two computer apps for children's chores?

ChoreMonster is an app that allows parents to set up a chart of chores on a computer or cell phone for their children. When the kids complete their chores, they win cute little monsters that can be added up for a reward that their parents have agreed upon. For chores like cleaning their room, vacuuming the house, or washing the car, kids can earn a toy or something fun to do.

But wait! Will the cute little monsters that satisfy children between the ages of four and twelve satisfy a teenager? Let's take a look at another app to see what can happen when children become teenagers.





VexBox is not an app based on rewards. Instead, it is designed to frustrate, or vex, teenagers who don't do their chores. VexBox slows down computer connections until the teen completes a chore. It can take teenagers ten minutes to download their favorite song! The idea is that teens will do anything, even their chores, so they can get back to using the Internet at full speed.

Most teens do not like VexBox. That's the idea, of course. If they do their chores, then their parents won't use it!

BR	ead the	article.	Then	answer	these	questions	in	your	own	words.
----	---------	----------	------	--------	-------	-----------	----	------	-----	--------

- 1. Do you think computer apps for chores are a good idea? Why or why not?
- 2. Would you use ChoreMonster for a young child? Why or why not?
- 3. Smartphones are not affected by VexBox. Would that be a problem for parents with teenagers where you live? Why?

### 6

# Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.



Turn off your cell phone, please. (Can)
 Can you turn off your cell phone, please?

 Take this form to the office. (Would you mind)
 Please turn the TV down. (Could)
 Don't leave wet towels on the floor. (Would you mind)
 Text me today's homework assignment. (Would)
 Pass me that book, please. (Can)

### Choose the correct responses.

- 1. A: Could you lend me some money?
  - B: Sure.
    - Sure.
    - · Oh, sorry.
    - No, thanks.
- 2. A: Would you mind helping me?

B:

- Sorry, I can't right now.
- No, thanks.
- I forgot.
- 3. A: Excuse me, but you're sitting in my seat.

B:

- I'll close it.
  - · Not right now.
  - Oh, I'm sorry. I didn't realize that.

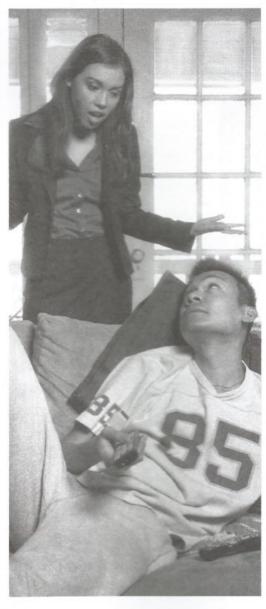
- 4. A: Would you like to come in?
  - B:
  - That's no excuse.
    - · Sorry, I forgot.
    - · All right. Thanks.
- 5. A: Would you mind not leaving your clothes on the floor?
  - B:
    - · OK, thanks.
    - Oh, all right. I'll put them away.
    - Excuse me. I'll pay for them.
- 6. A: Can you hand me the remote control?

B: \_\_

- · No problem.
- You could, too.
- I'll make sure.

# For each complaint, apologize and either give an excuse, admit a mistake, make an offer, or make a promise.

1.	Roommate 1:	Could you turn the TV down? I'm trying
		to study, and the noise is bothering me.
	Roommate 2:	Sorry. I didn't realize you
		were studying.
2.	Benjamin:	You're late! I've been here for half
		an hour!
	Jen:	
3.	Customer:	I brought this laptop in last week, but it's
		still not working right.
	Salesperson:	
4.	Father:	You didn't take out the garbage this
		morning.
	Son:	
5.	Customer:	This steak is very tough. I can't eat it.
	Waiter:	<u></u>
6.	Neighbor 1:	Could you do something about your
		dog? It barks all night and it keeps
		me awake.
	Neighbor 2:	
7.	Resident:	Would you mind moving your car? You're
		parked in my parking space.
	Visitor:	
8.	Teacher:	Please put away your papers. You left
		them on your desk yesterday.
	Student:	



### Choose the correct words.

1.	Throw that old food away. Put	t in the	
		(trash can / living room / refrigera	tor

2.	Would you mind picking up some	? We need coffee, milk, and rice
	(dry cleaning / groceri	ies / towels)

3.	Turn the		_ off. Electricity costs money!
		(lights / oven / stereo)	

4.	My neighbor made a	. He said,	"I'll be sure to stop my	dog from barking.	11
	(mistake / request / promise)				

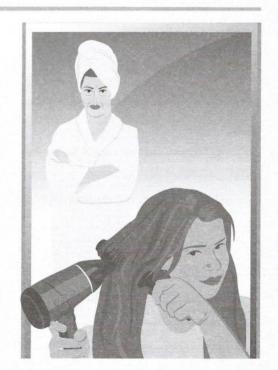
## 10 Make requests

A Match the words in columns A and B. Then write the phrases.

Α	В	
✓ pick up	your bedroom	1. pick up some milk
not criticize	✓ some milk	2
mail mail	the groceries	3
not talk	your sunglasses	4
put away	these bills	5
take off	the TV	6
turn down	so loudly	7
clean up	my friends	8
B Write requests	using the phrases in part A.	
1. Would you	mind picking up some milk?	
2		
3		
5.		
7		

# Write six complaints you have about a friend or a relative. Then write a wish for each complaint.

1.	My roommate is always using my hair dryer.
	I wish she had her own hair dryer.
2.	
	•

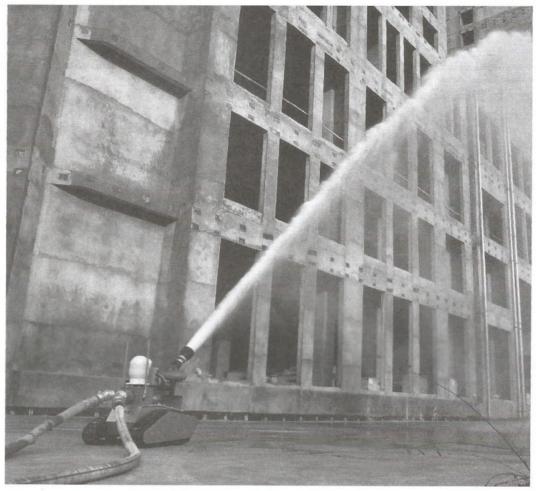


7

# What do you use this for?

do boring jobs	store and send data	take and delete photos easily
✓ write reports	determine your exac	t location
12	3	4 5
		-
		Out Route 1
	1	
12	L	gital camera flash drive GPS device
computer	robot	gital camera flash drive GPS device
1. A computer is used	for writing reports.	
2		
3		
4		
5		
5		
Check (/) the techn using be used to.	ology and its use.	
Check (/) the techn using be used to.  1.  text messages	ology and its use.	Then write sentences  photocopies
Check (/) the techn using be used to.  1.  text messages  A cell phone is used	ology and its use.  Cell phone to send text messag	Then write sentences  photocopies es.
Check (/) the techn using be used to.  1.  text messages	ology and its use.	Then write sentences  photocopies
Check (/) the technusing be used to.  1.  text messages	ology and its use.  cell phone to send text messag take photos	Then write sentences  photocopies  ses.  back up files
Check (/) the techn using be used to.  1.  text messages  A cell phone is used	ology and its use.  Cell phone to send text messag	Then write sentences  photocopies es.
Check (/) the technusing be used to.  1.  text messages	ology and its use.  cell phone to send text messag take photos	Then write sentences  photocopies  back up files
Check (/) the technusing be used to.  1.  text messages	ology and its use.  cell phone to send text messag take photos	Then write sentences  photocopies  back up files
Check (/) the technusing be used to.  1.  text messages     A cell phone is used 2.  flash drive 3.  weather	ology and its use.  cell phone to send text messag take photos  GPS device	Then write sentences  photocopies  ses.  back up files  places

# Choose the correct word to complete each sentence. Use the correct form of the word.



1.	Robots are used toperform	_ (find / perform / study) many dangerous jobs.
2.	Computers are used to	(connect / download / sing) music.
3.	The Internet is used for	(check / watch / write) streaming TV.
4.	Home computers are used to	(play / pay / have) bills.
5.	External hard drives are used for _	(back up / email / buy) data.
6.	Airport scanners are used to	(hide / allow / find) dangerous items.

97, 18	Complete	+ho	sentences	with	usad	+-	ic	usad	+0		250	usad	+-
Dog all	combiere	tile	sentences	WILLI	usea	LO,	15	usea	to,	OL	are	usea	to.

1.	My sisteru	sed to visit me on week	ends when I was in college.
2.	People	write letters, but n	ow they usually send emails instead
3.	A cell phone	make calls ar	nd send texts.
4.	1	have a desktop compute	r, but now I just use a laptop.
5.	We download al	l of our movies. We	buy DVDs,
	but we don't bu	y them anymore.	
6	Wi-Fi networks	access the	Internet wirelessly

### Then and now

A Scan these ads from a sales catalog from 1917 and from a Web store a century later. What is different?



#### DETROIT ELECTRIC **AUTOMOBILE**

So quiet because it does not need a gasoline engine. The large, high windows make you feel like you're sitting in your living room! Travels 80 miles without being recharged. \$2,700.





#### **VICTROLA** PHONOGRAPH

The first thing you'll ask is, "Where's the speaker?" The Victrola has the speaker inside the cabinet! The beautiful wood of the cabinet makes the sound sweeter! \$250.00.



#### AMERICAN EAGLE TELEPHONE

Allows you to talk easily to family and friends all over the country. Available with a wooden case and weighs less than 5 pounds. \$25.00.



Aethera Electric Car

000 ()

Has autopilot and automatic steering to allow you to drive safely. Travels 300 miles without recharging the battery. \$43,000.



Big Sky Sound System

Allows streaming and plays compact discs so you can listen to all the music you love. Also included is a record player for your grandparents' records and the new ones you just bought! \$299.00.





FutureNow Smartphone Stay connected to everyone you know by telephone and on the Internet. This beautifully slender phone puts the whole world in your pocket. And it takes incredible photos! \$799.00.



- B Read the ads. Then answer these questions in your own words.
  - 1. Would you buy a Detroit electric car today for use in your town or city? Why or why not?
  - 2. Have you listened to music over the Internet, on CDs, and on records? Which do you think sounds the best? Why?
  - 3. Although the American Eagle telephone is a hundred years old, is there anything about it that you like as much as today's smartphone?

## 6 Useful types of websites

A Match the types of websites with how people use them.

Types	of websites	How people use websites				
<u>d</u>	question and answer sites	a. find out what's happening in the world				
	blogs	<b>b.</b> share information and photos with friend				
	gaming sites	c. buy clothes, electronics, and other items				
	media sharing sites	d. ask and answer questions online				
news sites search engines		<ul><li>e. find information on the Internet</li><li>f. play online games</li></ul>				
	shopping sites	h. upload videos and music				
Write se 1. <u>lus</u> <u>luse</u>	use any of the types of websites in pentences.  e question and answer sites to asle question and answer sites for asking the sites for	k and answer questions online. OR				
3.						

Put these instructions in order. Number them from 1 to 5.

# GETTING STARTED WITH SOCIAL NETWORKING

_	Next, check what the site has to	Finally, invite people to be your friend.
	offer you. Don't worry if you can't	Try not to be shy! A lot of people may
	understand all its functions.	be waiting to hear from you.
_	First of all, join a social networking	Then customize your profile page. For
	site. Choose a site where you	example, play with the colors to make
	already know people.	the page reflect your personality. Now
_	After that, use the site's search	you're ready to start exploring!
	features to find friends. Be sure to	
	browse through groups who share	
	your interests.	

### Write a sentence about each picture using an expression in the box.

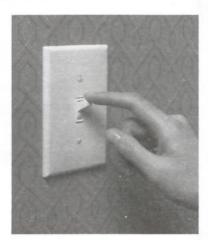
Be sure to	Make sure to	Try not to
✓ Don't forget to	Remember to	Try to



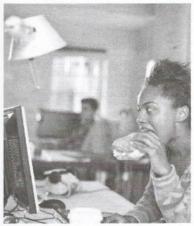
1. Don't forget to turn off your computer.



2.



3.





5.



6.

### Write a or an in the correct places. (There are nine other places in this paragraph.)

My brother just bought smartphone. It's really great. It has lot of high-tech features. In fact, it's amazing handheld computer, not just cell phone. For example, it has Wi-Fi connectivity, so my brother can connect to the Internet in most places. He can send message to friend by email or through social networking site. He can also find out where he is because it has GPS app. That's perfect for my brother because he likes mountain climbing. He'll never get lost again! His smartphone also has excellent camera, so he can take photos of his climbing trips. And, of course, it's phone. So he can talk to his girlfriend anytime he wants!

# Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.

- 1. I use my computer for paying bills. (online)

  I pay my bills online.
- 2. It breaks very easily. (fragile)
- 3. Take it out of the outlet. (unplug)
- 4. Remember to keep it dry. (spill)
- 5. Don't let the battery die. (recharge)

# Look at the pictures and complete this conversation. Choose the correct responses.

- A: What a day! First, my microwave didn't work.
- B: What happened?
- A: It burned my lunch.
  - It didn't cook my lunch.
  - It burned my lunch.

Then I tried to use my computer, but that didn't work either.

- B: Why not?
- A:
  - I couldn't get a Wi-Fi signal.
  - I couldn't turn it on.

After that, I tried to use the vacuum cleaner.

- B: Let me guess. It didn't pick up the dirt.
- A: Worse! \_\_\_\_
  - It made a terrible noise.
  - It spread dirt around the room.
- **B:** Did you take the vacuum cleaner to get it fixed?
- **A:** Well, I tried, \_\_\_\_\_
  - but my car wouldn't start.
  - but I forgot.
- **B:** Oh, no! Do you need a ride to work tomorrow?









# Time to celebrate!

Complete this paragraph with the words in	n the box.
get together music fireworks holidays customs picnic	decorations celebrate
One of the most important national <u>holidays</u> in the United States is Independence Day. This is the	
day when Americans winning their	
independence from Britain almost 250 years ago.	
There are many for Independence  Day. Most towns, big and small, mark this holiday	
with parades and They put up a	
lot of, usually in red, white, and	
blue, the colors of the U.S. flag. Bands play patriotic	
It's also a day when many Americans	
with family and friends to celebrate	
with a barbecue or a	
	0.1
Complete the sentences with the clauses in	i the box.
	ple have to pay their taxes
	ple have to pay their taxes imer vacation begins
when school starts when sum	
when school starts when sum	
when school starts when sum	
when school starts when sum  1. I hate April 15! In the United States, it's the day  I always owe the government money.	
when school starts when sum  1. I hate April 15! In the United States, it's the day  I always owe the government money.  2. June is my favorite month. It's the month	
when school starts when sum  1. I hate April 15! In the United States, it's the day	



. The cold

Good-bye, summer!

4. I've never liked winter. It's a season

weather always affects my mood negatively.

### **3** Special days

A Use words from the box to complete the sentences.

	February tricks  June wedding presents
	party fireworks
1.	is the time of year
	when there are a lot of weddings in the U.S.
2.	We always have a at
	our house on New Year's Eve.
3.	Janice and Nick are getting married soon. They plan to have a small
	with just a few family members.
4.	Valentine's Day is on
	14th every year.
5.	My friends and family gave me some very nice on my birthday.
6.	People like to play
	on each other on April Fools' Day.
7.	On the Fourth of July, many people shoot into the sky at night.
8.	Tomorrow is my parents' 25th wedding
Us	se the cues in parentheses to create sentences with relative clauses of time.
1.	(Thanksgiving / a day / people spend time with their families)
	Thanksgiving is a day when people spend time with their families.
2.	(Spring / the season / flowers start to bloom)
3.	(New Year's Eve / a night / people celebrate new beginnings)
4.	(The weekend / a time / people relax)
5.	(Father's Day / a day / children spend time with their fathers)
6.	(Winter / the season / we go skiing)

В

### A lot to celebrate!

A Read about these special days in the United States. Do you celebrate any of them in your country?

EVENT		DAY	HOW PEOPLE CELEBRATE IT
76	Martin Luther King Jr. Day	3rd Monday in January	People honor the life and work of the civil rights leader Martin Luther King Jr.
	Valentine's Day	February 14th	People give chocolates, flowers, and gifts to the ones they love.
April April 9	April Fools' Day	April 1st	This is a day when people play tricks on friends. Websites sometimes post funny stories or advertise fake products.
	Mother's Day	2nd Sunday in May	People honor their mothers by giving cards and gifts. They may also have a family gathering.
	Father's Day	2nd Sunday in June	People honor their fathers by giving them cards and presents. They may also have a family gathering.
	Independence Day	July 4th	Americans celebrate their country's independence from Britain. There are parades and fireworks.
-ej	Labor Day	1st Monday in September	People honor workers and celebrate the end of summer. Many people have barbecues with friends and family.
2	Thanksgiving	4th Thursday in November	People celebrate the fall season by eating a big dinner, often with turkey, with family members and friends.

**B** Complete the chart. Check (✓) the correct answers.

	Americans give gifts on:	Americans don't give gifts on:
Martin Luther King Jr. Day		
Valentine's Day		
April Fools' Day		
Mother's Day		
Father's Day		
Independence Day		
Labor Day		
Thanksgiving		

# What happens at these times in your country? Complete the sentences. 1. Before a man and woman get married, they usually date each other. 2. When someone has a birthday, 3. After a couple moves into a new home, \_\_\_\_ 4. After a student graduates, 5. When a woman gets engaged, \_\_\_\_\_ 6. When a couple has their first child, Complete the paragraph with the information in the box. Add a comma where necessary. The adverbial clause can come before or after the main clause. If it comes before the main clause, add a comma. When a couple gets married, they often receive gifts. Do not add a comma after the main clause. A couple often receives gifts when they get married. before the wedding reception ends many newlyweds have to live with relatives most couples like to be alone when they have enough money to pay for it Newly married couples often leave on their honeymoon \_\_\_\_\_ When they go on their honeymoon \_\_\_\_\_ . After they come back from their honeymoon \_\_\_\_\_\_. They can only live in their own place \_\_\_\_\_

Write three paragraphs about marriage customs in your country. In the first paragraph, write about what happens before the wedding. In the second paragraph, write about the wedding ceremony. In the final paragraph, write about what happens after the wedding.









### Choose the correct word or phrase.

- (celebrations / flowers / birthdays) are often held in a restaurant 1. Wedding \_\_\_ or hotel.
- 2. Children's Day is a day when people in many countries \_\_\_\_\_ (meet / honor / find) their children.
- (custom / tradition / season) when people in the U.S. 3. Fall is the celebrate Thanksgiving.
- 4. In Indonesia, on Nyepi Day, Balinese people \_\_\_\_\_ (last / stop / observe) a day of silence to begin the new year.

- Rewrite these sentences. Find another way to say each sentence using the words given.
  - 1. Everyone in the family comes to my parents' home on Thanksgiving. (get together)

    Everyone in the family gets together at my parents' home on Thanksgiving.
  - 2. Many people have parties on New Year's Eve. (New Year's Eve / when)
  - **3.** At the end of the year, Japanese people give and receive *oseibo* presents to show their appreciation for the people in their lives. (exchange)
  - 4. June is the month when many Brazilians celebrate the Festa Junina. (in June)
  - 5. In Sweden, people observe Midsummer's Day around June 21. (occur)
- Imagine you are in a foreign country and someone has invited you to a New Year's Eve party. Ask questions about the party using the words in the box or your own ideas.



clothes	midnight	sing and dance
fireworks	✓ present	special food

- 1. Should I bring a New Year's present?
- 2.
- 3.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6.

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